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Aquino orders trial of

World news

officers President Corazon Aquino of the Philippines ordered the court-martial of military officers involved in an abortive coup attempt which ended when they finally marched out of a Manila television station 61 hours after the revolt began.

As she sought to reassert her au-thority, news emerged of an almost farcical attempt by ex-President Marcos and his wife, Imelda, to stage a dramatic come-back. I da's shopping spree, Page 18.

Pretoria ciampdown

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ALIA

Six hours after a South African Supreme Court judge overturned a government han on newspaper re-ports about outlawed organisations, Pretoria announced that new regulations would be imposed. These would ensure there would be "no supportive statements and/or advertisements for terrorist organiza-tions whatsoever. Newspapers win

Barble in hospital

Nazi war criminal Klaus Berbie, 73. awaiting trial for crimes against humanity, was taken to a high security hospital ward from his prison cell in Lyon. No details of his illness

Outpost under fire

Chad reported that Libya had re-sumed "heavy and fierce" bombing of the key casis outpost of Fada in the north-east which was recap-tured by Chadian forces recently after a three-year occupation by Liby-

Austrian wine trial

Josef Tschida, 48, a wine dealer, and his son Arnold, 28, went on trial in Eisenstadt, Austria, accused or adulterating more than 2m litres of wine with an anti-freeze ingredient, an action resulting from the scandal that "tamaged Austria"s wine LONDON: Profit-taking and bear-ish rumours weakened both share ish rumours weakened both share and government bonds. The

Bucharest ordeal

Twenty Sri Lankan Tamils were deported from Romania after being held for six days in Bucharest's freezing airport without food, Western diplomatic sources in Romania, said. The British consulate sent bread, fish and meat when it discovered their plight.

Kabul go-ahead

The Afghan Government is pressing on with a plan for national reconciliation involving an end to the civil war and the return of millions of refugees despite its rejection by guerrilla leaders. Page 3

Directors set free

Three directors of Fabrique Nationale, Belgium's major arms manu-facturer, were released after being held for 24 hours by factory workers angry over job layoffs.

Threat to Contras

Both houses of the US Congress are to consider bills to delay or cut off \$40m in promised aid to the Washington-backed Nicaraguan Contras.

Killy resigns

Jean-Claude Killy, French skiing gold medallist, resigned as presi-dent of the Grenoble 1992 Winter Olympics organising committee be-cause of local protests against plans

to relocate some ski events.

Spanish cave find

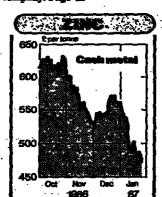
Archaeologists in the southern group, reported virtually flat earn-Spanish province of Malaga have ings of Fl 840m (\$442m) in 1986 as discovered cave drawings of horses, the disadvantages of a weaker dol-deer and symbols believed to be 18,000 years old.

Business summary

US warns

against Japan unless alleged vitations of last year's semi-conducted agreement between the two countries are halted in the next two

F. ROTHSCHILD, Underberg and Towbin, was pushed into the red in the fourth quarter by heavy losses on arbitrage and municipal bond trading. The Wall Street securities house had a minimal profit for the full year, its first as a public



ZINC MARKET: Buyers continued to give the London Metal Enchange zinc market a wide berth yesterday The cash price closed £8.75 down at £472.25 a tonne - a nine-month low - while the three month position lost £7.25 to close at £488 a tonne.

WORLD aluminium market outlook for this year is bleak and poorer still for next year, says an industry study. Page 36

TOKYO: Bullish sentiment contin ued to bolster share prices, taking

prices and government bonds. The FT-SE 100 index closed down 14.0 at 1,798.1. The FT Ordinary index lost 13.4 to 1,427.0. Page 38

WALL STREET: By 3pm 6.89 at 2.170,28. Page 38

DOLLAR closed in New York at DM 1.7920; SFr 1.5065; FFr 5,9775; Y152,60. It closed in London unchanged at DM 1.7870; and SFr 1.5020; but fell to FFr 5.9825 (FFr 5.9650); and rose to Y151.95 (Y151.65). On Benk of England fig-ures the dollar's index rose to 163.1

from 102.7, Page 31 STERLING closed in New York at STEMLING closed in New York at \$1,5355. It rose in London to \$1,5375 (\$1,5365); to DM 2,7475 (DM 2,7450); to FFr 9,1675 (FFr 9,1686); to SFr 2,3075); and to Y233,50 (Y233,00). The pound's exchange rate index closed unchanged at 68.8.

Page 31 GOLD fell 87% cents to close at

\$409.00 on the London bullion market. It also fell in Zurich to \$409.95 (\$413.25). In New York the April Comex settlement was \$416.60.

AMERICAN Telephone & Tele-graph's net profit fell to only \$139m, or 5 cents a share, in 1886, com-pared with \$1.56bn, or \$1.37, the year before, reflecting the big \$3.2bn charge announced before Christmas. Page 19

BOLIDEN, Swedish metals, chem cals and mining group, says it will have to cut jobs and production lev-Iran said its forces defending the southern city of Basra had driven back the invading Iranians in heavy fighting, confining them to an arrange to cut jobs and production levels in its inetals and unining sector if it is forced to comply with new emission control laws. Page 29

fighting, confining them to an area
4 kilometres (2½ miles) wide by two
kilometres (1.4 miles) deep. Iran
574 m or \$3.81 a share on margi-\$741m, or \$3.81 a share, on margi-

nally lower sales of \$11.5m. Page 19 AKZO, Dutch chemicals and fibres

EEC set to agree Japan on equipmensation for chip deal lost US grain sales violations

TOP TROPE negotiators from the mered out the final details of a compensation agreement for lost US grain sales to the Community heading off the imminent declaration of hostilities in what would have been a hruising trade war.

Mr Clayton Yentter, US Special world market. Its needs consist mainly of maize and wheat.

The 300,000 tonnes of sorghum is seen by EEC officials as a modest compensation package, which hostilities in what would have been a hruising trade war.

The REC cereal purchases will be

a bruising trade war.
The deal provides for guaranteed The deal provides for guaranteed the EEC purchases of at least 2m at reduced levy rates to ensure they tomes of maize from outside suppliers, plus 300,000 tomes of surginum, also an animal feedstuff, and an estimated 450,000 tomes of cereals for Portugal, in part compensation for the estimated loss of supplied the Spanish satisfactory of Spanish accession to the EEC.

The list of 21 industrial and other too import concessions published to compete on the Spanish market, and not just the US. In the past Argentina and Brazil them on how the burden should be shared.

The list of 21 industrial and other too import concessions published to compete on the Spanish market, and not just the US. With difficult negotiations between them on how the burden should be shared.

The list of 21 industrial and other too import concessions published to compete on the Spanish market. It is a supplier, and not just the US. The list of 21 industrial and other too import concessions published to compete any extenday is likely to cause some problems for the 12 member states, with difficult negotiations between them on how the burden should be shared.

The market with feed grains, but US shared.

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The market with difficult negotiations between them on how the burden should be

up a package deal. The agreement market shares for the is scheduled to last four years rathievy and feed wheat.

The EEC cereal purchases will be

to Spain as a result of Spanish accession to the EEC.

Spain and Portugal joined the seeds and stip aluminium wheels, spain and Portugal joined the seeds and stip aluminium wheels, spain and Portugal joined the seeds and stip aluminium wheels, spain and Portugal joined the seeds and stip aluminium wheels, spain and polycondensation and polycondensation products, plywood, and bourbon import levies were imposed on feed grains from March. Both Britain put charged on Bourbon is recommended to be halved, while the aluminium import duty would come

The details were thrashed out after the original December 31 through two nights of transatiantic dealline set by the US - when the berry juice.

EEC negotiators added the extra the list of computer-selected produces presented yestenday to EEC annotation of their offer. Under its EEC accession agreeministerial meeting may be called in Brussels today if they cannot finally agree.

The details were thrashed out after the original December 31 ends, apple, grapefruit and crantic product of the call in service. The list of computer-selected products designed to make up the weight of the total package also included in Brussels today if they cannot finally agree.

The details were thrashed out after the original December 31 ends, apple, grapefruit and crantic through two nights of transactions of the call in set by the US - when the call in service in the list of computer-selected products designed to make up the weight of the total package also includes items such as avocados, flowers in agree.

The list of computer-selected products designed to make up the weight of the total package also includes items such as avocados, flowers in the call in Brussels today if they cannot finally agree. not finally agree.

The deal was described by Mr tries, but it will now be able to fill willy de Clercq, the EEC Trade that amount - estimated at some Commissioner who finalised it with 450,000 tunnes - from the cheaper

is scheduled to last four years rather than the indefinite period sought in the dispute came to a head last week – three weeks

The details were thrashed out after the original December 31 ed nuts, apple, grapefruit and cran-

More disputes looming, Page 4; UK political reaction, Page 6; Editorial comment, Page 16

Brussels likely to strike big Soviet butter deal

BY TIM DICKSON IN BRUSSELS

Union at a cost to the community to volved, will remove at one stroke atclose to Silm.

The spectacular deal would be unost a quarter of the L34m fonne the largest disposal of its kind and butter "mountain" currently overwill probably be completed by the middle of next month, senior European Commission officials indicating the powerful Mr Jean Raptiste Duomeng, michanned the "Red Baron" a hour amagently negotiated the

off almost 1m tonnes of surplus but- tory price.

THE EEC looks set to sell 300,000 The Soviet sale, which seems but the hids submitted in a special tonnes of cheap butter to the Soviet bound to spark a political controverUnion at a cost to the Community of sy because of the destination inclose to \$100. volved, will remove at one stroke alprices offered but they are reliably most a guarter of the 1.34m tonne understood to have been in the re-

Jones industrial average was up details of an ambitious plan to sell have yet to offer the EEC a satisfac-

member states, has yet to be endorsed by the Council of Ministers.

ber states and the Commission
are seen to dispose of it. It's just a
question of getting the right price."

Communistic Description

gion of Ecu 210 a tome.

The new development comes only - have apparently negotiated the mission officials are confident that Socialists and to a similar round days after the Commission revealed deal with Moscow in principle but the butter sale will go through and table conference called the achieve immediately opened a new tender, social peace after the labour diswhich expires on February 12. A ter by the end of next year in a market operation projected to cost Ecu approval would be given at the 32hm (\$3.7ha). This programme, waskly meeting of the Communities again of poker. We know they which will be initially financed by a dary management communities are keen to dispose of it. It's just a

BBC director general forced to quit under political pressure

BY RAYMOND SNODDY IN LONDON

MR ALASDAIR MILNE, holder of the most influential job in British broadcasting, was forced to resign elaborate on their claim that Mr yesterday as director-general of the BBC after a period of mounting pressure and confrontation between the ruling Conservative Party and the coronaction.

The amountement is used a brief ing at an average of 2 per cent a year above RPI.

Mr Milne has spent almost all his working life in the BBC as a programme maker rather than an administrator or commercial animal. It may have been the indexation of the life may have been the life may ty and the corporation.

The director-general was asked bers of the BBC board of manage-for his resignation at the end of the morning session of the Board of The BBC governors have the con-Barnett, deputy chairman.

It is the first time in the history of the BBC that a director general has been required to resign in such departure was his inability to forge circumstances. The move could lead a working relationship with Mr to a political row over Mr Hussey's Hussey, the Government's surprise

When the governors sat down to in the interests of national security.

In the interests of national security.

Another factor probably was the period of financial stringency the Mr Milne were absent from the BBC is entering after the Govern-

complete surprise to other mem-

Governors meeting by Mr Marma-stitutional right to hire and fire the duke Hussey, chairman, and Lord director-general, who is both chief executive and editor-in-chief of the corocration.

action.

appointment as chairman following

The chairman told the other the death of Mr Stuart Young. An-The charman was the other me ceam of an Suart roung augorerors yesterday morning in the other was the political difficulties informal half-hour meeting which and controversies which swept the precedes the full meeting that he BBC almost on a monthly basis, and Lord Barnett would be seeking The latest is the row over the spy Mr Milne's resignation during the satellite programme, which Mr morning.

soup course. When the two gover- ment decision to index the licence nors arrived for the main course fee to the retail price index (RPI). they announced the resignation of Costs in broadcasting, a labour intensive industry, have been grow-

the licence fee more than anything else that sealed his fate.

Mr Michael Checkland, deputy director-general, will become acting director-general pending an ap-pointment. He will probably be a candidate for the top job as will Mr Brian Wenham, who was appointed managing director of BBC Radio.

Mr Jeremy Isaacs, chief executive of Channel 4 television will probably be a leading candidate from outside the RBC.

Michael Cassell, Political Correspondent, adds: Ministers last night attempted to distance the Government from any involvement in Mr Milne's departure. Downing Street sources emphasised that the deci-sion was entirely a matter between the governors and the director-gen-

There were immediate atter by the Opposition to suggest it was another example of government pressure on the BBC. Profile, Page 6

Chirac promises dialogue with unions

By David Housego in Paris MR JACQUES CHIRAC, the

French Prime Minister, announced last night that he would be meeting union and employers' federations in the next few weeks in an effort to strengthen collective bargaining and renew the dialogue with labour. Mr Chirac announced his initia tive at a press conference intended to give a second wind to his Administration after the strikes and student demonstrations of recent months which have damaged the

Government's popularity in the public opinion polls. The conference followed a day long meeting of Mr Chirac's conservative Administration intended to define the Government's legislative priorities in the year before the presidential election due in May 1988. The project to be given most urgency - including new proposals for widening employee participa-tion in the public sector - reflects the Government's growing preoccu-

pation with social issues.

Although Mr Chirac has informally been meeting trade union leaders, he has so far resisted formal gatherings, as a way of demon-strating his free market administra-tion's reluctance to interfere in relations between industry and labour. That compares with a current guaranteed REC buying in price of Ecu 3,132 a tonne.

Despite yesterday's setback Commission officials are confident that the butter sele will an attempted and confident that the butter sele will an attempted and confidence of the second conf

turbances of May 1968. Mr Chirac denied that the changes marked a "turning point" for his Administration. The emphasis was none the less different from the free market enthusiasm of the Government's early months in of-

The Prime Minister himself noted the shift by saying that the Government was proposing measures that marked "a new social ambition for France."

US military moves 'threat to hostages'

BY NORA BOUSTANY IN BEIRUT

Beirut would be killed.

The threat came from a hitherto unknown group calling itself Islam-ic Jihad for the Liberation of Palestine. It was delivered in a handwritten note to a western newsagency in the Lebanese capital and accompanied by a colour photograph of Professor Robert Polhill, one of three American academics seized

The US yesterday ordered two aircraft carriers to remain on sta-tion in the eastern Mediterranean and moved its warships in the Gulf further north in an apparent sesture of support to Arab countries alarmed by Iranian success in the

Mr George Shultz, the US Secre-tary of State, suggested yesterday that Iran might be behind the fac-tions responsible for the latest wave of kidnappings in Beirut. "It is our basic information that, with whatever names may emerge, they are to a substantial degree linked to-gether. We also observe some very strong ties to Iran", he said.

Mr Shultz said there was no question of the US dropping its demand for the extradition of a Lebanese, held in West Germany in connec tion with the hijacking of a TWA airliner in 1985, in order to ease the plight of hostages.

The arrest of Mohammed Ali

THE US was warned yesterday that was followed by a spate of kidnap-if it made any military moves in the Middle East four hostages held in two West German businessmen and three Americans were among at least nine foreigners seized at gun-

> One of Mr Hamadei's brothers is a senior member of the radical Shila Hezbollah group, which has strong links with Iran. A second Hamadei brother was arrested in West Germany this week.

A senior West German diplomat, Mr Reinhard Schlagintweit, has been in Tehran for the past three days seeking Iranian help in win-ning the release of the West Ger-mans held in Beirut.

These negotiations and the recent seizure of more Americans are believed to have complicated the task of Mr Terry Waite, the Arch-bishop of Canterbury's special emissary, who has not been seen in Lebanon for nine days.

The Foreign Office in London and the Archbishop have received assurances that Mr Waite is safe and has not been kidnapped. Mr John Gray, Britain's ambassador to Lebanon, said yesterday that he was still concerned about Mr Waite and was pursuing contacts with Druze leaders who had been re-sponsible for Mr Waite's security in

The Lebanese leader of the pro-Syrian Ba'ath Party told reporters yesterday that Mr Waite "had been The arrest of Mohammed Ali seen moving in a certain area with Hamadei just over two weeks ago the hostage takers."

Khashoggi company seeks protection

BY JAMES BUCHAN IN NEW YORK

TRIAD AMERICA, the master US company controlled by Mr Adnan Khashoggi, the Saudi businessman, has filed for protection from its creditors under Chapter 11 of the US federal bankruptcy code.

court is evidence of the mounting difficulties surrounding the flamboyant Mr Khashoggi, who played a middleman's role in the highly controversial sale of US arms to Iran Mr Khashoggi has been badly constrained by the recession in Saudi Arabia caused by the collapse

It is also a further embarrassment for the US Government, which in 1985 guaranteed a loan of Continued on Page 18



Adman Khashoggi; controversia middleman

ONE TRIP TO



In business as well as in travel Thomas Cook have always been going places. But never more so than since they moved their international headquarters to Peterborough.

With Peterborough's overheads amongst the lowest in the country, Thomas Cook annually save millions compared with the cost of operating in London. Yet they're still only 50 minutes by high speed 125 train from the capital.

Presently, we have office space ranging from 200 to 60,000 sq. ft. ready and waiting to be moved into.

Of course, like Thomas Cook you might prefer something built to your own design, in which case we can provide you with the ideal location.

Don't you just wish you were here? Then cut out the coupon now.

FT/TC/002 IT'S BEEN WORKING POR CENTURIES.

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Companies 19, 20

Letters

Germany: mighty D-Mark Soviet Union: a break with Airbus: British Aerospace UK politics: not such a sound

West German states threaten public TV fees Haughey

WEST GERMANY'S main tele- on a new national agreement to DM 35n (£1.085n) a year pro- casting media has begun to take system also has direct consevision channel, the publicly financed ARD, faces serious financial difficulty, it warned The states, Bavaria, BadenWuerttemberg, the Rhineland over the introduction of cable Palatinate and Lower Sarony have threatened to break with the rest of the country over the continued referred to the country over the continued to the country over the continued to the country over the c by four conservative states to revenue, have been drawn under which the new terminate their part in the against their will into a power media could operate.

yesterday asked the West Ger-man capital's Regional Court to

hand down a suspended 15-month jail sentence on Court Otto Lambsdorff, a former Eco-

Count Lambsdorff, who is being mentioned as a contender for a Cabinet post as Chancellor Helmut Kohl rebuilds his coali-

sentence on Lambsdorff

nomics Minister, for alleged tax of charitable status and which evasion. Peter Bruce reports then passed funds onto the FDP.

Helmut Kohl rebuilds his coali-tion Government, listened im-collection clubs.

ARD and the second leading public channel, ZDF, which collects 30 per cent of licence

ing and while the Bundespost has pressed ahead with a

of tax payments worth DM 1.5m (£495,000). Mostly, this was

allegedly done through the establishment of donation col-lection clubs which had a form

The prosecutor said the Count, as FDP treasurer, had misled tax authorities in order

facilitate satellite broadcasting. gramme to cable up the country,

ARD and the second leading the SPD states, with the excep
make Hesse less attractive to ing operations in the SPD tion of Hamburg, have doggedly refused to agree on new laws stations. under which the new broadcast The C

phalia, home to a third of the grip of the political left, are Mr Wilibald Hilf, ARD's West German population, the now waving probably their chairman, said yesterday that SPD states worry that new, biggest stick by threatening, although the channel had privately owned media will be in effect, to wreck the fee sufficient funds to see it right wing and trivial collecting system for ARD and through to the end of next In the SPD-ruled state of ZDF. Hesse, the state-owned broad-

private channels and radio states because fees are redistri-

who suspect anyway that public Led by North Rhine West- television and radio are in the

stations. buted from bigger states to The CDU states and Bavaria, smaller broadcasting authorities, including Bremen, the Saarland, and Hessen. Mr Wilibald Hilf, ARD's

ZDF. year, an increase in the licence Their notice to quit the fee in 1989 was "urgent."

Court asked for 15-month Campaign against Aids boosted

and prostitutes which appear

is shrugging off criticism from the Catholic church and widening an advertising campaign encouraging people to use con-traceptive sheaths to lower the risk of catching Aids.
Mrs Rita Suessmuth, the Family Minister, who is responsible for spending around DM 20m (£7.3bn) from the federal budget this year to combat the disease, yesterday justified the publicity campaign as belping to save lives.

A new set of governmentsponsored advertisements ex-

regularly in the small ads of newspapers. These warnings, contained in the form of pithy rhyming couplets, are timed to coincide with the high point of the Ger-man carnival season when ran-dom sexual activity is presumed to be on the increase.

A television campaign is also planned for the springtime to alert the population of the dangers of the Aids virus, which is spread by infected sperm or blood and for which there is no

The Permanent Council of horting the use of condoms is Catholic Bishops on Monday few day alongside the columns protested against a widespread Aids campaign

· It termed as "unworthy" the promiscious sexual practices which the advertisements appeared to condone. A spokesman for the Family Ministry said yesterday: "When one knows the Catholic church, the criticism is really quite moderate." West Germany, faced with 850

known sufferers from the disease and an estimated 50,000 to 100,000 people who might be infected, has been one of the first European countries to launch advertising campaigns to try to contain it. The Government in 1985 distributed 27m leaflets to homes to explain the dangers of

tion Government, listened impassively as the chief prosecutor in the case told the court he had deceived tax authorities for more than 10 years to collect money for his party, the liberal Free Democrats (FDP).

The prosecutor said Count a far more serious charge of Lambsdorff had evaded, or corruption against him. Alan Friedman, recently in Sicily, reports on a historic party conference

Christian Democrats try to shed Mafia links

Inn at Naxos, near Taormina on the eastern coast of Sicily, the crowds were swarming. The hotel had been opened especially clathough the Christian Democrat politicians and regional officials, which meant that Naxos, a town which reached the height of its splendour as a Greek colony about the Mafa and a general faciling that the Christian Democratical forms of the past continue of the christian Democrats remain the largest party on the island), a string of failed local governments, the arrest of a former mayor of palern on charges of the past continue of the past cont reached the height of its splen-dour as a Greek colony about 500 BC, was again the centre of national attention.

Mr Ciriaco De Mita, the hardnosed leader of Italy's Christian Democrat party, was the undis-puted star of the assembly; whenever he descended from his suite of rooms on the sixth floor and appeared in the foyer the crowds would surge forward. Mr De Mita would then be sur-rounded by around 30 or 40 local MPs, city counsellors, officials, political grouples and journalists.

In the Sicilian chaos, the air was thick with tobacco smoke and local dialect. Poor Mr De Mita had only a few inches of breathing space, but this being a Latin culture the check-tocheek proximity did not seem to bother anyone. All that could be seen, however, was the top of Mr De Mita's bald head and one of his hands, tracing an arc through the air as he argued a

Downstairs, in the ballroom of the botel, the atmosphere was different. Here, with an audience which sometimes jumped from 600 to 1,000 people, Mr De Mita sat with the ject of the Rinnovamento or "renewal" of the Christian Democrat party in Sicily.

For the last two years a new

feeling that the Christian Demo-crats and the Mafia had numerous ties.

Last June, however, saw a surge in the party's electoral support, particularly in Palermo where it reached 43.5 per cent. The new mayor of Palermo, Mr Luca Orlando, a 38-year-old anti-Maña cam-paigner and law professor, has done much to improve the image of the party.

He has changed the system of awarding municipal con-tracts, which in the past went frequently to Maña-linked conrequently to mana-thiked con-tractors. He has worked with Mr Sergio Mattarella, a Rome MP whose brother, then presi-dent of the regional govern-ment, was slain in 1980 by the Mafia.

The forces of renewal, therefore. include Matterella Mr Orlando and many younger members of the party. Mr De Mita, with a certain air of satisfaction, said he believed "we have changed the party here in a profound way and in the face of many obstacles." Thus Mr De Mita, who is also trying to renew the leaders of his party in Sicily Christian Democrat Party at the and listened to nearly 20 hours national level in Italy, developof speeches, almost every one ing the idea of issues in camon the singularly important subpaigns and trying to unify formerly antagonistic factions, was in a festive roood along with his reformist allies in Sicily.
One of the main obstacles to generation of Christian Demo- the party's renewal was lurking



delegates. His—name is Salvo Lima is also a politician to Lima, a dapper white-haired reckon with: in the 1970s he member of the European parlia was accused by the minority ment in Strasbourg and for the parliament's anti-Mafia commission of having scenes king-maker of the ties with the Mafia. The Com-

party which channels votes and finance to the faction led by Mr Giulio Andreotti, the veteran politician who was five times prime minister in the 1970s, is currently foreign minister in the Craxi Government, is supposed to take over the premier-ship from Mr Craxi in a couple of months and is the most serious opponent of Mr De Mita within the party.

Mr Andreotti is, of course, the maestro of Italian politics, Italy's "teflon" politician who walks away from allegations of



Left: Ciriaco De Mita . . . star of the assembly. Right: Guillo Andreotti . . . old maestro of Italian politics.

past 30 years the behind-thescenes king-maker of the
Christian Democrat Party in
Palermo.

Palermo.

Naxos conference was taking

Naxos conference was taking

Naxos conference who is

Back at the Holiday Inn. it was finally Salvo Lima's turn to speak. "Here comes Andre-otti's pro-consul," whispered one MP. Suddenly the ballroom fell into an eerie silence and the elegant Mr Lima began to

His message was that the so-called renewal of the party was Holiday Inn said the two-day resulting in a technocracy, the meeting showed most of all that renewal would not succeed, the this was a decisive moment for renewal was misguided. Then, with Mr De Mita shifting in his with Mr De Mita shifting in his chair. Salvo Lima stared out at Sicilian hotel the difficulty of the crowd of Christian Denother task facing Mr De Mita was

opposed to a force for go I serve my constituents." Afterwards, Mr Lima strutted out of the auditorium

with perhaps 100 followers. In the crowded bar upstairs, where he ordered dozens of coffees and accepted kisses on the cheek and hand-shakes from his fans, Mr Lima explained: "I am perhaps part of the evil here, but at least I get things

of several reformists in Sicily, was the sign of a faction of the party which has seen its in-fluence diminish of late. The strong terms in which the speech was couched were taken as evidence by some of the modernisers are making headway. "The old guard is in retreat," said one MP.

None the less, Mr Rino Nicolosi, a reformer who is president of the regional assembly of Sicily, later warned that "both inside and outside the party

nonchalant about the Lima speech, said he was "surprised" at the refusal to accept change in the party. "I personally do not think that the political interests of Mr Lima coincide with those of the Mafia and therefore I am astonished at his accusations and attack," he said.

this was a decisive moment for wrongdoing with both fre- crats and said: "I know that I quite clear. The sworn enemies quency and tranquility. Mr am seen as a force of evil, as of renewal had gone public.

ignores call to spell out cuts

MR CHARLES HAUGHEY. leader of the Fianna Fail party, said yesterday Ireland's economic problems could only be tackled by combining con-tral of the public finances with measures to promote growth and reduce unemployment of 19.3 per cent of the

Dr Garret FitzGerald, the outgoing Prime Minister and leader of Fine Gael, has sought to make the need to cut spending to reduce the heavy debt burden the main issue in the election due on February 17. Launching Fianna Fail's

election manifesto, Mr.
Haughey acknowledged that
cuts would have to be made
but flatly refused to make
the specific commitments
called for by Dr FitzGerald.

called for by Dr FitzGerald.

The 70-page manifesto said only that Fianna Fail would contain government expenditure at or below 1986 levels measured as a percentage of gross national product and to reverse the growth of the debt/GNP ratio. The total National Debt is presently equivalent to 148 per cent of GNP.

Mr Haughey has clearly decided that with a big lead in the opinion polls he can afford to ignore Dr FitzGerald's accusation that Fianna Fail's fathere to produce detailed figures to back its plans shows it cannot be relied upon to deal with the economic crisis.

Instead, Mr Haughey con-centrated on the need to stimulate growth in areas such as manufacturing experts, tourism, food processing, horticulture and marine resources. He was careful not to make any extra spending commitments but said he believed higher growth could be achieved this year than the 1.5 per cent forecast by the Central Bank.

On Northern Ireland, Mr Haughey said Fianna Fail would honour the Angio-Irish Agreement but would work towards getting a change in the guarantees for Unionists contained in the accord which it believed contravened the Irish constitution. However, he said he would halt new proposals aimed at facilitating extradition procedures between Ireland and Britain until the cases or more than a dozen Irish citizens jailed for IRA homb attacks they, say they did not carry out were re-solved.

Rotterdam solidarity Unions at Belgium and West German ports have agreed to from strike-bound Rotterdam, the Dutch port and transport union (FNV) said yester Reuter reports from Rotter-

The Rotterdam strike, in protest at 800 planned redun-dancies in the 4,000-man general cargo sector, entered

Mongolian visit

Mr Mangalyn Dugersuren, the Mongolian Foreign Minister, arrived in Moscow yesterday for talks expected to concen-trate on a planned withdrawal of some Soviet troops from his country, Reuter writes

EIB expected to provide £1bn for **Channel Tunnel**

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

Community, expects to provide up to filbu in finance for he Channel Tunnel in its largest single loan to date.

Negotiations with the Eurotunnel consortium of bankers, construction and engineering groups which won the concession to build the tunnel, are expected to be concluded by the spring or early summer, bank officials said yesterday.

officials said yesterday.

"We are discussing a facility of around £1bn," Mr Pit Treuman, the manager responsible for operations in both the UK and France, said. No official commitment has yet been made by the EIB, and the Ioan will still need "a long time to finalise," he added.

The Channel Tunnel will be the biogest infrastructure pro-

the biggest infrastructure project to be financed by the bank.

Other infrastructure scheme likely to qualify in the future fully ecompeting its xent £750m for big loans include the high-speed train network (TGV). The consortium is seeking planned to link France, more than £55n in loans and Belgium, West German and the Netherlands, and major 40 international banks, but the environmental and flood protection schemes on the Po. Tiber and Arno rivers in Italy.

The bank lends to projects the project a significant boost. Other infrastructure scheme The bank lends to projects the project a significant which link two or more EEC EIB to berrow, Page 22

THE European Investment countries, which boost regional Bank (EIB), the prime lending development, protect the institution of the European environment, provide new energy sources, and promote advanced technology and small businesses. It also lends to developing countries which are members of the Lome convention, and operates EEC loans to non-member states in the Medi-

terranean region.
Lending for advanced technology projects increased from
Ecu325m to Ecu574m between
1985 and 1986, and on environmental schemes from Ecu 360m to Ecu 702m. More than 3,800 small scale ventures were financed both from the bank's own resources, and from the European Commission's New Community Instrument, Mr Ernst-Gunther Broder, the

EIB president, said the financing of large infrastructure schemes like the Channel Tunnel would not canuse any probplect to be analogoupy the pank, lems for other bank financing, which last year lent more than The money would be raiser Ecu 7.5bm (£5.5bm) to a wide from the capital markets over variety of schemes in the EEC, five or six years, in the normal borrower on the European capital markets.

Mr Treuman said the loan trail markets. Mr Tremman said the loan would be dependent on the Eurotunnel consortium success-

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Nato stresses commitment to MBFR discussions

increasing signs that they may be wound down to make room for broader negotiations.

Speaking on behalf of Nato Speaking on behalf of Nato on the opening of a new round of the talks after their Christmas break, Mr Jan Hein van de Mortel, the head of the Netherland delegation was at pains to stress the Western alliance's continued commitment to achieving results in the MBFR talks.

Nato's recent decision to ary talks on a new forum but start talks with the Warsaw Mr Nieland said yesterday: "We consider that we have not yet received an adequate reply cuss conventional forces reduc-from (Nato in) Brussels." duction of interest on the part
of the Western participants in Zimmermann, head of the UN the MBFR negotiations," he delegation at the Vienna con-said, warning that "the prob-ference said that preliminary

NATO countries hope that an affirmed the Warsaw Pact's comagreement may still be reached at the 13-year Mutual and Balanced Force Reductions (MBFR) talks in Vienna despite ment. The Warsaw Pact was also ment. The Warsaw Pact was also "still waiting" for a formal response to its calls for new negotiations of substantial re-ductions of conventional forces "from the Atlantic to the Urals" made in Budapest in June and formally proposed in December by Poland at the and Co-operation in Europe. Nato agreed in principle shortly after to start prelimin-ary talks on a new forum but Mr Nieland said yesterday: "We

Earlier this week Mr Warren in this negotiation will not disappear in the new forum."

Mr Nikolai Nieland, the that the MBFR talks would be
Soviet spokesman also rephased out.

Foreign trade expected to fuel growth in Switzerland

tion, has estimated that Switzer-

crease in real terms of about increases elsewhere.

18 per cent. and insurance could

The Basie-based body bases PROGNOS, a leading Swiss eco- its suppositions on a slow nomic forecasting organisation, growth in population from about has estimated that Switzerland's 6.45m to 6.5m and an almost East Europe reacts in diverse ways to Gorbachev's democracy call

BY LESLIE COLITT IN BERLIN

EASTERN EUROPE has reacted in widely different ways reacted in widely different ways from the appeal by Mr Mikhail Gorbachev, the Soviet leader.

The orthodox East German Communist Party has made it Gormanist Party has made it Gormanist Party has made it Communist Party h 18 per cent.

Future economic growth is their joint share in the national seen as being fuelled particularly by foreign trade. The in 1985 to 13.1 per cent in 2000.

Prognos study estimates that room of GDP could rise average increase in consumer growth of GDP could rise the study of the st

Mystery death spotlights Swedish arms trade investigation

in Sweden can eclipse that of Mr Olof Palme, the former Prime Minister, when it comes to grabbing the public's attention.

Gorbachev, the Soviet leader,

for greater democracy in the

Communist Party and economy.

summary of Mr Gorbachev's speech delivered earlier this

week to the Soviet Central Com-mittee. However, it contained virtually none of his scathing criticism of the rule of Mr

East Germany published a

However, the mysterious death of Mr Carl-Fredrik Algernon, the Swedish armaments inspector, has set off a police murder investigation and the fore the question of Swedish arms export policy yet again. Mr Algernon, the country's 61-year-old armaments inspector, died recently when he fell in front of an underground train in Stockholm's central tube station during the rush hour. The Stockholm murder squad is now investigating whether Mr Algernon was pushed under the train by someone on the platform and has questioned witnessess who claim they saw Mr Algernon being pushed.
Mr Algernon's untimely death may further delay the concluthese guidelines might seem to close of notice and customs rule out most countries in the investigations into alleged arms smuggling activities. For as the armaments inspector, Mr Algernon was responsible for collecting information from

Tass to its clients in Eastern Europe, was apparently cleansed

Communist Party newspaper Neues Deutschland, ran a summarised Tass account of the speech which dropped Mr Gorbachev's references to the

Communist Party has made it

Communist Party has made it Surprisingly, the normally plain that it does not regard ultra-cautious Czechoslovak Mr Gorbachev's crusading style Communist Party published a Gorbachev's references to the as at all aplicable to the East verbatim account of Mr Gorbacher's hand criminal activities of senior man leadership is concerned lest party newspaper Rude Pravo.

Soviet officials in the past. his appeals for sweeping One theory circulating in This version, distributed by changes in Soviet society be mis-

For its part, Moscow appears content to allow the East Germans to decide what is ideologically acceptable to them.

Surprisingly, the normally substantian or complete the companion of Czechoslovak and part of Pravda, the Soviet communist occupation of Czechoslovakia by newspaper, from entering the companion of Czechoslovakia by complete complete companion of Czechoslovakia by complete party newspaper Rude Pravo.
One theory circulating in Prague was that the leadership wanted to refute persistent transmitted transmitted to refute persistent transmitted transmi

newspaper, from entering Czechoslovakia. The publication of Mr Gorbachev's speech in full by the Czechoslovak press was all the more remarkable as it contained

Official newspapers in Poland quoted extensively from Mr. Gorbachev's speech and a com-

Bonn spy charge A SENIOR West German

end of the century.

Defence Ministry official has been formally charged with espionage for a Warsaw Pact country, Mr Kurt Rebmann, the Federal Prosecutor said yesterday, Reuter reports from Bonn. Mr Juergen Westphal, a 48-yearold senior civil servant on the ministry's central policy staff, was arrested in Bonn on

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Sara Webb reports on apparently uneven application of export licence policy

this is that often what counts guns were sold to Singapore, Mr Algernon, who had direct submarines." are jobs in Sweden and the and some were re-exported to access to export licence informations. While Swe While Sweden is a small neu-

that the government could decide whether to grant the necessary export licences. It has been suggested that Mr Algernon had vital information about licence discrepancies, Another key figure, Mr Bengt Rosenius, who was the previous inspector and who could have shed light on the case, died in

issue is important because according to guidelines passed in 1971, Sweden is not supposed to export armaments to countries which are involved in armed conflicts or which are in conflict-torn regions (such as the Middle East), or which suffer from violent domestic unrest, or are suspected of using weapons for the suppression of human rights.

are jobs in Sweden and the and some were re-exported to sheer mathematics of the order Thailand. rather than a fair assessment of how a particular country measures up to the guidelines.
The Swedish Peace and
Arbitration Society, known as SFSF, has been a main force of these guns. behind the campaign against arms exports to countries in conflict area. It has lobbied for a full investigation into whether Bofors, the armaments subsidiary of Nobel Industries, was aware of where its weapons were diverted to.

SFSF has compiled information since 1984 on the case and ● 304 Bofors Robot-70 missiles were sold to Dubai and Bahrain in 1979-80, via Singapore; ● 500-900 Robot-70 missiles were marketed and sold to Bahrain or Dubai, through Singapore, at some time beworld, the Swedish unvernaged does not keep a checklist as © 200-400 Robot-70 missues such, but examines each export sold to Iran in July 1985, through Singapore; through Singapore; world, the Swedish Government tween 1982-84;

According to Jane's Fighting Ships, the ships which Singa-pore has built since 1981 and which it has plans to build could only account for about 24 SFSF claims that Bofors signed its own contract with Singapore was put on the end-brought before the courts. The user certificate. What the customs investigators are hoping

Swedish police have been trying to question the former minister to investigate is whether the for trade. Mr Mats Heliström, weapons really were re-exported, provided they are given permisand whether Bofors knew about som to do so by the Constituthis. If found guilty, those re-sponsible at Bofor's could face While the public prison sentences of between six results of the investigations, the months and six years. Bofors will not comment on the case while the investigation is under way except to say our exports have been with licences from the Swedish autho-rities" and "it is not illegal to market armaments in Dubai and

tion and who had recently been called for talks with the customs investigators about the smuggling of Swedish explo-sives worth over SKr 60m (£6m) to Iran (via Italy and Yugosla-via), as well as to Syria, East Germany and Egypt between 1983-85, will probably mean further delays before the case is sion to do so by the Constitu-

While the public waits for the question of whether the Gov-ernment is being consistent in its interpretation of the guidelines refuses to go away.

According to the Armaments
Inspection Department: "If

tral country, it expects to sup-port its own weapons industry with exports, using the money to help improve weapon tech nology for the Swedish defence Only last April, Bofors won an order from India to supply

complete field artillery systems The order is worth Skr 8.4bn. contracts ever won by a Swedish company. It is expected to provide Bofors and its Swedish

next five years.

Bofors itself created 500-800
new jobs at the end of 1986
specifically in connection with the Indian order. The company is a major employer in the Kariskoga area of Sweden, where Botors and another Nobel world, the Swedish Government tween 1982-84;

rities "and "it is not illegal to there is internal conflict in that does not keep a checklist as 200-400 Robot-70 missiles were such, but examines each export sold to Iran in July 1985, application on its own merits. The criticism mounted against About 40 naval anti-circraft rities "and "it is not illegal to there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice conmander to the sold in the second country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice conmander in the sold in the second country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice conmander in the second country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice conmander in the second country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice conmander in the second country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice conmander in the second country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice conmander in the second country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Democrat Party who voice to country, we have to see how that material is being used. If there is internal conflict in that where Bofors and another Nobel Cern over the development of the voice of the voice

steel industry. SFSF argues that

weapons could be used against
Pakistan. The Government
justifies the order on the
grounds that relations between
India and Pakistan have
improved, but the tacit feeling
is that the jobs were an important sweetener and that the deal represents a softening of Swedish policy over arms based on the Bofors FH77B exports when the order is large

Arms exports from Sweden and is one of the biggest export have varied between 0.62-1.5 per cent of total exports since 1975. provide Bofors and its Swedish shown a steady increase and in sub-contractors with work for 1985, arms exports totalled 2,000-3,000 employees over the Skr 2,137bn.

About 66 per cent of the exports are from Bofors and FFV, the state-owned manufacturer, though some 50 different companies are involved alto-gether. While there are those within the ranks of the Social

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Zhao seeks to keep 'door' open but rebels out

the Chinese Communist Party, by Zhao Ziyang, warned yester-day that the campaign against western influence must be strictly limited but promised that disciplinary action would be taken against errant party indicates the content of them, he said. Mr Zhao was a content them.

Mr Zhao, who is still Prime Minister, showed that the party feared the drive against "bour-geois liberals" was running out of control. Yet he was suffi-ciently vague in his speech at a Chinese new year function to

THE NEW general-secretary of liberals." He said the drive

did not say what would happen to those who do not repent, and gave no clues as to the back-ground to the demise of Mr Hu Yaobang two weeks ago.

He was coy about the sensi-tive political reform programme a Chinese new year function to appease conservative and reformist officials in a period of political turnoil.

Several conservative officials this week have praised the "spiritual pollution "campaigns of three years ago in which everything from hairstyles to humanism were criticised by Marxist zealots, who were later criticised themselves for their extremism.

Mr Zhao said the "open door" would remain open and that domestic economic reform would continue. However, he put extremism.

Mr Zhao said China would would continue. However, not launch another political movement, though it would continue to discipline "bourgeois level as economic reform.

Kabul presses on with plan for reconciliation

THE AFGHAN Government is ments forming "the economic and pressing ahead with a plan for na-tional reconciliation involving an end to civil war and the return of five deputy prime ministers, Mr millions of refugees, despite its re-jection by guerrilla leaders, accord-ing to a senior official, Reuter re-the Government hopes will induce

Mr Sayed Amanuddin Amin, Deputy Prime Minister told a group of Western reporters in Kabul yesterday that he could see no military sointions to the eight-year-old struggle between Moslem guerillas and the Soviet-backed Afghan Gov-

Mr Amin said Pakistan-based guerilla leaders, who rejected the reconciliation plan put forward by Mr Najibullah, the Afghan leader, over the New Year, represented only seven parties in the widely split guer-

"I hope all those who refuse it will come together and sit at the table to solve this problem," he said.

Mr Amin, who holds responsibility for the economy, reported to the Cabinet earlier this week on what the official media called draft docu-

legal basis of national accord. its opponents to join a coalition ad-ministration.

Few details are yet known about the constitution, but Mr Amin said it was "very reasonable and acceptable." It would enshrine Islam as the state religion, respect national customs and ensure wide freedoms for private businessmen.

This last aspect was stressed at the Cabinet meeting by Sultan Ali Keshtmand, the Prime Minister, who said it should aim at increasing production of consumer goods.

The Prime Minister, in a comprehensive economic report, also called for more efforts to welcome return-

Mr Amin said vesterday that the

Israel austerity budget

austerity budget to parliament yesterday for the fiscal year commencing on April I.

Mr Moshe Nissim, Finance Minister, called for another

Treasury officials warmed that further cuts in expenditure were almost inevitable, to assist troubled agricultural settlements and defence industries.

Mr Aaron Fogel, budget director at the Finance Ministry, sist of Sbl 28.4bn for the so-

was reported yesterday as called ordinary budget, covering saying that hundreds of millions current expenditure, and of dollars would be needed in the coming year to save the settlements from the unprecedented crisis they faced.

The rimance ministry, said to said the settled ordinary budget, covering and ordinary budget, covering the said that the settled ordinary budget, covering the said that the settlements from the unprecedent ordinary budget, covering the said that the settlements from the unprecedent ordinary budget, covering the said that the settlements or the s of dollars would be needed in the coming year to save the settlements from the unprece-dented crisis they faced.

The main lines of the 1987-88 40 per cent.

New Issues

THE ISRAELI Government prescribed as Shi 39.3bn (\$24.6bn) fiscal budget were agreed two weeks ago by the coalition cabinet, as part of a package of encourage private sector growth. Principal features of the new year or two of restraint in budget are a planued small public and private consumption. reduction in public sector

January 29, 1987

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This announcement appears as a matter of record only.

John Elliott reports on the array of problems facing India's PM

Strain begins to tell on Gandhi

AFTER TWO years of confounding his critics with the extent of his control of events within the world's largest democracy, Mr Rajiv Gadon suddenly appears to be in deep

S. African

newspapers

THE Rand Supreme Court

ing government notice pro-hibiting encouragement of support for unlawful organ-isations.

The probitions were intro-

The probitions were introduced the day after several
newspapers had carried
advertisements placed by
three leading anti-apartheid
groups calling for the unbanning of the ANC.

They were in addition to
reporting restrictions which
were reinforced in December
last year and which prevent
the local press from quoting
banned people or organisations and from unsuthorised
reporting on unrest, boycotts,

reporting on unrest, boycotts illegal gatherings and alter-native administrative struc-tures established in black

townships.

Mr Rex Gibson, acting editor of the country's largest daily newspaper, The Star, argued in court that the

restrictions made it almost impossible for newspapers to carry on their daily business without committing a criminal offence.

Australia's

inflation rate

reaches 9.8%

By Chris Sherwell in Camberra AUSTRALIA'S ANNUAL in

fiation rate increased to 9.8 per cent in 1986, the highest

per cent in 1900, the highest since mid-1983 and four times higher than its main trading partners.

Figures released yesterday

by the Australian Bureau of Statistics: showed the con-sumer price index up 2.9 per cent in the three months to

December compared with the

previous quarter, and 9.8 per cent higher than in the same

cent higher than in the same quarter of 1985.

The figures were in line with forecasts, and financial markets reacted calmly. The Australian dollar finished the day marginally firmer at 66.04 cents to the US dollar, up less than 9.1 cents, and at 52.9 on a trade weighted basis, up from 52.7.

peaked, but the opposition

Liberal Party blamed its

policies, saying the country would be in even more trouble unless the Govern-

ment was changed.
The December increase was

the higgest since the April-to-June quarter of 1983, when prices rose 11.2 per cent com-pared with the corresponding

quarter the previous year.

A breakdown of the figures

the rise were motor vehicles automotive fuel, tobacco and alcohol and medical services.

The figures mainly reflected the continuing impact of the depreciation of the Australian

dollar. They also suggested, however, that wage restraint would become more difficult.

win gag

appeal

THE Rand Supreme Court yesterday ruled in favour of an appeal by the country's two leading English-language press groups, Argus and South African Associated Newspapers, against a nation-wide prohibition on reporting on the activities of proscribed organisations, such as the African National Congress.

The court ruled that the police chief who imposed the trouble.

During the last month tension has mounted on the sensi-tive Indo-Pakistan border and bloody dissent has broken out again in Amritsar as extremist Sikhs renew thei campaign for automony in the Punjab. At the same time, criticism of his per-sonal style of government has been voiced in cabinet and key police chief who imposed the prohibition on January 8 had exceeded his powers. It re-jected the press groups' appeal against an accompany-

been voiced in cabinet and key cabinet changes have been forced by faltering foreign and economic policies.

In a swift move last weekend, he made himself temporary Finance Minister and handed over the job of Defence Minister to Mr Vishwanath Pratap Singh, who had held the finance portfolio for two years and had successfully spearheaded Mr Gandhi's economic liberalisation policies.

There is a sharp difference

There is a sharp difference There is a sharp difference of opinion among political observers in New Delhi over why this happened. The question is whether Mr Singh was moved primarily to bring his personal authority to the Defence Ministry at a time when border tensions with neighbouring Pakistan have increased seriously.

Alternatively, the aim may have been to end Mr Singh's somewhat controversial and

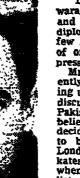
and his growing political success and popularity, Mr Singh has been constantly criticised by top industrialists and others for corruption raids on their homes and offices, and clashed with the Industry Ministry recently over duty con cessions on imported car com-ponents and capital goods.

Mr Gandhi appears to have seized the opportunity of the Pakistan border confrontation to move Mr Singh gracefully to another top post of immediate

nave been to end Mr Singh's somewhat controversial and occasionally abrasive reign at the Finance Ministry. Despite his widely respected integrity Cabinet.

He has had six important

Mr Gaudhi also suffers from



Gandhi: trouble on all fronts,

importance, while taking the finance job himself with just enough time left to prepare the budget for its traditional fixed date of February 28.
His speech, which might be seen as a mid-term manifesto seen as a mid-term manifesto half-way through the election cycle, will almost certainly show that his basic economic liberalisation policies are unchanged, while trying to make them seem less abrasive. Internationally Mr Gandhi's trease in ceilil them.

image is still strong. But at home he has suffered seriously from a series of political set-backs, especially the growing Sikh violence in the Punjab, and from an apparent inability to appoint and maintain a stable

Cabinet reshuffles, excluding last weekend's change, since he became Prime Minister a little over two years ago. Mr Singh was the only senior minister not to have been moved in that

a tendency to make impatient and glib off-the-cuff remarks in public, especially at Press conferences, which cause considerable offence and reduce his own standing.

waran, the Foreign Secretary near the border for longer than and a widely respected top diplomat, suddenly resigned a few hours after being the butt of one of these remarks at a reason suddenly to escalate the fersion last more as the fersion last more and the fersion last more as the fersion and the fersion last more as the fersion and the fersion and the fersion last more as the fersion and the f

ing up to Mr Gandhi in private discussions on relations with between top diplomats from the Pakistan and other issues. It is two countries. But at the same time he was moving tanks and troops into sensitive areas, to be high commissioner in London. But the first Mr Venkateswaran knew about this was when Mr Gandhi told a journalist at the press conference:

list at the press conference:

accused by India of aiding Sikh extremists, so over-riding conwhen Mr Gandhi told a journa-list at the press conference:
"You will talk with the new foreign secretary soon." He immediately resigned.

Because of Mr Gandhi's personal style and his tendency

to make constant changes of bureaucrats as well as politi-cians, he has built up a lead of resentment at high levels in the home civil service and the

me nome even service and the Foreign Ministry, and created many political enemies.

His administration is not a happy one, although his name and the absence of any significand the absence of any signinc-ant national opposition parties mean that he would almost certainly easily win a general election were one called immediately.

But he is about to face pro-But he is about to face pro-vincial government elections in five states where his Congress I party will not do well. A possible defeat in Haryana, one of the five states adjacent to the troubled Punjab, could undermine his personal authority as prime minister and boost his critics' public appeal.

The escalation of border tension with Pakistan has to be seen in this context. There is no sign in either country, especially in Pakistan, of a wish for war, though the leaders of both countries can gain politically from exaggerating the risk of invasion.

India is about to carry out its largest military exercises for three years near the Pakistan border. Pakistan has con- job of prime minister.

press conference. the tension last weekend. He
Mr Venkateswaran had apparently made the mistake of stand. Posing talks which are to take ing up to Mr Gandhi in private place tomorrow in New Delhi

extremists, so over-riding con-stitutional objections to such an army presence from the Sikh's ruling Akali Dal party in the Puniah The troop movement also

means the army is in position to swing quickly into action, should Mr Gandhi decide to put the Punjab into a constitutional state of emergency. He would do this to try to quell the escalating Sikh violence, but might time the move to help him win seats in the Hindu-dominated state of Haryana by showing he is being tough with the Sikhs.

Mr Gandhi's expected budget speech will come around the time that India's troop exercises finish, but before the Haryana and other state elections. While he will be able to report some improvements in industrial growth and export achievements, there are some erucial problems of public expenditure and industrial efficiency which need to be tackled. Mr Gandhi will also probably do more for the poor, after two budgets which have mainly benefited the middle and upper

But he will have to do more than this to repair his image domestically. Recent events suggest that the strain is beginning to tell, 27 months after the assassination of Mrs Indira Gandi catapulted him into the

Iran claims further advance on Basra

By Our Middle East Staff IRAN yesterday claimed a southern Iraqi city of Rusra following a three-pronged overnight offensive.

It said its forces had killed or wounded more than 2,000 Iraqi troops and moved into new positions west of the Jasim River and less than six miles from Basra.

miles from Basra.

A military communique said Iraq's 2nd armoured brigade, its 431st infantry brigade and the 5th brigade of the Presidential Guard had been badly mauled in the fighting. This brought to 44,700 the number of Iraqis that Iran says have been killed or wounded in the past two weeks of fighting.

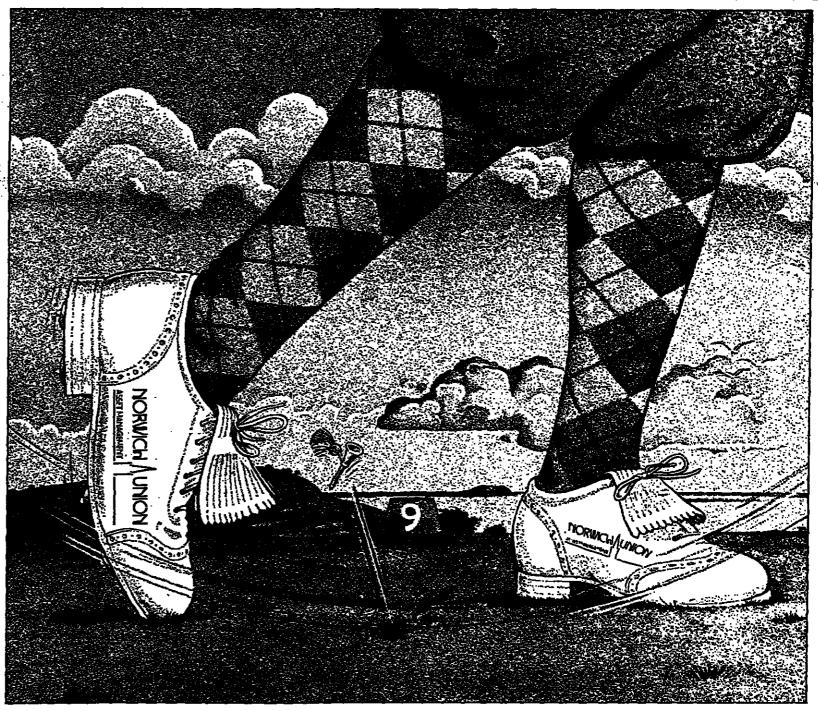
However, western military analysts stress that Iran still has to surmount formidable

has to surmount formidable defensive obstacles before it reaches the outskirts of Basra. They believe that it remains more likely that Iran remains more likely that transwill open another front north of the Iraqi port and perhaps link this with an offensive from the Fao penissuia.

Iraq said alreraft had attacked the Iranian port of Mahshahr causing substantial

Zambia currency ZAMBIA'S central bank said yesterday a two-tier foreign exchange system would be introduced next week valuing the kwacha at one floating rate for state-controlled com-panies and another for currency auctions to the private sector, Reuter reports from

Lusaka The bank's general manager Mr Michael Mwape gave the details after President Kenneth Kaunda sacked the Finance Minister Mr Basil Kabwe before the budget



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should increase discipline in the

use of all direct and indirect subsidies affecting farm trade and aim at the "phased reduc-tion of their negative effects."

It her, however, not committed itself to the timing of this pro-

In addition to the separate group examining trade in ser-

vices, which Washington wants brought within the scope of

Gatt, US special interests have been met by the inclusion of groups to negotiate on trade-related investment and intellec-

tual property rights, including trade in counterfeit goods.

are reflected in the group on tropical products, which the in-dustrial nations have agreed

should have its results implemented swiftly.

be co-ordinated with groups on tariffs, non-tariff measures and

natural resource products under

India has undertaken not to

press for rapid results, to avoid embarrassing the Reagan Administration with a US Con-gress which is highly protection-

ably "the most powerful politi-cal lobby" on both sides of the

Atlantic, making agricultural re-form to reduce the surplus pro-

duction all the more difficult to

achieve. "Nobody politically is going to take on that issue ex-cept on the fringes."

He praised Mr Frans Andries-sen, the EEC Commissioner for Agriculture, for pressing the

Agricultural Policy.

Mr Middendorf refused to criticise the negotiation system

with the EEC, which is notori-ously difficult because of the Community's own slowness and

rigidity in changing its nego-tiating positions. He said that

one chairman.

India's insistence on a group to handle textiles and clothing has been met, but its work will

THE URUGUAY Round of trade on Wednesday to resolve - by iliberalising negotiations finally the insertion of two sentences moved onto the road yesterday—the conflict over the negoafter a compromise over the tirting plan for agriculture was reached between the Euromean Economic Community and community of farming countries led pean Economic Community and group of farming countries led the other principal farm trading by Australia.

year and it is hoped to finish the whole programme in four years. A separate group will try to draw up a multilateral framework of rules for trade in 1988 has been met. A separate group will try to draw up a multilateral frame-

the December 19 deadline set by trade ministers for announcement of the programme, Mr Arthur Dunkel, the Gatt director-general, claimed that Gatt's eighth global negotiating round was getting under way faster than the previous Tokyo

programme yesterday at a time of sharp trace tension, Gatt governments had demonstrated that they wanted to be sure of a place to negotiate multilateral agreements, Mr Dunkel said. It took an all-night session

UK grain traders may More disputes looming on trade iose out

By Quentic Peel

BRITISH grain traders, who have made dramatic inroads into the Spanish market over the past year, stand in the short term to lose even more than their French counterparts from the EEC-US deal to buy outside supplies of maize and sorghum.

supplies of maize and sorghum.

Over the next two years, we are

In the first 10 months of 1986, on a collision course," he said
the UK sold \$12,000 tonnes of as trade negotiators struggled to
barley and \$34,000 tonnes of put the last details of a truce low-grade feed wheat to Spain. according to International Wheat Council statistics, from virtually nothing in 1985.

ow-grade feed wheat to Spain, package in piace.

International Wheat Council statistics, from items on which disputes are irrnally nothing in 1985.

French sales of maize during he full year are estimated at netween 400,000 and 500,000 machine tools, US access to Europe's variable levies were upplied from March, had sold on the use of hormone's recent ban on the use of hormone, and the use the full year are estimated at between 400,000 and 500,000 tonnes, while the US, on whose exports variable levies were applied from March, had sold 1.14m tonnes in the first 10

One sentence, responding to Under the programme ap-the demands of the US and its proved by the General Agree-ment on Tariffs and Trade proposals for agricultural re-(Gatt) countries, 14 negotiating form should be submitted and groups will be established to remove obstacles to free trade, calls for the initiation of to halt the spread of protectionism and to expand the scope of the Gatt.

All the groups will hold their first meeting before the middle of April. Most aim to complete the ground-clearing work this wear and it is housed to finish the carable of affecting the EEC.

At the same time, Mr Alan Oxley, the chief Australian plan circumvented EEC spain, it could expect the Community to respond in kind from tabling proposals for reform in 1987 and starting negotiations in 1988.

World serious the work maize and sorghum sales to Spain, it could expect the Community to respond in kind during the Gatt negotiations.

For all the community to respond in kind during the Gatt negotiations.

aster than the previous Tokyo
Round.

By agreeing to the negotiating
of sharp trade tension, Gatt
for sharp trade tension, Gatt
governments had demonstrated that they wanted to be sure of the Uruguay Round. of the Uruguay Bound.

Mr Tran Van Thinh, the EEC's negotiator, yesterday underscored that if the US con-

of their latest dispute over grain sales, said Mr William Middendorf, the retiring US

"Unless we are very clever

Ambassador to the EEC.

package in place.

WARNING BY US AMBASSADOR TO EEC



Arthur Dunkel: talks under

tinued to exact heavy prices from the Community through bilateral action, as it had just

ness, particularly among the French over the maize war with the US, the EEC has agreed under the programme for the Uruguay Round to bring all measures affecting import access and export competition

BY QUENTIN PEEL IN BRUSSELS

the most sensitive time yet in the recent history of the US-

EEC trade relationship, he said, although a whole series of pot-

ential conflicts had been re-solved at the last minute.

dispute over European sales of

US case over unfair discrimina-tion against its citrus exports

(16 years in negotiation); US retaliation against Italian exports of pasta; and finally the latest dispute over lost US sales of maize and sorghum to Spain,

and Portuguese quotas on soya-

basic steel products and semi-finished steel; the long-running

In 1986 alone, there was a

Austria set for \$199m Iran rail

contract By Patrick Blum in Vienna

THE AUSTRIAN power and Mr Mike Samuels, the chief US negotiator, claimed that the work programme for the Uruguay Round contained "everything we need." Procedural harriers to achieving the objectives outlined in the 14 negotiating plans had been eliminated.

In addition to the capacita railways engineering company Simmering Grar-Pauker is paised to sign a contract with Iran which could be worth up to Sch 2.5bn (\$159m) for the delivery of railway parts and equipment. Some financial aspects of the deal have still to be finalised, but it is understood that it does not include any countertrade, in spite of initial Iranian requests for some oil barter.

> Final approval will depend on an Austrian bank provid-ing credit for the deal. An agreement on this is expected at the latest by the end of

> The deal would be for three years, during which the company would provide parts and equipment for the manufacture of some 490 passenger carriages to be assembled in Iran at a factory in Arak, about 270 km south-west of

The factory was built and equipped some years ago with assistance from the Austrian company, which will be providing know-how and technology to enable the factory to fully produce iger carriages.

Until now it has produced mainly freight carriages and other equipment.

Zanussi and Indesit announce EUROPE and the US are still set on a potential collision course over trade issues, in spite of the tentative settlement of their latest dispute over trade issues. The past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the post powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the most powerful political collision in the past two years had been ably "the past two years had been abl Chinese orders

By Alan Friedman in Milan

ZANUSSI and Indesit, two of Italy's leading home appliance manufacturers, have won con-tracts in China to build factories and transfer technology.

Zanussi said vesterday that it had a L15bn (\$11.8m) contract to provide technology, machin-ery and technical assistance for the construction of a refrigera tor plant at Suzhou in eastern China. The factory, to be completed by the end of 1988, will have annual capacity of 400,000 refrigerators.

Indesit said it had won a \$8.5m contract to help in the

Quality still sells as W German exports suffer currency setback

even stronger against the dollar and other currencies, West German exports are expected

to decline.

The current account surplus, also much higher in 1986 at DM 78hn against DM 39hn, has been forecast by the Bundesbank to fall by some DM 20hn as the effects of currency changes show through on goods and service transactions.

Last year, exports rose by less than 1 per cent to nearly 2.6m cars compared with an impres-

cars compared with an indica-sive 15 per cent growth rate in 1985. Luxury car makers like BMW and Porsche, which sells just over half its output of sleek

sports models to the US, have already complained about the effects of the dollar's slide.

In the view of Mr Stephen Reitman, European Motor In-dustry analyst for Phillips and

Drew, the UK stockbrokers, West German manufacturers

WEST GERMANY'S powerful The West German trade surplus totalled a record DM 112bn (\$63bn) last year, compared with DM 73bn in 1985, the Federal Statistics Office export engine is begining to stutter badly as the relentless strength of the D-mark slows its advance into foreign mar-The December surplus was also a monthly record at DM 11.5hm, against DM 7.9hm in the same month of 1885. The high trade surpluses have prompted foreign calls for Germany to stimulate its economy and encourage imports. This year, with the D-Mark even stromer against the dol-

After impressive growth rates in recent years, leading export industries are now experiencing stagnation or steep declines in markets abroad. Car exports were flat last year, though output hit a new record and new foreign orders for machinery fell by a real 13 per cent. The anxieties have transmit-ted themselves to the stock mar-ket, though yesterday brought a respite from the continuous a respite from the communous selling of recent days, when in-vestors were unnerved by the fall of the dollar to new post-1980 lows. Already in 1987, the stock market has fallen by well over 10 per cent.

While West German industrialists and economists were not slow to warn of the impact of currency changes on exports in 1986, this year is expected to be far tougher in foreign mar-kets Deutsche Bank commented kets Deutsche Bank commented recently: "The deterioration in German competitiveness could have a stronger dampening effect on German export business in 1987 than in 1986."

Since that assessment, the D-mark has become even stronger, both against the dollar and within the European

D-mark has become even stronger, both against the dollar and within the European Monetary System, where it was recently revalued by 3 per cent. But West German exporters have dealt with currency obstacles before and they are looking much further ahead than the next year.

effects of the dollar's slide.

Still, West German car makers continue to be significantly revalued by 3 per cent. Their sales there rose slightly in 1986 to 440,000 cars though showing no further growth after the middle of the vear. than the next year.

The West German car indus-try had a bumper year in 1986. with production up by 3.5 per cent to 4.3m units. West German drivers also bought more new models than ever before: 2.8m, a rise of 19 per cent of which imports accounted for 30 per cent

But, as Mr Hanns-Erdmann
Schönbeck, president of the
West German Automobile Industry Association (VDA), put
it this week: "Currency shifts
have strengthened the competitive position of our rivals."
While he did not expect West
German car sales to collapse in such key markets as the US, he admitted that profits would be squeezed.

Porsche, BMW and Auto
of Volkswagen) comman
west GERMi

WEST GERMi

Production
Exports

Produc

"Quality sells," he said. "As long as they can show that they are still at the leading edge of technology, people will pay for that extra appeal. Thus, Daim-ler has been able to raise prices by 20 per cent in the US since October, 1985, with a further October, 1985, with a further 3.9 per cent on the way. With price hikes and a concentration on its more expensive models, the average price of a Mercedes in the US has increased from \$35,000 in October 1985 to \$43,000 last December.

Apart from changes in prices and models, West German com-panies have also been protect-ing themselves through hedging operations. BMW, for example, said Mr Reitman, had hedged up to 70 per cent of its US revenues at between DM 2.40 and DM 2.50 to the dollar for its 1986 model year to last September and at DM 2.30 for the dollar fo this year. Yesterday, the dollar stood at around DM 1.78.

Even so, earnings are bound to suffer from the bleaker export outlook, notably at BMW nd Porsche, he estimated. He thought, however, that BMW could continue to make money in the US, even at DM 1.70 to the dollar. Below that, it would still be selling cars. The US is the important a manual for US. still be setting care. too important a market for West German manufacturers. "No one could seriously countenance a withdrawal for purely currency reasons."

At the lower end of the market, Japan has been particu-larly successful adding import worries to the export concerns of the West German manufacturers. Companies like BMW have raised sales in Japan sharply from a low base. But Japanese companies have 15 per cent of the West German West German manufacturers are operating from strength in the US and other markets. Companies such as Daimler-Benz, Porsche, BMW and Audi (nart of Volkswagen) command high that West Germans hope to panies such as Daimler-Benz. Porsche, BMW and Audi (part of Volkswagen) command high

WEST GERMAN CAR OUTPUT AND SALES

| % change | % change | % change | 1984 | 1985 | 1986 | in 1986 | in 1988 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 1985 | 198 squeezed.

About 60 per cent of West
About 60 per cent of West
3,700 in 1765, and 66,000 in 1765).

German cars are sold abroad.

*Exports Include re-exports from plants abroad (2,600 in 1765).

Source: German Automobile Industry Association (VDA)

Israeli and US groups in defence link

before the Community's variable level system came into force with Spanish membership in Spanish market was a result of Spanish market was a result of Spanish ports, distinct to Spanis

David Owen reports from Chicago on the growing problem of people without shelter as low income housing disappears

Homeless find their American dream on the nation's sidewalks

"YOU ALL, should have a commitment to the Union all the time because you don't have a damn thing else to do."

Mr Henry Nicholas of the Union of Hospital and Health-care Employees pulled no punches in his keynote address to the founding convention of the New York City Union of the Hameless on Manhattan's upper West Side. His audience, spirits roused by previous resolutions condemning apartheid and urging the transfer of some US military funding to human services, and bellies full after a hot lunch, lapped it up.



New York is the worst blackspot with 60,000 to 80,000 on
the streets, according to NCH speech against a backdrop of
estimates. The figure for Los
Angeles is put at \$3,000 to
50,000 and Chicago at around
25,000. But the problem is by
no means confined to the major
cities. Fortland, Oregon, is beno means confined to the major cities. Portland, Oregon, is believed to have as many as 7,000 homeless people on its streets and even Burlington, Vermont (population: 37,712) has up to 120.

lutions condemning apartheid and urging the transfer of some US military funding to human services, and bellies full after a hor lunch, lapped it up.

As Mr Nicholas left the podium, the convention hall reverberated with the radiying call "Tomorrow is Today." chanted by hundreds of homeless vocies.

Against the current labour union trend, the National Union of the Homeless has expanded rapidly since its foundation in 1984. From its first chapter in Philadelphia the union has branched out into eight major

over the past two years.

"The amount of money going city's five boroughs, despite to federally subsidised housing fierce opposition from some has been cut by 75 per cent local residents. to federally subsidised housing has been cut by 75 per cent under the Reagan Administration," claims Ms Foscarinis. "There is an extreme scarcity of The national picture is epitomised by the situation in Chicago, where previously rundown neighbourhoods have been demolished to make way for luxury residential high-rises. Inevitably, some former inhabitants way that the probability of the control of the contro

These families have been especially hard hit by the drastic cuts in federal housing programmes which observers blame, along with high unemployment, welfare cuts and the deinstitutionalisation of the mentally ill, for the general swelling of the homeless ranks over the past two years.

The response of local government to the rapidly escalating homeless problem has varied greatly. Estimated 1986 expenditures on food and shelter range from nothing at all in Houston or Miami to \$15m-18m in Los Angeles and \$81m in New York. New York's mayor, Mr Edward Koch, is even proposing four new shelters in acch of the

But the NUH itself is pushing for less money to be spent on shelters and more on permanent low income housing and job training. Most homeless people prefer the streets to shelters, according to NUH founder. Mr Chris Sprowal, a college graduate who found himself homeless in Philadelphia two years ago after his business tants have been left to wander failed and his marriage broke



up. "In the shelters you can get mugged or killed," he said. In Chicago, the union has taken its protests to luxury apartment blocks on the shores of Lake Michigan, arguing that some of the accommodation should go to low-income individuals since the complexes were next-aderally funded. were part-federally funded. Meanwhile, in Washington DC, protesters last month demanded the right to renovate and live in vacant, boarded-up buildings which, according to local union

goods in almost four years.

turing sector.

Government statistics show

treasurer Ms Victoria Lana, "dot the city's landscape." While such efforts on behalf of the homeless are frequently hamstrung by lack of political clout, parts of an NCH-spon-sored bill called the Homeless Persons Survival Act were passed in the last congressional session. Among the sections approved were a change giving the homeless the right to buy prepared meals with food prepared means with 1000 stamps and a clause specifically prohibiting agencies from using a claimant's lack of fixed abode as an excuse for disallowing benefits.

But such changes, while wel-come, attack the symptoms, not the root cause of the problem. Until the homeless can be organised into a coherent uni-fied voice, as they were briefly by Mr Nicholas' New York address, more and more low income families and individuals will find themselves dreaming the American dream on the nation's sidewalks and perk

growth by a similar amount last

proposes financial reforms

NY Fed

By William Hall in New York BIG COMMERCIAL companies

such as Sears Roebuck and Ford Motor which have been expanding rapidly in the US financial services industry would be forced to dispose of their banking operations under reforms suggested by the Federal Reserve Bank of New York. The reforms, unveiled yester-day by Mr Gerald Corrigan, president of the New York Fed, seek to preserve the separation of "banking" from commerce while eliminating most of the legal barriers which prevent some classes of financial institu-tions from engaging in certain

financial activities. Common corporate ownership of banks, thrifts, insurance com panies and securities companies would be permitted — subject to appropriate regulatory restraints — as would combinations of commercial companies and non-bank financial companies.

However, a commercial company could not own and con-trol an insured depository. On the other hand, securities, in-surance and other financial concerns could own and control insured depositories, thereby becoming bank or thrift hold ing companies.
Artificial distinctions be-

tween classes of financial institutions offering functionally similar financial services must be narrowed, says the New York Fed. It suggests including eliminating the prohibition assisted particular institution assisted particular institutions of institutions assisted particular institutions of institutions and institutions assisted particular institutions and institutions of institutions assisted particular institutions and institutions assisted particular institutio bition against paying interest on transaction deposits, the payment of interest on required reserves, broadening the class of institution which has access to the payments mechan-ism and the discount window, and increasing the number of integrated financial institutions that are subject to a degree of consolidated official supervision The structure would have much in common with the post-Big Bang environment in Lon-

Canada to allow limited tax-free banking services

THE Canadian Government has rently done offshore while not

outlined plans to attract international banking business to Montreal and Vancover from the Channel Islands and other

tance from civic and business leaders in Toronto, Mr Michael Wilson, the Finance Minister, said that banks based in Mon-treal and Vancouver will be allowed to offer a limited range of tax-free services to Canadian

The services will include loans and deposits, but not Michael Mackenzie, a senior letters of credit, Foreign Ex- partner in the auditing firm change transactions or loan guarantees. According to Mr Wilson, only those banking activities which meet the dual test of attracting business cur-

displacing business which now exists in Canada, are being considered.

Mr Geoffrey Farrar, president of Barclays Bank Canada, said In the face of strong resis- yesterday that the concessions are unlikely to have a dramatic effect on other tax havens. But he added that there will be benefits and we will maximise those. Like several other foreign-owned banks in Canada, Barclays already has offices in Montreal and Vancouver. Ottawa has named Mr Clarkson Gordon, as inspectorgeneral of banks to succeed Mr William Kennett who retired last year during the protracted small banks crisis.

Mexico student strike closes university

MEXICO'S strongest student protests in two decades shut down the National Autonomous affiliated

University (Unam) yesterday in a strike that authorities fear could stir unrest beyond the school's boundaries, writes William Ovine in Mexico City. Mr Mario Ruiz Massieu, university administrator, said student action could cause "irreversible damage to their school and to their country."

Leaders of the governmentaffiliated labour congress warned that the strike could lead to wider social conflicts

The strike is the culmination of weeks of student opposition to more stringent admission examination standards. The students have condemned the reforms as "elitist."

Reagan urges growth from trading partners BY STEWART FLEMING, US EDITOR IN WASHINGTON

PRESIDENT Ronald Reagan vesterday insisted that is was

essential that America's trading partners enacted policies that would promote internally generated economic growth. In a statement accompanying the release of the annual report of the President's Council of Economic Advisers Mr Reagan said that "more needs to be done to end our trade deficit . . . We must sustain world economic growth, increase productivity and restrain Government spend

ing."
He warned Congress that "a vote for more Government spending is a vote against correcting our trade deficit."

The President also restated his determiniation to maintain the pressure on Congress to reduce the federal budget deficit Administration by cutting Government spend-major issues.

New orders for Americanmade consumer durable goods rose by 6.9 per cent in December, according to the US-Commerce Department, giving the most positive sign yet that the improvement in manufacturing activity in re-cent months may be part of a long-term trend. It wasthe largest increase for manufactured consumer

ing. "We must continue to raduce the federal budget deficit lo through spending restraint." The annual report of the council struck an optimistic tone and presented an analysis of the US and world economies which trade balance (a rise in real tary policy last year and that led to a restatement of known net exports) was expected to there was no evidence to sug-Administration positions on the add 0.7 per cent to the US gest that it had "erred on the growth rate, after reducing side of monetary restriction."

capital goods, another important category rose by 5.5 per cent in December. On the imediate economic outlook the report said that the Administration's forecast of real economic growth of 3.2 per cent this year assumed that an improvement in the foreign

year.

Consumption was expected to slow from last year's 40 per cent expansion but to make "a substantial" (but unquantified) ing a drop in the memploy-ment rate to 6.7 per cent re-leased earlier this month gave an indication of a strengthening in the manufac-Real investment was also expected to strengthen
Although the Federal Gover-New orders for non-defence

ment is expected to reduce its purchases of goods and services modestly, the Council said that State and local Government spending should rise again. spending should rise again.

Commenting on policy issues the council, which is chaired by Dr Beryl Sprinkel, a monetarist economist, said that the Federal Reserve Board did 'a reasonably good job" in managing monetary policy last year and that there was no evidence to say

OUTPUT AND SILE

defence li

the second free many

tore had someth From Rens were consider to the constitution of the Market of the for Market of the

NY Fed

proposes financial

reforms

William House Milliam Schools as Series Robert as Series THERE IS A NEW LUXURY CAR THAT WAS SO QUIET IT HAD TO BE MADE LOUDER.

When it was first tested at low speeds, some drivers weren't even sure that the engine was running.

So it had to be made a little more audible. But only a little, At 70 mph it produces a mere 67 dBA.

Thatcher

to full

sees return

employment

BRITAIN WILL return eventually to full employment, Mrs Margaret Thatcher, the Prime Minister, said

yesterday in an assessment of the

prospects for a further decline in

unemployment, Charles Leadbeater

Speaking at "Action for Jobs" presentation in London, designed to beighten companies' awareness of

the range of programmes run by

the Manpower Services Commis-sion, (MSC) which administers the

Government's jobs programme Mrs Thatcher said: "I believe we will see

full employment again."

Mrs Thatcher said the she was delighted by recent falls in unemployment, which she said reflected the help the Government is giving the unemployed.

the unemployed.
While investment in new technol

ogy always raised fears that jobs might be lost, in the end it would

create new opportunities for work, she said. Lord Young, the Employ-

Austin Rover job cuts hit 1,000 staff

AUSTIN ROVER is to cut its white this is not expected to have prevent-collar workforce by about 1,000 or ed Austin Rover falling significant-

While the company is expected to appeal for voluntary redundancies and early retirements, it is undercuts quickly. Its unions are prepared for some compulsory redun-

The company's intentions will be set out in a letter to employees to-day. Union leaders were briefed on the plan yesterday.

The redundancies, which Austin Rover would not formally confirm last night, are being made against the background of a much-publicised and steep decline in the com-

However, the cuts are expected to be presented to both employees and Government - which is at present Group's latest corporate plan - as part of an overall costs-cutting pro-

Parity offsetting the UK sales depaid workforce, which had fallen to cline is a resurgence in exports. But 27,000 by the end of last year.

Hopes rise of talks to

end telephone strike

ly further into losses for the year just ended.

It incurred a trading loss of more than £50m in the first half with the stood to be anxious to achieve the loss for the full year expected to be cuts quickly. Its unions are pre-more than double this amount.

Production fell last year from 479,000 in 1985 to arround 450,000, compared with capacity of 750,000 units a year. The Austin Rover cuts some at a time when both Ford and plans in the UK.

Ford has said it expects to increase its UK production by 20 per cent and add 1,000 jobs before the end of the decade. Vauxhall has announced plans to increase UK car output by around 30 per cent.

The Austin Rover cuts are expectconsidering the parent Rover ed to be spread across the adminis tration and management of all Austin Rover plants.

They do not affect the hourly-

new court crisis

Mr Milne, who resigned New College, Oxford, had a distin-unexpectedly yesterday nearly two years before his normal term was made major contributions to BBC

BY HELEN HAGUE, LABOUR STAFF

BY CHARLES LEADBEATER, LABOUR STAFF

Leaders of the National Communications Union (NCU) held informal offer the company made mal discussions with BT in the aftermoon, after the company said it pay talks will start after the clerical would allow the 30,000 strong NCU clerical group to return to work to-

engineers taking part in an over-time ban should give such assur-ances set off the indefinite strike by 110,000 engineers. The executive of the engineering action of the union, will today con-110,000 engineers which started on sider on what terms it could recom-

The NCU clerical group executive holding more talks with BT. recommended its members return more than two weeks ago. It is un- return to work.

THE prospects that talks aimed at derstood BT will count this as work-

ending the strike by 140,000 means at British Telecom might start soon improved significantly yester-to reopening formal pay talks yesterday when the clerical executive informal offer the company made workers have returned to work.

Some in the NCU believe that day without giving individual assur-ances that they will work normally. The company's insistence that aimed at ending the indefinite

mend a return to work, prior to

NCU leaders said many in the to work and maintain the overtime union want to make progress before ban and work to rule they started the weekend on agreeing an orderly

from BBC coverage of the Falk-lands war, to the Real Lives docu-The board of governors has ex-

journalism and drama. His was the

conception for the production of all

that is still being seen in many

Mr Milne, the son of a Scottish

doctor, was probably happiest as controller of BBC Scotland. He

played the traditional Scottish bag-

pipes well and even learned to speak Gaelic.

eneral in 1982 that things began to

go wrong. Since then he has been broiled in a series of disputes

with the Government which ran

countries around the world.

THE PRINT unions Sogat '82 and

the National Graphical Association face a fresh crisis, following News International's move yesterday to begin contempt of court proces ings which could lead to heavy finds and the seizure of their assets.

Baverstock, controller of BBC 1,

would become director general of

the BBC, she said: "No. Alasdair

up, was then only 31 and in the rela-

tively lowly position of director of

rent affairs programme.

Almost from the beginning he was marked out for the most influ-

ential job in British broadcasting. It all ended sadly yesterday. The BBC put out the sort of terse,

serves for occasions when the resig-

nations of senior executives are

At the end of a working life, spent apart from one brief break, entirely

within the corporation, there was only one sentence to sum up his

The company - which dismissed 5,500 printworkers last January when it transferred production of its four titles to Wapping, east London - is to allege that the unions have breached High Court injunctions banning unlawful mass picketing outside the printing plant.
Mr Rupert Murdoch's Docklands factory is producing The Times,

Sunday Times, Sun and News of the World. The proposed court proceedings arise from injunctions granted in the High Court in July, by Mr Jus-

He banned the two unions from attempting to blockade the Wap-ping plant. However, he allowed them to continue to organise demonstrations and marches which congregated in the square opposite

FINANCIAL TIMES CONFERENCES

Cable Television &

Satellite Broadcasting

What kind of future for public service broadcasting in an age of satellites?

How will the international battle for the European audience turn out?

Mr Jon Davey

Mr lan Ellison, CBE

Mr Andrew Quinn

Mr Charles Wigoder

Carlton Communications Pic

Granada Group PLC

Robert Fleming & Co Limited

Cable Authority

This 1987 conference, the fifth in a series arranged in association with New Media Markets, will bring together a distinguished panel of speakers

to review the future of the new media at a critical turning point in

Questions to be discussed include:

Could cable be about to take off at last?

DBS – the satellite may fly but is it a business?

He ordered that the marches must be 'disciplined, peaceful' and subject to the direction of the police, and that there should be no introversial executive share option scheme past the 2,000-odd shareholemployees. The number of demon-startors directly outside the plant were limited to six in the judges or-

Sogat '82 has already had its assets sequestrated once in the dispute, for defing an earlier court or-der not to 'black' the company's ti-tles. It purged its contempt, and apologised to the court in May. However, the legal costs and fines incurred have plunged the union in-

The new legal offensive comes amid pressure to call off mass demonstrations outside the plant in the wake of violent clashes which marked an anniversary march organised by the print unions.

Mr Norman Willis, the Trades Union Congress (TUC) general sec-retary, in considering whether the TUC should propose an end to de-

MANY years ago, when the legendary figure from the history of British broadcasting Grace Wyndham poration." Then it was on to arGoldie was asked whether Donald

Then, for good measure, there

pressed to him its gratitude for his the libel action by two Conservative Milne could scarcely conceal his contempt for politicians and did not get on at all with the Prime Minister.

was the attack by Mr Norman Teb-Mr Milne, who joined the BBC bit, the chairman of the Conserva- cial administrator - before joining immediately after service in the tive Party, on the BBC's coverage of the BBC he was once rejected by Gordon Highlanders regiment and the US attack on Libya and this Tootal, the textile company, for his the US attack on Libya and this Tootal, the textile company, for his month's controversy - the row over lack of commercial instincts - a the programme on the spy satellite skill that will be vital for the BBC in parliament was never told

production on the old Tonight cur- the plays of Shakespeare, a series cult political environment for a public service organisation such as the BBC and not all the press attacks were fair-minded, but in the end there were probably too many ba- who is warm in private, has no

Raymond Snoddy reports on the departure of the corporation's director-general

he came close to being fired by the leadership to an organisation of governors during the Real Lives at more than 25,000 people facing a pefair, when he was lucky to be on a riod change.
fishing trip in Scandinavia and out
Friends say

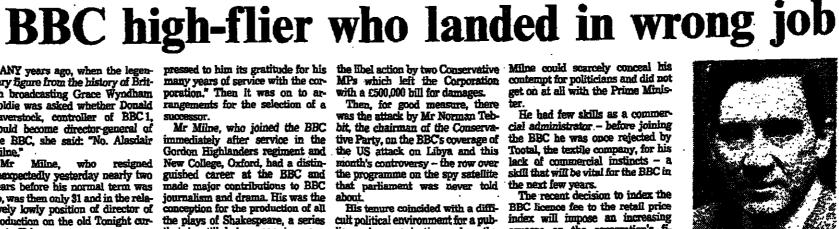
Even friends and supporters say privately he was the wrong man in the wrong job at the wrong time.

the next few years.

The recent decision to index the BBC licence fee to the retail price index will impose an increasing

But most of all Mr Milne, a man skills at communicating to larger Mr Milne himself believed that audiences or to provide inspired

Friends say Mr Milne became increasingly arrogant the more the BBC was attacked - an arrogance his student days: the brillant stu-At a time when the BBC desperdent who was supposed to get a tely needed political friends, Mr first class degree and did not - and



Mr Alasdair Milne: increasingly arrogant under attack

then tended to over-compensate as

come the first director general of the BBC not to get a knighthood. Ironically Mr Michael Checkland, the accountant who became deputy director-general and whose appoint ment Mr Milne tried unsucce to block, takes over as acting direc-

port and devotion - and was met by

A similar response greeted assur-ances from both Sir Halph and Mr Michael Wood, the finance director,

when Mr John Williams asked if

the Debenhams takeover had been

"straight in spìrit as well as in law."

shareholders as current year sales

time the meeting moved on to the

ment Secretary, unveiled five tele-vision commercials which will pub-licise the MSC's special employ-ment measures for the unemployed. II REAL INTEREST rates in Britain are twice as high as those in West Germany because they provide the Government with the only means of warding off a sterling crisis, Mr Bryan Gould, a leading Labour spokesman on Treasury af-fairs, claimed in the House of Com-

He said this evidence of the "fragility" of the economy confirmed that Mr Nigel Lawson, the Chancel-ker of the Exchequer, was standing

on a "dangerous high wire." Mr John MacGregor, Chief Secretary to the Treasury, contested the basis on which Mr Gould had com-"I can confirm exactly what you said," replied Sir Ralph.

There was further cheer for pared real interest rates in Britain with those in Western Germany and described the conclusion be had reached as "absolutely wrong. figures were revealed - up 22 per cent at the Burton stores and 15 per cent ahead at Debenhams. By the He said that Labour policies would require a much higher Public Sector Borrowing Requirement which

option scheme itself - under which 80 senior executives could be grant- | A US company is to be allowed to develop a hotel close to the Houses of Parliament. Raleigh Enterprises, the Los Angeles-based hotel devel-oper, is investing £50m to convert the offices once used by the Crown Agents. Construction is expected to start in May and the hotel, with more than 200 suites, will open in

would force up interest rates.

□ EXCEPTIONS are to be made to allow certain small banks to retain the title bank in their names. These will be included in the new Banking Bill before parliament, according to Mr Ian Stewart, the Economic Sec-

All banks with more than 65m in capital will have right to this title. But institutions which at present call themselves banks but do not meet the £5m test will continue to be able to call themselves banks under a new provision.

□ BROWN & ROOT, the offshore

engineering and construction company is to switch its base from the Netherlands to Jarrow, north-east England. The company, formerly based in Rotterdam, first moved to

Burton shareholders support Print unions facing Halpern's share option plan

ders who turned out at London's Grosvenor House Hotel.

Those who braved the posse of benned photographers and TV cameras outside the meeting heard Sir Ralph declare that he wanted "to dispel the idea that this is a handout. If the targets are achieved shareholders will be pleased - they will be making more money." By the time, shareholders had di-

ested their free hmch, taken a bus our to the newly-converted Debenams store in Oxford Street and tucked into a complimentary tea, Sir Ralph knew he had won – by 97m to 53m votes. Burton avoided a

months over the trade dispute.

show of hands; the poll, together when he thanked the Burton board, with proxies, drew a 60 per cent tur- his wife and daughter for their sup-

For two hours, Sir Ralph barely faltered. Flanked by his 12-man board he calmly fielded questions ranging from shareholder discounts and the absence of female board members to rumoured misdemeanours in the Debenhams bid.

Only once did he look totally flummoxed - when Mr Lionel Bass declared him to be "England's second greatest man this century - af-ter Winston Churchill." He added that Sir Ralph's social life "was his business and if I was up to his standard I would do exactly the same."

The only other reference to recent "kiss and tell" revelations ed performance related options about Sir Ralph's private life came worth eight times their annual pay

US trade relations 'harmed'

THE Labour Party last night EEC. Belgium is this year's EEC said he believed would total about £400m and won-

sure we did every mortal thing to Mr George Robertson, from the avoid a trade war over the effects of "skill and tenacity" with which the abour front bench, told MPs that the enlargement of the Communi-Labour front bench, told MPs that the enlargement of the Communiyesterday's news that "a last-mi-ty."

nute face-saving device might be found to head off a trade war does not diminish the damage to USEEC relations.

"Most of the acrimony could have been avoided if the spirit of compromise on display this week had been processored by Prictic when you had to the US as a result of save deal "At the US as a result of sa

the reins of power, Instead, it was what cost has this solution been pieces," he said during a debate on about?"
last year's British presidency of the Mr Teddy Taylor (Conservative)

blamed the Conservative Government for the damage to EEC-US relations caused by "the abuse and fice minister, protested: "We have "as the EEC doesn't have any moncounter-abuse" exchanged in recent been consistently working to make ey." Mrs Chalker commended the

> tions. These had been made particularly difficult by the growing US global trade deficit. The Community would have to be particularly firm in the lace of protectionist moves by the US Congress.

She said the British presidency had achieved a record number of reencouraged by Britain when we had the US as a result of any deal. "At forms within the EEC, but Mr Robertson claimed that the Governleft to the Belgians to pick up the found that we should so rejoice ment had made a "botched job" of market.

Tyneside late last year after buying the old mercantile dry dock.

Protectionism'threatens co-operation'

cate such arms with US investment,
but this could founder under protectionist pressures unless this year sees solid progress in putting more shorter-range tactical missiles.

He argued that SDI techniques to be planned from the start by military staffs agreeing on operational tonist pressures unless this year against the Soviet superiority in shorter-range tactical missiles.

But the minister stressed collaboration must be made more efficient extension.

This warning was sounded by Mr Nato policy, at the start of an FT de-fence conference entitled "Entering the American Market".

Last year, Mr Maresca noted, Congress had voted \$100m for co-operative research and developand for this year has increased the sum to \$190m (£123m). A sum of Dr Gary Mather, a senior vice-president of Booz Allen, echoed the president of Booz Allen, echoed the presi testing of US and allied weapons systems had been increased to 539m over the same period. But unless the US and Europe

made rapid progress on such potential joint programmes as a stand off missile and precision-guided munitions, an advanced sea mine and an advanced short take-off and vertical come to dictate the design of the market short take-off and vertical come to dictate the design of the market short take-off and vertical come to dictate the design of the market short take-off and vertical come to dictate the design of the market short take-off and vertical come to dictate the design of the market short take-off and vertical come to dictate the design of the market short take-off and vertical companies to know what the companies to know what was going on in the US in defence electronics, the one still bonyant time to dictate the design of the market short take-off and vertical companies to know what the companies to know what the use of the companies to know what the use of the companies to know what the use of anding aircraft, "we run the risk of to protective legislation," Mr Mares-

southern European Alliance mem-Congress was reducing the level of aerospace unit by Loral, and Mr Colin Chandler, head of the traditional US security assistance Hughes and EDS by General Mo-to these countries, which Mr Mares-tors.

Mr Colin Chandler, head of the UK Defence Ministry's export services organisation, noted that the ca said would much rather develop their national arms industries than could make the ESI type of compa- of the UK by a factor of 20. He said receive direct aid.

could make the ESI type of compa- of the UK by a factor of 20. He said ny dominant in the future. Electron- that while the US defence market

scientist in the US Strategic Defence procurement this year and 49 counted for around one-fifth of total fence Initiative Organisation per cent of R&D and in the next UK defence sales. (SDIO), stressed the utility of SDI decade these shares could rise to 40 Mr Chandler stressed the essentio both arms control and to Euro- and 54 per cent, respectively. Dr tial lessons for British companies in pean defence interests. SDL, he said, was not a technological fix or Lard Treigarne, the UK Minister resources into marketing, to comsubstitute for arms control, but a for Defence Procurement, said plete often extensive tender docutechnological catalyst to it - like a Western budgetary constraints ments properly, to meet the US December approvals.

discussion in Nato, was consistent with the Alliance flexible response John Maresca, the US Defence De-partment Assistant Secretary for emy but to force him to pause before directly attacking."

Recent experiments have made Dr Mense more confident about the possibility of destroying Soviet mis-siles in their initial boost phase and in mid-course and about the effica-

new willingness in Washington for transatiantic defence collaboration. He therefore considered it essential for foreign companies to know what

weapons systems, so el losing congressional support for systems integrators (ESI) had come arms co-operation and a reversion to the fore in defence contracting.

were scrambling to reposition dependent European Programme The US official put in a plea that themselves in the market, often by Group in fostering European arms Nato and European arms collaboration but said revitalisation should not exclude the needs of ESI work. He instanced the acquisition of the IEPG would need pation of Sanders by Lockheed, RCA tient and sympathetic underbers-Greece, Turkey and Portugal by General Electric, Goodyear's standing from the US.

THE US CONGRESS is now far chemical added to make a reaction more willing to buy arms from its happen in a reasonable period of European allies rather than dupli-

cient, particulary if five or more countries were involved in a joint project. Recriprocal purchasing between governments as urged recently by France held promise, but

CONFERENCE Defence - Entering

ter accounting machine" be crested Lord Trefgarne emphasised the

Traditional prime contractors work of the 14-member country In-

vices organisation, noted that the Trends in the US defence budget US defence budget outstripped that Dr Allan Mense, acting chief ics accounted for 35 per cent of de- was very tough, it nonetheless ac-

fence Department's requirement, but not to exceed it, and to match the pricing of the domestic US

Teaming up with a US company was a valuable way of overcoming US protectionist sentiment. Mr Chandler mentioned as a shinging example of such teaming the co-operation between British Aerospace and McDonnell Douglas on the Harrier and Hawk. Mr Edward Luttwak, a Washing-

ton defence consultant, of gave warning the switch in emphasis in US defence procurement from buying new weapons system to main-taining existing ones. He noted that no follow on to the F-16 and A-10 aircraft was planned, only the advanced Tactical Aircraft as a replace ment to the F115. As a result there were far more

contractors than contracts. Companies were competing hard for the perceived prize of being prime con-tractors, while sub system contracts which could be more profitable were being relatively ignored.

None the less, even in the increasingly stringent procurement climate, there were gaps for Euro-pean companies. One such was created by the desire of the various US services to be different.

The Marines wanted a different aircraft, so they bought the British Harrier, the US Coastguard had bought a French helicopter partly from the same motives.

Addressing the subject of US export controls, Mr William Dwyer, a California based lawyer, warned that undue centrol could in fact erode the US defence industrial base by limiting the demand for US technology that was required to drive it forward. He cited a recent National Academy of Sciences report that current export rules cost the US economy \$9bn and 188,000

He stressed that the main problems with US export licensing was not licence refusals, but delay in li-

jobs a year.

Cable Television & Satellite **Broadcasting**

their development.

Speakers include:

Mr Michael Checkland

Minister of State at the Home Office

Independent Television Companies

18 & 19 February, 1987 Hotel Inter. Continental, London

NEW MEDIA MARKETS

Mr David Mellor. MP

ssociation Limited

Clyde Cablevision Limited

Date and Venue:

Mr David Shaw

Mr lan Clark

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Thatcher sees return to full employs

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A CAR THAT
HAS
WINDSCREEN
WIPERS THAT
WORK EVEN
BEFORE
IT STARTS
RAINING.

7

This is the first car in the world where the pressure on the driver's wiper blade is regulated according to the speed of the car.

Constantly. Even when the wipers aren't switched on.
So the first sweep is as smooth as the second sweep. And every sweep is as smooth as the first.

Paramilitary call for power-sharing

Mr Willott, for example, said his together with the risk of blackmail, department had also set up a com- and the possibility of being liable at puter security advisory group to inlaw for personal data stolen or miscrease awareness of the risks com- used.

panies faced and the counter mea-sures they could adopt. A threat an-managers should realise the risk in

alysis study had been carried out in easily guessed passwords. "In one

a small number of companies to investigation into one company, identify the main issues and priorities for action.

About two-thirds of all financial Det. Insp Austen said that com-

Only 20 per cent was the result of it a relative in Australia.

PROTESTANT ULSTER DEFENCE ASSOCIATION SEEKS ROLE FOR CATHOLICS

Standard Life states policy on Aids risks

STANDARD Life Assurance Company, Scotland's largest life and pensions group, is taking a specific policy towards certain persons applying for life assurance where it is considered that they are potential Aids (Acquired Immunity Deficiency Syndrome) risks.

It is the first UK company to state its underwriting policy con-

In particular, where applications are made by two men buying a house together, Standard Life will ask both men to complete a full proposal form and reserve the right to examination, including a blood test.

Normally, life companies in house purchase cases require the applicants to fill in a simple proposal form with just one or two medical questions and no medical examina-tion requirement.

Life companies operating in the UK have been taking steps to protect themselves from taking potential Aids risks for life assurance. The company felt that it would be difficult to frame an Aids-related question, which would have been highly personal, last year recommended that life and that would have been under-companies should include a specific at stood, not given offence and been answered honestly.

Aids, or Aids-related conditions and on blood tests.

but some have gone much further. In particular, they have been concentrating on one particular risk group - male homosexuals - such as asking all single males to under-

go blood tests. first company to state its underwriting policy towards Aids.
It defends its action by pointing

out that any life company must take into account the impact of Aids on its mortality experience and the cost to other policyholders if the risk is not underwritten. Standard

tions, such as excluding death from Aids or asking a specific Aids-relat-

Exclusions are virtually unknown

Digital plant delayed

BY JAMES BUXTON, SCOTTISH CORRESPONDENT

computer manufacturer, said yes-terday that it was one year behind schedule with the project to build a silicon chip plant at South Queens-

Construction of the £85m plant is to begin this summer and the plant will begin operating in 1989. one year later than originally sched-

The company said yesterday that ahead."

Most life companies now do this,

However, Standard Life is the

Life, being a mutual company, is owned by its with-profit policyhold-

DIGITAL EQUIPMENT, the US the reason for the delay was the need to make changes in the design of the plant to allow more flexibility in the manufacturing process. As a result it was not possible to start earthmoving on the site before the ferry, near Edinburgh. winter made such operations im-

> There has been genuine slippage for a good reason," a Digital spokesman said. There was never any puestion of the plant not going

Protestant paramilitary group, yes-terday put forward proposals for a formal power-sharing government which would give the Roman Ca-tholic minority "a full, productive role in society".

BY OUR BELFAST CORRESPONDENT

The discussion document, which was written by the UDA's political wing, the Ulster Political Research Group, was welcomed by Mr John cratic and Labour Party, the main constitutional Nationalist party. He said it was the basis for discussion,

A LEADING military technology

establishment is collaborating with the Department of Trade and In-

dustry (DTI) to help commercial companies protect themselves

against computer fraud.

Mr Brian Willott, head of information technology division at the DTI, said yesterday that the depart-

ment was collaborating with the Royal Signals Radar Establishment

(RSRE) to set up a commercial com-puter security cell. It would seek to

develop standards and codes of

Mr Willott was speaking at a con-ference held in London by the Con-federation of British Industry, the employers' organisation. It heard

that senior management had to come to terms with computer fraud

because it alone had a comprehen-

sive view of the damage fraud could

do to a company and could take ef-

The main message was that it was essential to establish a policy

for computer security within a com-

enting the strategy to a senior

fective action to prevent it.

The UDA played a large part in which brought down the province's experimental power-sharing administration. Since then, the organisation has become more overtly politi-

Military technology unit joins

drive against computer fraud

Bank, told the conference.

THE Ulster Defence Association although the UDA had no political The document said Northern Ireland's biggest mandate. lents, consensus politics and a bill the Ulster workers' strike of 1974 of rights. A new political structure ensuring consensus would dispel the fear of exclusion felt by Roman Catholics, it said.

> The UDA proposed the inter-party talks to see if agreement could be It has previously proposed an in-dependent Northern Ireland and re-tains negotiated independence as a call an election to a constitutional long-term end, while arguing that there is a grassroots desire in both communities for a peaceful solution to the political stalemate.

assembly elected by proportional representation, with committees and their chairmen elected in proportion to party strengths in the assembly. An executive committee would be elected to govern the prov-

Mr Hume said that although the document came from "an unlikely source," it was not intransigent.

He said: "We need political dialogue and this is a serious attempt at it. We would take part in a roundtable conference with this document as a basis for discussion.

Carphones' use 'infringing driving code'

By David Thomas manager or managers, educate and the actions of dishonest or disgrunguide staff in secure practices and tied staff while 10 per cent was MANY MOTORISTS were using carphones in ways which went against advice about to be pub-lished in the revised Highway Code, ensure the security policy was enensure the security policy was enforced rigorously.

The speakers, which included Detective Chief Inspector John Ansten of the Metropolitan and City (London) Police Computer Crime Unit, were reluctant to put a figure on the level of computer crime. They all agreed, however, that it was a serious issue.

caused through fire or water damage. Losses from other causes, including outsiders dishonestly getting into computer systems, was only 5 per cent.

Mr Steven Serpell, head of Public Data Network Security Services for British Telecom, said the risk from computer fraud included loss of funds. loss of face and credibility according to a new survey by Mori, the opinion research organisation. Some carphone companies be-

lieve that the unsafe image of car-phones is one of the few threats facing the fast growing sector. published soon, advises motorists: "Do not use a hand-held micro-phone or telephone handset while

your vehicle is moving, except in an mergency.

British Telecom Mobile Comminications yesterday published advice amplifying the code. This advice urged motorists to use equipment which allowed them to make calls without using their hands, and to stop the car or divert calls if nec-

losses involving computer systems puter expertise was not a prerequiwere still the result of errors and site for computer crime. In one The Mori poll, found no evidence omissions rather than malpractice, case, a school auxiliary staff mem-Mr Michael Gadsden, chief inspec-ber invented a whole new London that carphones have caused acci-dents, but it also showed that 49 per tor (computer audit) for Lloyds school complete with caretaker and Bank, told the conference, school bus and used its grant to viscent of motorists never stopped to make a call and three-quarters

Recovery forecast for Iveco Ford heavy truck output

BY KENNETH GOODING, MOTOR INDUSTRY CORRESPONDEN

PRODUCTION at Iveco Ford

The company, formed last July from the merger of Ford's heavy truck business and the British operations of the Fiat-owned Iveco group, expects to boost UK sales to well over 11,000 trucks from 10,477 in 1986 and retain its market leadership, Mr Alan Fox, the commer-cial operations director, said yester-day.

He said exports of built-up trucks this year would continue at the 1986 level when 3,447 units were shipped abroad (up 6 per cent from the 3,253

The Langley plant also exported 11,976 truck kits to Australia, Brazil and Turkey last year, compared with 11,108 in 1985.

Mr David Gill, Iveco Ford's mar-Truck's plant at Langley, west of keting director, said the company London - Britain's major heavy ve- was still spending "substantial" hicle factory - is expected to recov-sums on the Cargo truck range, er this year after a drop of nearly 11 which is produced at Langley, and per cent, from 13,433 in 1985 to developing new versions. He also promised no let up of the sales etfort for the Cargo outside the UK."

He suggested that total UK heavy truck sales (over 3.5 tonnes gross weight) this year will be almost un-changed from the 54,000 in 1986. Mr Gill said Iveco Ford believed

that all heavy truck manufacturers were suffering losses on new vehi-cle sales in the UK. Although there had been significant price increases in 1988, another rise in list prices of at least 10 per cent could be expected this year

The truck price war had not eas-ed but manufacturers were able to discount from a higher level when they put up prices, he added. The lack of profitability in the and Turkey last year, compared with 11,108 in 1985.

Mr Fox said that, apart from the uncertainties generated by the merger, Langley's output last year had been reduced by the new company's determination to reduce the factory and throughout the dealer network.

The lack of profitability in the UK truck market had already reduced the number of commercial vehicle dealers from 1,138 in 1981 to 783 last year. The decision by General Motors to close Bedford and the Iveco-Ford merger would result in further contraction to 577 dealers by the end of this year, Mr Gill predicted,

Hertz places £66m deal

HERTZ UK, the vehicle rental and leasing group, yesterday announced order represented about 65 per cent that it was ordering 11,000 Ford of the company's expected 1987 orcars, worth £56m at retail prices, ders. "Austin Rover will have much for delivery during this year.

Despite being one of the largest share of the remainder, just as in previous years, said the single orders likely to be placed with UK motor manufacturers this year, it does not mean that Hertz is

The balance would be made up of

reducing to any significant degree the business it places with Austin

A Hertz spokesman said the Ford

specialist vehicles such as Mercedes. Hertz was not a bulk buyer of Vauxhall cars.

Growing strength in all key areas

Sales and profits in 1986 were a record. At £3.4 billion sales were 10% ahead and trading profits before exceptional items rose by a substantial 17% to reach £153.3 million. A 7% increase in profits before tax was achieved, despite exceptional provisions including £23 million for the closure of the company's tobacco location in Belfast. Interest charges were significantly lower.

Both tobacco and non-tobacco divisional trading profits improved with increases of 20% and 5% respectively. Since 1981 tobacco profits have risen by 67% and non-tobacco 131%.

Summary of Results for year ended 31st De	cember, 1986	(unaudited)
•	1985 £ million	1985 £million
Group Sales	_ 3,404.7	3,095.0
Group Trading Profit	_ 153.3	131.1
Interest Charges	_ (14.0)	(21.4)
Group Profit (before Taxation)	_ 117.4	109.7

Tobacco

The domestic operation achieved strong growth of 3.5% in cigarette volume in a smaller market. Market share was up over two points at 35.5% with strong performances from Benson & Hedges Special Filter, Silk Cut and Berkeley. Export sales made good progress in Duty Free and European markers and volume was maintained in the Middle East despite a sharp downturn in that market.

Cigars did well with Hamlet, Falstaff and Benson & Hedges Small Cigars showing growth and reinforcing Gallaher's dominant position in the market. Though pipe and roll-your-own tobaccos were less buoyant, share of market was defended successfully.

In total the overseas companies achieved better results with Niemeyer in the Netherlands sharply ahead.

Optical

Sales of over £117 million reflected records in all countries. Dollond & Aitchison, as the UK's largest optical group, underwent a period of major change arising from deregulation of the market. Nevertheless, it contributed significantly to the division's profits after absorbing substantial

new expenditure on marketing and promotions.

Excellent results were achieved by the rapidly growing Spanish company, General Optica, and in Italy, Salmoiraghi Vigano made good progress.

Engineering

A 41% rise in trading profits shows some of the benefits achieved from the re-organisation and modernisation carried out in recent years. Mono Pumps made the most rapid progress but Saunders Valve and FIP were also higher.

<u>Distribution</u>

Increased profits were achieved with particularly good results from TM Group vending operations.

The acquisition of NSS during the year makes the Forbuoys/NSS group one of the largest retail chains in its sector. NSS results for 10 weeks are included.

Office Products

Oftex Group made good progress particularly in its major UK manufacturing operations. In Australia results improved, following re-organisation.

Housewares

Overseas companies' results were adversely affected by exchange rates and in the UK there were production problems in the first half of the year. Good progress was made in the

Outlook for 1987

The Group, with its wide interests, has gained strength in all its key areas and expects to continue its record of consistent growth.

S. G. CAMERON, CHAIRMAN

Gallaher Limited, Members Hill, Brooklands Road, Weybridge, Surrey KT130QU Tel: 0932 59777. Telex: 25505.

British Aerospace seeks aid to help launch new Airbuses

BY MICHAEL DONNE, AEROSPACE CORRESPONDENT

WITH A government decision on up to £750m of launching aid sought by the end of March for UK participa-tion in the next generation of Air-bus airliners, British Aerospace – the privatised aircraft, missiles and space manufacturing group - is stepping up its campaign to win support for its plans to join these

Starting early next month, BAe will be briefing MPs from all parties on its plans to build the complete wings for the new Airbus A-330 short-to-medium range airliner and the A-340 long-range aircraft, which together form the Airbus proposal for new airliners for the 1990s.

They will complete the Airbus family of airliners, enabling the European group to compete more strongly with Boeing and McDon-nell Douglas of the US.

BAe's campaign will take place against the background of mounregards as unfair subsidising of Air-bus by participating governments.

BAe takes a relaxed attitude to such criticisms, arguing that the on-ly cash support it has ever had for its share in the Airbus venture has been the £250m of launching aid to help it develop the wings for the Airbus A-320 150-seater.

Because of the success of the A-320 in world markets, with firm orders and options for 437 aircraft won even before the aircraft's maiden flight this spring, that money is expected to be repaid in full, with

BAe argues that on a similar basis, the UK Government can afford der the cash now sought for the A-330 and A-340 aircraft as a reasonable-risk investment by commercial airliner manufacturing

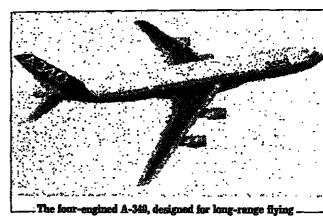
Both proposed new Airbus aircraft will be able to seat between 260 and 350 passengers, depending on how airlines decide to equip them. They will have many common parts, including fuselages, wings and avionics systems, al-though the engines will be differ-

The A-330 will be a twin-engined airliner, capable of flying distances of over 5,000 nautical miles, while the A-340 will be a four-engined aircraft designed fly distances of nearly 8,000 nautical miles non-stop. The A-330 will be competing in a

world market estimated to amount to as many as 6,000 aircraft by the end of this century, and worth in all more than \$200bn, against such aircraft as the Boeing 767 twin-engined jet and the new McDonnell Douglas MD-11 tri-jet (at the lower end of its range performance), and even versions of the earlier Airbus

The A-340 will be competing in a smaller market, against such aircraft as the MD-11 (in its very longrange role), and the long-range Boeing 747 jumbo jet, but still involving well over 1,300 aircraft, worth about

British Aerospace, which has a 20 per cent shareholding in Airbus In-



each with 37.9 per cent, and Case of has a 30 per cent stake.

Spain, with 4.2 per cent), believes that such markets more than justivestments in other civil airliner pro-

the advanced technology wings for the A-330/A-340, and that it will have to find several hundred milli-is so high that it could probable on pounds more from its own resources, to cover the cost of initial

It also claims that to withdraw nual interest debt, and is not anxious the Airbus ventures now would severely damage the UK's credibility in the EEC, and effectively the resonant of the resonant and interest debt, and is not anxious to burden its balance sheet in this way.

But it would also not prevent the new Airbus ventures going ahead, for there are enough companies in other countries – the US and Japan in particular – who would be wilting to pick up the wings contracts for the A-330/A-340 if the UK turned them down.

BAe says if it is allowed to join the new Airbus programmes, there will be direct employment for up to 25,000 workers in the UK aerospace and related industries through to

Against these arguments the A decision is needed by BAe and Government has to weigh the fact Airbus Industrie by the end of

other civil aviation programmes, in-nell Douglas and Boeing.

dustrie (the other partners are cluding the new Superian jet en-Aerospatiale of France and gine to be built by International Deutsche Airbus of West Germany, Aero Engines in which Rolls-Royce

that such markets more than justify the high level of additional grammes - the Type 146 four-engined regional jet, the Advanced Turbo-prop, the Jetstream 31 and sought will cover only the initial research and development costs of able to finance its share of the new the advanced technology wines for Athers represent the state of the second technology wines for Athers represent the state of the second technology wines for Athers represent the state of the second technology wines for Athers represent the state of the second technology.

Although its financial credibility is so high that it could probably raise the cash in the City of London without difficulty, it says it would not be able to meet the resulting annual interest debt, and is not anx-

tively prevent its participation in ment launching aid, repayable future collaborative programmes, through a levy on sales, together even those outside aerospace.

But it would also not prevent the lectively amounting to a substan-

and related industries through to repaid because the programmes in-the mid to late 1990s.

the mid to late 1990s.

If not, declining production and sales of the existing range of Airbuses through the 1990s would result in a decline in UK aerospace employment. The technology lost would never be regained.

Asainst these arguments the

that there are likely to be other substantial calls on its purse. Moreover, the aerospace industry is already well looked after, especially through substantial funding on deference where for military six aircraft fence votes for military aircraft, competition for the A-340.

missiles and space programmes.

The industry is likely to make further calls for launching aid for market will move towards McDon-

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A CAR WITH 32 DAZZLING INNOVATIONS. (BUT THE ELLIPSOID HEADLIGHT ISN'T ONE OF THEM.)

Ellipsoid headlights produce 30% more light. Light that is projected, not reflected.

So the lights themselves are a lot less dazzling.

And the first car they were ever seen on, was this car.

MANAGEMENT

THE CHANGE of mood is as gearing to more than 100 per startling as it is rapid: just a cent, making it much harder for few months ago Grand Metro-politan, the UK food, drink and That may smack of the old consumer services group, was giving out an air of tired and defensive irritability — rather like someone would after spending all night in one of its entirely rehabilitated, Grand London casinos losing large sums of money.

Today matters are very different. The tone is aggressive and self-confident, and senior executives wear the grins of cats that have supped well on cream-quite likely on Bailey's Irish Cream, one of the group's most successful innovations in

the drinks market.
Allen Sheppard, recently appointed as chief executive, paces around the boardroom in a display of restlessness, throwing out pugnacious metaphors. "Our management style," he declares, "is that of a light grip on the throat." Sir Stanley Grinstead, the chairman, offers a slightly more diplomatic image: the style is one of nudging managers on

the shoulder.

But the message is essentially the same: "Grand Met," says one City analyst, "seems to have recovered its poise." That poise had been undermined during the past two years by some flat results; by grumblings in the press that the business built up by the late Sir Maxwell Joseph seemed to have lost its Joseph seemed to have lost its direction since his death in 1982; and by increasing rumours that Grand Met might find itself on the receiving end of a take-over bid—like fellow drinks giants Allled-Lyons, Distillers and the Imperial Group.

The recovery of self-confidence is reflected in—and is in no small measure due to —the major acquisition Grand Met unveiled earlier this month: it is buying Heublein, the wines and spirits subsidiary of RJR Nabisco, which controls about 11 per cent of the US market and makes Smirnoff vodka, the second largest spirit brand in the world.

The deal is the most impor tant Grand Met has made in years. It will turn International Distillers and Vintners (IDV) its wines and spirits subsidiary, into one of the world's leading players, and shift its brand cocktail from brown spirits, which are in decline, to the more buoyant white ones. The price—\$1.2bn—is hardly a snip but the company says the deal will immediately enhance earnings.
The City, for the most part,

regards it as a reasonably-priced purchase which is adding to a core activity (unlike the group's more contentious diversification into US children's nurseries and medical care). And for Grand Met's management it has another advantage: the group is paying with bor-rowed money, which has lifted

defensiveness, yet Heublein is only the latest in a series of quickfire developments which has much improved, if not Met's image. Last October it

put the seal on a major restructuring programme by finally selling off Liggett, its troubled US cigarette manufacturing

The following month Sir Stanley, who is 62, ended months of speculation about the future leadership of the group when he instigated a major management reshuffle. He split the roles of chairman and chief executive which he had combined since the death of Maxwell Joseph; Sheppard became heir apparent and took on the day-to-day running of the business. In December, the two announced 1986 pre-tax profits of £386m—up 11 per cent and better than analysts'

expectations.

Aged 54, Sheppard joined the group 11 years ago after a career in the motor industry. career in the motor industry. He has a quick, if somewhat acid wit, a voice which sounds remarkably life that of Ken Livingstone, the former GLC leader, and a reputation as an entremely tough, direct manager. "We as a group thrive on controlled conflict," he says with relish; "it's part of our management style."

All these changes can be seen as the working out of the Max-

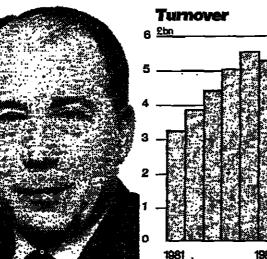
as the working out of the Max-well Joseph legacy; Grand Met in the 1980s provides a case study of the management prob-lems that can be entailed in carrying forward into a new generation an empire created by a brilliant entrepreneur.

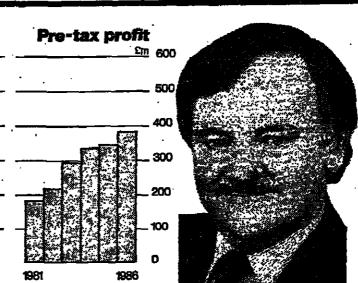
Joseph was one of the most remarkable British post-war businessmen. An estate agent by training, he built up a business based on property, particularly hotels, in the 1950s and 1960s, before diversifying into areas such as food (Express Dairies) and brewing (through his bitterly contested takeover of Watney Mann in 1972).

Joseph concentrated on strategy, leaving much of the routine of business to two lieutenants through most of this period. They came to be nicknamed Gloom and Boom. One was Stanley Grinstead, who had a reputation as a number-cruncher; the other was Ernest Sharp, the talent-spotter, who left the group in 1980, with Grinstead emerging as helr

Sir Stanley is a quietly spoken, deliberative man, who peppers his conversation with analogies drawn from horse racing, a passion of his. But he lacks the personal charisma of a Maxwell Joseph, and critics claimed - at least until the into generic cigarette manufac-







Sir Stanley Grinstend (left) and Allen Sheppurd: refocusing the manager

Grand Met recovers its poise and resumes the offensive

Martin Dickson and Lisa Wood explain the revival of the UK food, drinks and hotels group

lost some of its flair, direction and ability to make well-priced acquisitions.

Sir Stanley rebuts this, and says that the group has been pursuing a consistent growth strategy involving geographical diversification; an improvement in the quality of earnings through the development of brand names and the disposal of non-core businesses; and the of non-core businesses; and the cultivation of management in depth. Some of these have their origins in the Joseph era but others are designed to counter weaknesses inherent in a business founded primarily on entrepreneurial flair.

• Geographical diversification began at the end of the Joseph era, with the purchase in 1980 of the Liggett group in the US, but this strategy was always very much Sir Stanley's own. The aim was—and is—to reduce dependence on the UK economy, ideally by having one-third of profits earned in Britain, onethird in the US, and one-third elsewhere abroad. Over the past six years the UK contribution to earnings has fallen from around 95 per cent to 40 per

The main drive has been into America. Liggett was a particular!, a od acquisition, bringing Grand Met distributive control in the US of its own liquor brands. It also took it

Heublein deal — that turing, which initially proved nesses, particularly Pearle, Grand Met had of late to be a valuable cash cow. But which is based in Texas and the generics market, scuppering Grand Met's attempts to sell off the cigarette business to its management and sharply reducing the American contribution to group profits. Grand Met stood accused of bad

Its other major US acquisitions—Heublein apart—have also provoked controversy. In 1981 it bought the Intercontinental Hotels chain for \$500m (then £275m), but the earnings flow has been disappointing and has yet to cover the acquisition and development costs.

To this Grand Met replies that the deal enabled it to buy one of the leading brands in a growth industry it understands intimately, and the value of the deal is demonstrated by the very large sums it has been offered to sell the business (£900m, according to unofficial reports) which it has no plans Equally controversial has

been a move in the US into "branded consumer services" through the purchase of Childreu's World (\$35m), a kinder-garten chain, Quality Care (\$125m) a home health care operation, and Pearle Health Services (\$385m), an eye care Critics claim that Grand Met retained.

was hard hit by the oil slump. Sheppard retorts that these are mostly acquisitions "for the 1990s" in fields which should see strong growth thanks to demographic trends.

Nevertheless, concern about performance in America is shown by the despatch of a new boss, Ian Martin, formerly head of the brewery division from the UK, to adopt a "more handson approach" to its US opera-

• Improving the quality of earnings. "Maxwell Joseph," recalls Sir Stanley, "always wanted to buy assets at a discount. He would buy anything if it was cheap." And while for many years

Grand Met had a reputation as a buyer and seller of businesses, it in fact made relatively few disposals. That has changed over the past two years as it has sold off businesses outside management buy-out. Its other gambling interests—the casinos

ing," as Sheppard calls it, Grand Met has been building up the quality of its property portfolio (now worth £2bn) and portfolio (now worth £20n) and its brands—a process which has been particularly successful in the Watney Mann brewing division and International Distillers and Vintoers, its wines and spirits subsidiary.

Watney Mann has developed or acquired a strong portfolio of brands since the early 1970s, when its infamous Red Barrel beer was arousing the ire of CAMRA, the real ale enthusiasts. The brands now include Ruddles, Budwelser, Fosters and Websters Yorkshire Bitter.

IDV, for its part, has a very high reputation for new product development. One major recent success is Malibu, a coconut-based drink, while Piat d'Or has become Britain's number one branded wine in a largely un-

 Management methods. wer me past two years as it has sold off businesses outside triumvirate of Joseph, Grinits core areas of drinks, food and personal services, or in served the group well in the mature areas which do not 1970s, but when Grinstead was promise strong growth. A left on his own in 1982, the prime example is Mecca business clearly needed a change in management methods. The other with all the halls in a growing with all the halls in a growing with all the halls in a growing the strong process. man could not hope to juggle with all the balls in a growing the Mecca bookmaking now evolved largely along sector chain, are strong in cash lines; earlier it had been structure along geographical lines; earlier along geographical lines; earlier it had been structured along geographical lines; earlier al

test for the post of heir apparent, with Sheppard emerging as victor from a three horse race. Grand Met has always maintained a very small head office, keeping a tight hold over financial targets but delegating managerial authority down the

line. The aim has been to balance entrepreneurship with central control—hence Shep-pard's "light grip on the Such a system clearly depends crucially on the quality of line managers. Over the past few years Grand Met has been developing a "hit squad" sys-tem under which teams from

tem under which teams from other parts of the group are sent in to sort out under-performing subsidiaries.

For instance, Clive Strowger, who had been in the group's brewing division, was drafted into Express Foods in 1984 as chairman and chief executive. chairman and chief executive. His task: to turn round a business whose trading profit had slipped from £36.4m in 1980-81 to £16.4m in 1983-84.

Some of the difficulties were outside the group's immediate control, such as EEC policy affecting the dairy industry. Many others were internal. Strowger set about a rationalisation tion programme among other things, he sold the liquid milk operations in the North of England—and reorganisation of the business into fully account-able de-centralised units.

Its profits trend is now firmly upwards - with a trading profit of £27.6m in 1985 and the division well placed to look for a complementary acquisition in the food sector.

Grand Met cites its ability to attract top quality managers and move them around in this way as one reason why a takeover bid designed to break up the group would be misguided. The whole, goes the argument, is worth more than the parts and the profits record of the past 25 years proves this. The group has a pool of knowledge which can cross-fertilise, as in the development of Bailey's Irish Cream, a whisky-based liqueur. which utilised dairy and spirits

And, says Sheppard, it has the financial muscle to take the long view, balancing a good performance in some parts of the empire against setbacks or investment for the future in others.

Bids apart, the next few years will prove an important test of this argument. Grand Met's long-standing brewing dalry and spirits interests are currently among its better per-formers, while a question-mark hangs over those US acquisi-tions "for the 1990s." As one City analyst says: "The promise eneration — and have been tured along geographical lines, is there but we are still etained.

At the same time, there was waiting to see Grand Met firing Alongside this "declutter-last year an ill-disguised con- on all cylinders."

Management abstracts

Ethical issues for management knowledge. W. J. Duncan in Journal of Business Ethics (US), October '86 (91 pages) Discusses. With supporting case histories, four ethical issues in the development/
spplication of business knowledge: (a) failure to adopt or disclose knowledge of proven value; (b) inappropriate imple-mentation or incomplete disclosure of knowledge with proven potential; (e) use of knowledge for the exclusive benefit of a selected interested group, even if harm is done to others; (d) intentional falsification or misrepresentation of knowledge. Suggests questions the decision-maker should ask

to evaluate the correctness of an

action. Making the right agency choice Business Marketing (US),
September '86 (7 pages)
A roundtable discussion
among advertising executives
throws up views on choosing
an agency; considers characteristics important in a business-to-business agency one speaker warns that agency people tend to know only about agencies, they have no other business experience; outlines attitudes on fees, the use of speculative work—agencies tend to hate it; compares the attributes of consumer versus business-to-business questions whether other senior management should be involved in the decision to select an agency, and advises on where to find an agency.

The hazards of being a direc-

tor. E. Woolf in Accountancy (UK), Nov '86 (3 pages) Reviews company law governing the conduct of directors re-garding loans, the protection of minorities, wrongful trading and shadow directors. Also covers disclosure requirements in accounts and those expected of auditors. Alcea. G. D. Smith and J. E

Aleas. G. D. Smith and J. S. Wright in Across the Board (US), Sept '86 (8 pages)
Tells how the Aluminium Company of America, feeling the golden years of growth had gone, called in business historians to help give a perspective to new directions the group could take by examining company history to discover cultural pany history to discover cultural strengths and constraints; shows how a move towards diversification breaks with strong tradi-tions of centralisation and puts strains on employee loyalty.

These abstracts are condensed from These abstracts are condensed from the abstracting journels published by Anber Management Publications. Licensed copies of original articles may be obtained at a cost of £4 each (including VAT and p & p; cash with order) from Anber, PO Box 23, Wembley HAS 8DJ.

TECHNOLOGY

paid too much for these busi-

Fire controversy engulfs Eurotunnel

Andrew Taylor looks at the Anglo-French consortium's plans to tackle safety problems

THIS WEEK Mr John Silkin, Labour MP for Deptford warned that the Channel Tunnel could become the longest crematorium in the world. But supporters of the scheme believe the tunnel's safety record will more than match that of its main competitors, the cross-Channel ferries.
The tunnel's promoters argue that attacks on the safety aspect of their plans are politically motivated or special pleading by opponents, like the ferry

by opponents, like the ferry companies, which have everything to gain by stopping the project dead in its tracks.

The safety debate has spilled over into the House of Commons where MPs have been considering the Channel tunel Bill. It is also likely to be a central issue when the Bill goes before the House of Lords in the next few weeks. So far Eurotunnel, the Anglo-

So far Eurotunnel, the Anglo-French consortium which a year ago won the concession to build the £4.7bn tunnel, has resisted pressure to change its plans. These would allow passengers in their cars to be carried through the 31 miles tunnel in specially constructed railway carriages.

Opponents painting lurid pictures of raging infernos of dis-aster movie proportions say that failure to segregate passengers from their vehicles, as ferries do, substantially increases the risk of fire and a major catas-

what safety and emergency procedures are likely to emerge? Not all the answers are available, since the choice of materials and systems to be used has yet to be finalised. The arguments between supporters and detrac-tors are therefore likely to

continue. Eurotunnel, however, argues that the system of carrying

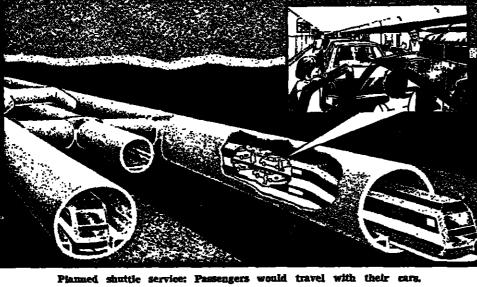
Swiss railways which have been Brig. safely ferrying large numbers more than 30 years.

Motor cars were first carried by the Swiss Federal Railway

tunnel, connecting Switzerland and Italy, in 1933. But it was not until the 1950s that large

been carried through the occur.

Alpine tunnels, including the Smoking will be banned and without a serious incident or a Gotthard service—withdrawn in trained officials—at least one single vehicle catching fire."



hard motorway tunnel was com-pleted—without a single death or serious accident, says Euro-

The system operated by the privately run Bern-Lotschberg-Simplon Railway is much more basic than that proposed by Eurotunnel.
Vehicles are ferried on flat bed, open-sided wagons for up

The tunnel could become the longest crematorium in the world—John Silkin

Passengers have no option but of vehicles and passengers to travel inside their vehicle. The integrity of its plans will through Alpine tunnels for They are allowed to smoke but be further tested by the Chanmore than 30 years.

They are allowed to smoke but be further tested by the Chanmore than 30 years. through the 20 km Simplon to throw lighted cigarettes out

By comparison Europunnel numbers of cars began to be ferried through the Simplon and the nearby 14 km Lotschberg tunnel.

Around 25m vehicles have been carried through the Alpine tunnels.

1981 when the toll free Gott- for every three wagons during

peak travel—will be on hand to cope with any emergencies and to ensure that safety regulations are obeyed.

Final decisions on what types of material will be used for things like fire doors and other fixtures and fittings will not be taken until detailed studies have been completed.

A programme of stringent tests is being carried out on

behalf of Eurotunnel by the Fire Rescarch Station at Borehamwood, Herts. Among other things, researchers will be seeking to ascertain the maximum temperatures fire doors might have to contend with. The effectiveness of ventilation systems to cope with smoke will fire Colin Stanmard

Fire curtains, says Eurotun-nel, must be able to contain a that the system of the contain a passengers in their vehicles in passengers in their vehicles in specially designed rail wagons to 42 km, for passengers fire and stop any noxious fumes travelling through the Lotsch-from spreading for at least 30 minutes, even in the extreme of all the cars in a carriage

catching alight.

The integrity of its plans will of Bern is by far the largest established by the British and shareholder, asks passengers not french governments. This body must approve the proposals between lighted cigarettes out fore they can go ahead. Colin Stanpard, Eurotunnel's

Stannard argues that out of 50,000 car fires in the UK in 1984 only 6,000 occurred in stationary vehicles and the vast proportion of these were started deliberately. Others were caused by deliberatery controls out maintains. by drivers carrying out mainte-nance or interfering in some way with the mechanics and electrics of their vehicles. "Drivers will not be permitted to work on their cars

will not catch

on the shuttle. All the evidence is that stationary vehicles on the shuttle will not catch fire," he says. Should the unthinkable happen Eurotunnel stresses that vehicle owners and fellow pas-

sengers will provide the first line of defence with extinguishers available in each carriage to cope with fires immediately they are spotted. They will be supported by railway officials who, like air-line hostesses, will be fully

trained to cope with any emergency. In the event of serious problems carriages will be able to be decoupled locally and isolated from the rest of the train which will have locomotives front and receive the go-ahead.

rear to tow carriages clear of any trouble.

The project requires three tunnels to be constructed under the Channel: one to carry northbound traffic; one to carry southbound traffic and a central service tunnel. If an emergency occurs in one tunnel, either of the two remaining tunnels could be used to evacuate passengers. Access points between the tunnels will be spaced every

tunnels will be spaced every 375 metres.
Eurotunnel will have its own fire fighting locomotives and staff which will be trained by the Fire Brigade. The local brigade itself will be expected to be able to be at the tunnel entranca within a few minutes of an emergency call. Water and other sophisticated firefighting materials and equipfighting materials and equip-ment will be fully available in the service tunnel, says the

Stannard says that the safety record of trains carrying cars and passengers together, is far superior to that of any other form of cross channel transport; while evacuation and emergency while evacuation and emergency procedures are palpably much easier to carry out in a land based link than either in the air or at sea.

On the same tack Eurotunnel

argues that segregated rail tun-nels removes the possibility of head-on collisions. There will also be staffed control towers at either end of the tunnel monthe driver and automatically halt a train in an emergency, such as a shuttle failing to stop

at a warning signal.

The consortium does not wish to advertise the kind of electronic surveillance and searches it proposes to use to counter terrorist threats. It says these will be at least as good as the most advanced equipment used at the best international airdenies that it would be a

soft target, as has been claimed. It says the ability of tunnel walls to absorb blast means that' damage would be limited unless there was an explosion very much larger than any terrorist bomb that could be easily smuggled aboard the shuttle. It does not say so but implies that sea ferries are a much easier target upon which easier target upon which greater damage could be in-flicted.

Eurotunnel is confident that its proposals will be accepted by the safety authority. Its opponemts intend to make sure that these proposals are fully de-bated and tested before they

WATCHING **Edited by Geoffrey Charlish**

Chips with touch of exclusivity

LOGICA, A major UK electronics systems design and consultancy company, has set up a specialist design service for application-specific integrated circuits (ASICs).

The move follows market research which showed that many engineers would wel-come expert, unbiased help in designing chips for their pro-

units.

Whike so called "commodity" chips (standard microprocessors for example),

ASICs allow designers to build exclusively into their products by tallering the chip's functions to the product's needs. And this can be done without going to the expense of purchasing "cus-tom" chips which are designed from a virgin area of silicon. Instead, with ASICs, most of the logic circuits are laid down as rows of standard cells on mass - produced "blanks." The cells are connected to suit the application by using relatively low-cost interconnection design and conductor metallication pro-

ASICs are gradually becoming more popular and sales have continued to rise over the last two years, in contrast to the market for commodity chips, which has fallen.

Nevertheless, Mr David Clark, project manager at Logica, thinks some companies, particularly in the UK, have been slow to exploit the benefits of ASICs. The the benefits of ASICs. The advantages he points to in-clude cost effectiveness, high operating speeds, size reduc-tions, low power consumption and increased reliability.

Complete digital electronic systems can new be committed to ASICS and the cost is decreasing (particulary for low production volumes, even though complexity is increas-

ng. Production runs of 50 or se chips are feesible. Legica will offer a total service from functional specifica-tion to the "ready to manufacture" stage, when the completed design will be handed over to a specialist silicon fabrication company.

Balloons feature on sliver screen

A SMALL private company in North Carolina has developed a powder consisting of tiny ceramic "microballoons" coated with silver. Mixed into a solvent, a paint results. When this is sprayed on to a surface and allowed to dry it produces a lightweight layer which is electrically conductive and screens out radio

prove important for electronic equipment shielding (for technical and security reasons), and for radar/radio reflective surfaces (costing reflective surfaces (coating dish aerials for example). The product, called SCMCM (silver-casted magnetic ceramic microballooms), is offered by Carolina Solvents (CS) of Hickory, North Carolina. Although paints with solid silver particles are siready available, they are heavy and expensive. The CS product uses hollow, fired ceramic spheres of 10 microns (milliouths of a metre) wall thickness and a diameter not exceeding a few hundred exceeding a few hundred

in addition, magnetic materials are incorporated into the ceramic which makes the microballoons muinally attractive and helps them remain in contact to give a conductive surface. The paint covers about 200 sq ft per gallon and the coating cost is put at 25 cents per sq ft.

Translator always

close at hand

IN JAPAN, Sanys Electric has launched what is claimed to be the first portable—yet full-scale — English/Japanese electronic dictionary. It was developed in conjunction with two arthur transcripts. two other Japanese com-panies, ID Corporation and Toyo Information Systems Company. Sales of the unit will start in March.

will start in March.

Designated PD-1 and smaller than a portable type-writer, the unit has a vocabulary of some 35,000 English/Japanese words, to which another 20,000 words can be added in printed board form if required. After typing a word, a liquid crystal display screen shows the translation.

The machine also has asso-The machine also has asso-ciative qualities. For example,

Godfrey Davis

Company

ar.

cars and vans are our business

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if the word "solar" is entered, it will display the translation and will also list related items like "solar cell" or "solar battery." The PD-1 will also search for a complete word when only the first two or three letters, in Japan English, are known.

Wristwatch for deep thinkers

deep thinkers

BATTELLE, THE research organisation of Columbus, Ohio, is developing a wristwatch compater for divers, and is seeking clients to help commercialise the device.

Using the unit, details of a dive can be recorded and the computer will display length of time underwater, depths at which the diver has been operating and how he should ascend safely to the Surface to avoid the "bends." Afterwards, a personal computer can be connected to store or read the information.

Flexible change from asbestos

read the information.

GLASGOW COMPANY Cape Industrial Products says that although there are now non-asbestos materials well able to meet the fire protection needs of the building industry, manufacturing industry has not been so well served.

Mainly, this has been because engineers in industry are more likely to need good heat, strength and electrical characteristics in various combinations.

combinations.

The company now has what it considers a cost-effective solution to these problems in the form of Duratec, a calcium-silicate heavy-engineer-ing board which retains its high strength at temperatures

up to 700 deg C.

The material also machines well and has good electrical insulating properties. Comcated in the material range from terminal boxes and electrical coil supports, to furnaçe casings.

CONTACTS: Logica: London. 637 9111. Carolina Solventa: US. (704) 322 1920. Sanyo Electric: Japan. Osaka 991-1181. Santelle: US. (614) 424 7934 or London, 483 0184. Cape Industrial Products: Glasgow, 558 6144.

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Staatsoper im Künstlerhaus: Die Weisse Rose conducted by Zimmermann; Hommage & Stravinski conducted by Keuschnig.

Volksoper: Ein Walzertraum conducted by Schenk; Die Zauberflöte conducted by Parik; Wiener Blut conducted by Bibl; Die Csardastürstig conducted by Bibl; Das Land des Lächelns conducted by Bibl; [31 441/2657].

NEW YORK

Metropolitan Opera (Opera House): The week features La Clemenza di

Tito conducted by James Levine in Jean-Pierre Ponnelle's production

with Carol Vaness, Gail Robinson

Music

w:)e (2)

w! 2t

Gabriel Bacquier, baritone, Ghylaine Raphanel, soprano, Elizabeth Coop-er, piano: Donizatti, Bellini, Massen-et, Mozart (6.30pm); Barbara Hendricks, soprano, Gino Qullico, bari-tone, Academy of Saint Martin-in-the-Fields conducted by Iona Brown (8.30pm). Both concerts Monday. Theatre Mogador (4874 5724).

Shirley Verrett with the Nouvel Orchestre Philharmonique conducted by Stefan Soltesz: extracts from Norma. Otello, Don Carlos, Le Cid (Mon). Opera Comique-Salle Favart

(4236 0611).

Trio Gabriel: Schumann, Villa Lobos,
Brahms (Tue). Salle Gavean (4563 2030).

Daris Hovers, plano: Boccherini, Villa
Lobos, Rachmaninov (Wed). Salle
Gaveau (4563 2030).

Gaveau (4563 2039).

Orchestre de Paris' soloists with Andras Schiff as conductor and piano soloist: Bach (Wed, Thur). Salle Barcalona: Alberni String Quartet. Beethoven (Tue). Centro Cultural de la Caixa, Passeig San Joan.

La Villetta (4248 7722).

Schiff as conductor and piano soloist: Bach (Wed, Thur). Salle Barcalona: Alberni String Quartet. Beethoven (Tue). Centro Cultural de la Caixa, Passeig San Joan.

Madrid, Daniel Barcalonia: Beethoven (Tue). Centro Cultural de la Caixa, Passeig San Joan.

Schiff as conductor and piano soloist. Beethoven (Tue). Centro Cultural de la Caixa, Passeig San Joan. La Villette (4249 7722).

Rome, Auditorium in Via della Conciliazione: Woffgang Sawallisch conducting Beethoven (with violinist Uto Ughi). (Mon and Tue). (654 1044). Rome, Oratorio del Gonfalone (Via del Gonfalone 32a): The Confalone Chamber Orchestra with flautist MEW YORK

Mew YORK

Mew YORK

Merkin Half (Goodman House): Carmit Zori violin recital with Charles Abramovic piano. Fritz Kreisler, Beethoven, Dvolřák, Bartok, Bruch, Wieniawski (Tve mat); Calliope, a Renaissance band. Susato, Lesbio, contemporary Catalonian Cobia

Onorio Zaralli. C.P.E. Bach and Frederick II of Prussia (Thur). (687 5952). e, Teatro Olimpico (Plazza Gentile da Fabriano): Padua Chamber Orchestra conducted by Giorgio Carnini (who also plays the organ). Handel organ concertos and Bach cantatas (sung by soprano Susanna Rigacci). David Short plays the

Sanders piano. Respighi. Bartok, Villa-Lobos, Gerorge Tsontakis (world premiere). Strauss (Wed); Keith Romano countertenor recital. Bach, Benton Hess (world premiere), Handel, Hasse, Lully, Barneau, Monteverdi, Lieder from Germany and Scandinavia (Thur). 67th w. of Broadway (382 8719).

Music at the Crossroads (Whitney Museum Branch). The third annual trumpet. (Wed). (393 304). w. of Broadway (382 8719).

Music at the Creesroads (Whitney Museum Branch): The third annual
American Sampler with Andy Statman Klezmer Orchestra performing
contemporary Jewish music and
Vassar Clements playing bluegrass
fiddle (Tue, 6pm). Sculpture Court,
Philip Morris Bldg, 42nd & Park. Sonatas. Testro Real, Piaza Isabel 11. (Tue-Thur).

Suntory Hall, Alasaka. Barry Doug-las, piano. Beethoven, Liszt, Mus-sorgaky (Mon); Beethoven, Rach-maninov, Shostakovich, Schumann (Tue). Suntory Music Foundation Award Winners' Concerts: Michio Kobayashi, harpsicord. Bach, Reci-tal Hall (Mon); Sumire Yoshihara,

Band Music (Tue); Kimball Wheele

mezzo-soprano recital with Samuel Sanders piano. Respighi, Bartok

Yasmori Yamaguchi percussim, Hiroshi Shibayama, oboe. Contemporary music including Iannis Xenakis and premiered by Yuji Takahashi, Jo Kondo, Norin Fukushi. Recital Hall (Tue), Nagoya Philharmonic Orchestra, conducted by Yum Toyame with Kiyoshi Shomura, guitar. Schubert, Rodrigo, Rachmaninov. (Wed); Italian Opera Arias by Yoshinobu Kuribayashi, baritone and Toshiko Tsunemori and Kiyomi Toyoda, sourano, New Japan Sydina Campanance of Lucia di Lammeropor, in which June Ander-Toyoda, soprano. New Japan Sym-phony Orchestra conductor, Kotaro Satoh, Verdi, Donizetti (Thur). (505 1010).

WASHINGTON

National Symphony (Concert Hall): Hugo Wolff conducting, Mstislav Rostropovich 'cello, Schumann, och, Dvořák (Tue). Kennedy Cen ter (254 3776).

CHICAGO

Todd Wilson organ recital (Orchestra Hall): Sowerby, Vivaldi, Bach, Du-pre, Widor, Reubke (Tue). (435 8111).

in – and Sernard Hattink as condic-tor. Lest performance of Lucia di Lammestoor, in which June Ander-son and Alfredo Krans provide im-pressive exceptions to the general rule of mediocrity. (249 1986). English National Opera, Coliscum: the new production of Tosca, which Jon-ather. Miller, has undated to 1944.

new production at Tosca, which Jon-athen Miller has indated to 1944, has Josephine Barstow in the title rule and Jan-Latham-Koenig con-ducting. The Queen of Spades, one of the more controversial of David Pountney's ENO productions, re-turns in impressive form, led by Al-an Woodrow, Janica Cairns, and Sa-rah Waller, as an impressivable. ah Walker as an unforgettable Countess (836-3161).

Gaia evening (Tue) at the Paris Opera: Elektra, conducted by Seiji Ozawa with Hildegard Behrens as Elektra and Christa Ludwig as Clytemnes-tra, followed by a Vienna 1900 Soi-rée et Souper to chamber music ac-companiment. Evening Dress, Paris Order, 4098 5350) companiment. Evening Dress. Paris Opéra (4266 5750). Ioland Petit and Ballet National de Marseille present The Blue Angel at the Palais des Sports, Porte de Ver-

the Palais des Sports, Porte de Ver-sailles (4828 4010).

Ballets Van Dantzig/Balauchine con-ducted by Lothar Zagkosek. Van Dantzig's choreography of Sans Ar-mes, Citoyens, to Berlioz' music, is followed by symphony in three movements by Stravinsky in Balan-chine's choreography. Paris Opera.

WEST GERMANY

Berlin, Deutsche Oper: Die Hochzeit des Figaro has fine interpretations by Pilar Lorengar, Carol Malone and Wolfgang Brendel. Der flie-gende Holländer has Janis Martin, Gerd Brennels and Robert Hale. Ariadne auf Naxos; will be conducted by Heinrich Hollreiser. Otello has a particulary strong cast with Pilar Lorengar Kaja Borris, Franco Boni-solli and David Griffith. Zar und mann rounds off the week. (3 43 81).

(3 43 81).
Hamburg, Staatsoper: Don Carlos stars Linda Plech, Stefania Toczyska, Kurt Moll, Giacomo Aragall and Giorgio Zancanaro. Belsazar has Walter Raffeiner in the title role. Le Nozze di Figaro is a joint project between Hamburg and Salzburg - Mozzateum. Otello brings Wladimir Atlantow, Kostas Paskalis and Julia Varady together. Also Katja Kabanowa (35 11 51).
Frankfurt, Opera: Die Walküre is re-

rankfurt, Opera: Die Walkure is re-vived with a new cast led by Lia Frey-Rabine, Helena Doese, Sandra

Madrid, Where Is The Party by Dutch

group Pigeon Drop. A series of sketches and gags by three actors and three musicians. A sort of pan-tomime, musical, cabaret show. Tea-

tro Martin, Santa Brigida (222 93 52), until end of March.

NEW YORK

Trevor Numn's production of T.S. El-liot's children's poetry set to trendy

music is visually startling and choreographically feline, but classic

only in the sense of a rather staid and overblown idea of theatricality.

(239 5262). 42nd Street (Majestic): An immodest celebration of the heyday of Broad-

celebration of the heyday of Broad-way in the '30s incorporates gems from the original film like Shuffle Off To Buffalo with the appropri-ately brash and leggy hoofing by a large chorus line (977 9020). A Chearus Line (Shubert): The langest-running musical ever in America

has not only supported Joseph Papp's Public Theater for eight years but also updated the musical genre with its beckstage story in which the songs are used as audi-

(229 6309).

La Cage aux Folies (Palace): With some tuneful Jerry Harman songs, Harvey Fierstein's adaptation of the French film manages, barely, to capture the fael of the sweet and hilar-

ious original between high-kicking and gaudy chorus numbers. (757 2626).

(757 2626).

Ton Not Happaport (Booth): The Tony's best play of 1986 won on the strength of its word-of-mouth popularity for the two oldsters on Central Park benches who bicker uproariously about life past, present and future, with a futury plot to match. (239 8300).

future, with a funny plot to maion.
(229 6200).

Big River (O'Neill): Roger Miller's music rescues this sedentary version of Huck Flan's adventures down the Mississippi, which walked off with many 1985 Tony awards almost by default (2480220).

The Mystery of Edwin Drood (Imperial): Rupert Holme's Tony winning resurrection of the unfinished Dickers classic is an ingenious musical

ens classic is an ingenious musical with music-hall tunes where the au-dience picks an ending. (239 6260).

LONDON

Les Liaisons Dangereuses (Ambassa-dors): Christopher Hampton's mas-terly version of Laclos epistolary

el is saxy, withy and wise, like a aboration between Marivau

and de Sade. Howard Davies's sellout pre-Revolutionary production for the RSC has moved from the Pit with Alan Rickman and Lindsay

Duncan still buttling and bitching over lovers and other riffraff. (836 6111, CC 836 1171).

Misalliance (Barbican): Barely seen Shaw, and a much underrated play, given the full BSC works by John Caird, a Polish new woman crashing

into the surrey conservatory in her monoplene Jane Lapotaire sparkles

alongside Brian Cox, Elizabeth Spriggs and newcomer Richard McCabe (628 8795, CC 638 8891). The Phantum of the Opera (Her Maj-

esty's): Spectacular but emotionally nutritional new musical by Andrew

Lloyd Webber emphasising the ro-mance in Lerour's 1911 movel. Hap-

pens in a wonderful Paris Opera

ambience designed by Maria Bjorn-

son. Hal Prince's alert, affectionate production contains a superb cen-tral performance by Michael Craw-

tral performance by masses and pal-ford. A new, meritorious and pal-1839 2244, CC

oman in Mind (Vaudeville): Alan Ayekbourn's new comedy has a bril-

pable hit. (839 2244, 379 6131/240 7200).

Theatre

Walker and Wolfgang Probst. Louis
Quilico is repeating his much
praised performance in the title role
in Falstaff. Herimanns Erzählungen
ducted by Keuschnig. for the last time this season.

(2.56 21). Munchen, Beyerische Staatsoper, Fr-delio is well cast with Gwyneth Jones, Julie Kaufmann and Ruiner Jones, June Kaurmann and Alafter Goldberg. Aida, sung in Italian, fea-tures Bruna Baglioni, Julia Varady, Lando Bartolini and Juan Pons. Lu-lu is a well done Jean-Pierre Pou-nelle production. Also in the reper-tory: Madame Butterfly (2 18 \$1).

ITALY

Milan, Testro alia Scala: Flavio Testi's new opera Riccardo III conducted by Roberto Abbado and directed by Virginio Puecher, with scenery and costumes by Pasquale Grossi; three ballets by George Balanchine; Zefirell's production of Otello, conducted by Carlos Kleiber, with Placide do Domingo in the title role. Mirella Freni sings Desdemona and Renato

ducted by Carlos Kleiber, with Placido Domingo in the title role. Mirella
Freni sings Desdemona and Renato
Bruson, Lago. (80 91 28).

Rome, Teatro dell'Opera: Florence
Teatro Comunale's production of
Carmen conducted by Jacques Delacote and directed by Silvia Cassini
with Elena Ohratzova, Jose Carreras and Silvano Carroll; L'Italiana in
Algeri conducted by Alessandro Siciliani and directed by Jean-Pierre
Ponnelle. The cast includes Lucia
Valentini Terrani, Ruggiero Raimondi and Domenico Trimarchi.
(48 17 55). Theater): The company's and season continues with mixed programmes including the world premiere of Paul Mejia's New Ballet No. 2. Lincoln Center (870 5570). International Festival (City Center): The Lyon Opera Ballet in its American premiere performs mixed programmes including works by Nils Christe, Nacho Duato and William Forsythe. Ballet Rambert performs eight new works, including pieces by Michael Clark, Christopher Brune, Ashley Page and Richard Alston, in a week of mixed programmes. 55th E. of 7th Av. (246 5898).

Twyla Tharp Dance (Brooklyn Academy of Music): Two premieres, Ballare performed to Mozzart and in the Upper Room with music by Philip Glass mark the week-long mixed programme of Ms Tharp's choreography and dance direction. (212) 944 8300.

mondi and Domenico Trimarchi.
(46 17 55).

Belogma: Teatro della Celebrazioni:
First performance of opera based on
Pier-Paolo Pasolini's Religione del
mio tampo by Adriano Guarnieri,
conducted by Giampiero Taverna
and directed by Giorgio Marini.
Cast includes Susanna Rigacci and
Oslavio di Credico. (22 29 99).

Trieste: Teatro Comunala Giuseppe
Verdi: Hary Janos by Kodaly (new
Italian trenslation by Giorgio Pressburgar) conducted by Tamas Pal
and directed by Laszlo Vamos.
(63 19 48).

SPAIN

Madrid, 1987 season begins with new production and first performance of Boito's Mefistofele. Cast includes Montserrat Caballe. Orquesta Arbos conducted by Romano Gandolfi. Teatro de la Zarzuela, Jovellanos 4.

VIENKA

Stantsoper: Cav and Pag, conducted by Bareza with Cotrubas and Vickers; Attila conducted by Mackerras with Chiarra, Ghiaurov, Cappuceilli; Die Fledermaus conducted by Neuhold with Dernesch, Lind, Goettiing, Weikt; Der Fliegende Holländer conducted by Schneider with Gessendorf, Likova, Estes; Riguletto conducted by Boncompagni. (51 444/2655).

liant performance by Julia McKen-zie as a dissatisfied housewife visit-

ze as a dissausinen nousewite visit-ed on her own garden lawn by an imaginary ideal family. Bleak but funny, hailed in some quarters as vanguard feminist drama; be not

indiscriminate rushing around. Dis-

No child is known to have asked for his money back. (834 6184).

42nd Street (Drury Lane): No British
equivalent has been found for New
York's Jerry Orbach, but David Mer-

rick's tap-dancing extravaganza has been rapturously received.

CHICAGO Pump Boys and Dinettes (Apollo Cen-ter): Facations look at country music

and down-home country life with a good beat and some memorable songs, especially one played on kit-chen utensils has proved to be a du-rable Chicago hit. (935 8100).

Chest on Fire (Goodman): The latest play by Michael Weller, called the Chekhov of his generation for his in-telligent sadness in plays like Moon-children and Loose Ends, follows:

two college friends who try to rekintwo coulege trends who try to rekindle their inspiration after making money in Hollywod. Les Waters directs Dawn Arnemann, Peter Aylward and Bill Cobbs. Ends Feb 14.

My Werzwolf (Goodman Studio): Thea-tre X production written by John Schneider tells the werewolf legend

636 8108).

Japanese Classical Dance. Some of Jalapanese Cassocal Dance. Some of Ja-pan's best-known performers take park in this 30th Anniversary of the Association of Classical Dance. Na-tional Theatre (Thur). Tokyo Metro-politan All-Japanese Arts Festival. (533 6455).

WASHINGTON

Washington Opera (Terrace): Monde-verdi's Coronation of Poppea direct-ed by Christopher Alden and con-ducted by Nicholas McGegan puts

ducted by Nicholas McGegan puts Nero's Rome in a contemporary highusiness setting with Emily Golden, Rodney Hardesty and Will Roy. The week includes Strauss's Wiener Blut starting Sheryl Woods in Zack Brown's 1980 production Don Pasquele in a new production by Douglas Wager conducted by Cal Stewart Kellogg with Francois Loup in the title role, Pamela South as Norina and Gran Wilson as Ernesto. Kennedy Center (254 9895).

nedy Center (254 9895).

as a 1940s horror movie, with all the exaggerations of romance, terror and eerie music, for the stage. Ends Feb 22. (443 3800).

vanguard feminist drama; be not put off by that (838 9987/5845). itselfight Express (Apollo Victoria): Andrew Lloyd Webber's rollerskating folly has 10 minutes of Spielberg movie magic, an exciting first half and a dwindling reliance on the British musicals leap beyond the British musicals leap be british musicals leap beyond the British musicals leap beyond th American tour that will end up on Broadway early in the new year be-gins in Washington as a celebration of the British musical's leap beyond its American forebears. Ends Feb

neyland, Star Wars and Cats are all influences. Pastiche score nods to-14. (254 3770). Arsenic and Old Lace (Eisenhower): chestnut comedy about two proper ladies who put poor men out of their misery while their nephew buries the bodies thinking he is Teddy Roosevelt building the Panama Canal. Ends Feb 14. Kennedy Center (254 3670).

lengarry (Hen Ross (Arena): David Mamet's cutthroat real-estate salesmen show off one aspect of the soft underbelly of American capitalism in its bestion of political support. Ends March 8. (488 3300).

The Three Sisters and The Cherry Orchard by Chekhov. SCOT (Suzuki Company of Toga) led by Tadashi Suzuki, best-known for The Trojan Women move from very Japanese interpretations of the classics to Chekhov. While these productions may be controversial, nonetheless Suzuki continues to experiment - the on-ly Japanese avant garde director not stuck in a rut. Seibu Theatre 200. Seibu Department Store. Ikebukuro Branch, 12 fl. (Wed). (950 0111 Ext 5323).

Continued on Page 14

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(443 3800).

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For the three months 30th January 1987 to 29th April 1987 the notes will carry an interest rate of 4,15% (Fibor less 0,10%) per annum with a coupon amount for DM 51,88 per DM 5 000,— note. The relevant interest payment date will be 30th April 1987.

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FINANCIAL TIMES

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Monday February 2 **AUCTIONS**

Tuesday February 3 OIL TRADING

Thursday February 5 SCOTTISH TEXTILES

The date of the Financial Times surveys may be changed at short notice

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TO THE HOLDERS OF C\$100,000,000 111/2% NOTES DUE DECEMBER 15, 1989 SERIES RC

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN pursuant to paragraph 7(8) of the Fiscal Agency Agreement dated as of December 13, 1984 between EXPORT DEVELOPMENT CORPORATION ("EDC") and ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED (the "Fiscal Agent"), and in accordance with Condition 5(c) of the Terms and Conditions of the 11½% Notes Due December 15, 1989 Series RC (the "Notes"), that EDC has elected to redeem C\$6,050,000 aggregate principal amount of the Notes in the denominations of C\$1,000 and C\$10,000 each bearing the distinguishing letters "RC" and the under-mentioned distinguishing numbers, namely:

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FOR THE C\$10,000 DENOMINATED NOTES

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have been selected by lot by the Fiscal Agent for redemption on the 2nd day of March, 1987 at a redemption price equal to 101% of their principal amount plus accrued interest to the date of redemption (totalling C\$1,034-60 per C\$1,000 Note and C\$10,345-97 per C\$10,000 Note). The aggregate principal amount of the Notes outstanding after 2nd March, 1987 will be C\$10,151,000. All the notes listed above will be redeemed on 2nd March, 1987 in Canadian Dollars upon presentation and surrender of the said Notes (accompanied by the interest coupons appertaining thereto which mature after 2nd March, 1987 failing which the face value of any missing unmatured coupon will be deducted from the sum due for payment), at any of the following paying agents, at the option of the holder:

> Orion Royal Bank Limited London Wall. London EC2Y 5JX England

The Royal Bank of Canada (France) S.A. 3 rue Scribe. 75440 Paris France

The Royal Bank of Canada AG

Bockenheimer Landstrasse 61,

6000 Frankfurt/Main 1,

The Royal Bank of Cenada rue Diday 6, 1204 Geneva,

Kredictbank S.A Luxambourgoise. 43 Boulevard Royal,

West Germany NOTICE IS ALSO HEREBY GIVEN, that all interest on the Notes so called for redemption shall cease to accrue on or after the said 2nd day of March, 1987, and coupons for the payment of interest after such date on said Notes shall be void.

DATED AT LONDON This 30th day of January, 1987. by ORION ROYAL BANK LIMITED

The Royal Bank of Canada

Royal Bank Plaza,

Toronto, Ontario M4J 2J5

Canada

The Royal Bank of Canada

(Belgium) S.A.

B-1000 Bruxelles, Belgium

rue de Ligne 1.

Fiscal Agent



2955 Luxembourg

A CAR SO ADVANCED, IT TOOK 7 YEARS TO BUILD.

AT A COST OF £700 MILLION.

IT'S CALLED THE 7 SERIES.

(WHAT ELSE?)



With the arrival of the new BMW 7 Series, the rest of the car industry seems to have slipped into reverse.

If that hadn't been the case, the designers would

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have failed.

Because their brief was as simple as it was succinct; build the world's best luxury car, no expense spared.

Nor was it.

For example, the new 7 Series has more computer processing power under its bonnet than any other car

has ever had before.

Part of which is the new Motronic III. It not only controls the engine, it also controls itself.

As an example, one electronic circuit backs up another. Making it virtually impossible to have an electronic failure leading to a breakdown.

Another computer records what's gone wrong with the car in the 15,000 miles between services. Even if it's an intermittent fault, it will still be recorded.

And reported to the dealer's computer when it's hooked up for a service.

But innovation isn't confined to micro-chips.

The 3.0 litre engine and the 3.5 litre engine, already praised for their "turbine-like smoothness," have been made smoother still.

And faster. (0-60 in 7.6 seconds with a top speed of 145 mph in the 735i.)

in all, you'll find no less than 32 major innovations in the new BMW 7 Series.

And while you might find some of them in one or two other exceptional cars, if you want all of them there's only one place to go.

Your BMW dealer.

Unless you're prepared to wait for a few years while the others catch up.



THE NEW RAW 7 CEDIES

THE BMW 7351 COSTS £24,850. THE BMW 7351 SPECIAL EQUIPMENT COSTS £31,750. THE BMW 7301 AND 7301SE AVAILABLE MAY, PRICES, CORRECT AT TIME OF GOING TO PRESS, EXCLUDE DELIVERY AND NUMBER PLATES.

FOR A NEW BMW 7 SERIES INFORMATION FILE OR THE 7.SERIES VIDEO, PLEASE WRITE TO: BMW INFORMATION SERVICE, PO BOX 46, HOURSLOW, MIDDLESEX, OR TELEPHONE 01-897 6665. FOR TAX FREE SALES, 56 PARK LANE, LONDON W1. TELEPHONE: 01-629 9277.

Set-fast sexism

Rate It directed by Lucy Winer and Boy Soldier directed by Karl Fran-

Escalier 'C' directed by Jean-Charles Tachella The Keep directed by Michael

A TV sex show host with a roving video camera and a Brooklyn accent boasts about his "ability to undress goils":
his speciality being to stop
young women in the street and
persuade them to reveal bits of themselves to the camera in dark alleys or doorways.

A porn cinema proprietor hymns the merits of his latest attraction, Blood Sucking Freaks. A video game designer shows off his version of "Custer's last stand," featuring graphic impropriety between the General and a Red Indian In Rate It X, a documentary

Koenigsberg, the American male's pursuit of pleasure continues apace from coast to ment, they've produced a film coast, even in the age of femi- full of quirks, colour and nism, the moral majority, Aids eccentricity. and other disincentives to the aggressive libido. What we sowed in the Swinging 60s we are certainly reaping in the Stinging 80s, courtesy of that nameless nemesis who is filling nameless nemesis who is filling in Ulster. And if that sounds the path of sex with deadly nettles. But at least in this cultural pedigree is as nothing film. made by women for to its structure: a narrative tackwomen about men's attitudes to
women, unreconstructed male
lust and cavial statements. lust and sexual stereotyping hold onto your hat to under-

thing with male hormones that moves, the hope being that the scapegoat murder charge after a house of the hope being that the scapegoat murder charge after shooting a young Irishman in thing with male hormones that moves, the hope being that the subject will condemn himself shooting a young Irishman in out of his own mouth. (Never mind the irons that the microphone they use is the largest and most phallic in screen memories dart all over the place.)

Army training in Northern Iron. and most phalic in screen memories dart all over the place. history). As well as the three charmers mentioned above, we have an undertaker who insists that even in an age of "unisex caskets" you can still get (from him) oak for men and pink lining for wamper a cake-maker. lining for women; a cake-maker romance with a Catholic girl, whose gateaux come in the who is later tarred and

form of bikini'd female torsoes; a tattooist who claims that though men dislike the pain but brave it, women get a sexual thrill from the overmastering needle; and a bunch of war veterans who cuss and stamp something terrible when asked how they would react if their son started playing with dolls. "Dolls?" rephes one at first, thinking he must have misheard, "Dolls or dogs?"

This is the kind of film to which the most sensible reaction is probably to cry, "A plague on both your houses." Aplague on the interviewees with their set-fast sexism and tunnel-

plague on the interviewees with when Francis's political axe be-their set-fast sexism and tunnel- gins to grind, giving off the vision machismo (though I have a sneaking regard for Ugly George, the sex show host dressed like a rent boy from Ancient Greece, who lets everything hang out from a pair of bullies or duffers. And White-sagging pectorals to his own hall is represented by Bernard sleaziness). And a plague on Hill as an effete Machiavel in sleaziness). And a plague on Hill as an effete Machiavel in the film's makers. They go dark glasses, given to toying about seeking men ready to menacingly with an egg sand-damn themselves, and their wich while murmuring about own off-camera silence has the loftiness of high feminist piety. But somehow, more by acci-dent, one suspects, than judg-

Karl Francis's Boy Soldier is a film funded by Welsh TV, with Welsh and English dialogue, set

screams and sparks of anti-British feeling, does the movie lose breadth and power and become a broadsheet. The British officers are almost all either wich while murmuring about "our political masters." The conspiracy theory of politics is clearly alive and well, with a bramh in Welsh television.

With Jean-Charles Tachella's Escalier 'C.' Cannon continues to dispense from its stockpile of comid-readful foreign movies.

of semi-dreadful foreign movies. This is a French film of the "toute la vie humaine est ici" school. All-human-life dramas set in apartment blocks used to be a standby of American theatre. The likes of Elmer Rice or Clifford Odets would have a grand of time throwing near-opposites at each other under the same roof: the Prostitute, the aspiring Writer, the failed Boxer, the Rich Lady fallen on hard times, and so on. Now we are at it in the cinema and in modern-day Paris, and the techniques seems even more formulary than it did before.

Tachella, who crafted the middlebrow arthouse hit Cousin Cousine gives us a poisonous art critic (Robin Renucci) taught by life's lessons to be less toxic. He discovers the pain and humanity beneath the sur-face of his neighbours' lives: the young homosexual (Jacques Bonaffé), the drunken old typo-



Ugly George in "Rate it X"

berself (Mony-Rey).

Given neighbours like this, I personally would have sought rented accommodation in an abandoned shepherd's but in the Camargue. But Tachella thinks such trials and lessons are good for one, and the film rams home its sentimental morality tale at great length and with few pauses for anything so frivolous as wit or

Four years ago The Keep was bubbling away in production at Shepperton Studios and on British location, Columbia's intended blockbuster of the year. A tale of Nazis, castles and vampiric monsters, it had a \$20m budget, an up-andcoming director (Michael Mann of The Jericho Mile and Theif) and what was hoped would be a riot of Special FX.

Seeing it today on its first British release, long after it flopped in America, one can understand why the Columbia chiefs blew their corporate fuses and shelved the film swiftly after its first exposure. The plot, adapted by Mann from a shock-horror best-seller by F. Paul Wilson, has come out as not be a feast for the mind, a completely gaga piece of grand but it is a minor banquet for grapher (Michel Aumont), the a completely gaga piece of grand but it is quarrelling married couples, the guignol. Rack his brain how he the eyes.

unhappy Jewish lady who hangs will, the viewer cannot understand why the Nazi troop led by Jurgen Prochnow insist on immuring themselves in this Romanian castle which they know to be demon-possessed; why Ian McKellen as a Jewish paranormal expert (paroled from Dachau) cannot come up with some decent ideas for combatine the monster; what Scott Glenn is doing as one Glacken Trismegistus, who comes all the way from Greece to meet the monster and who leaks green blood when injured: and who exactly the said mon-ster is supposed to be.

> But-and it is a fair butthe film looks sensational. Per-haps Columbia should have been more tolerant of the movie as a folie de grandeur by a team of Gothic visionaries. There are vast underground vistas of dripping castle; there is whooshing ectoplasmic cannibalism as Molasar (that is the monster) eats his Nazi prey skin and soul, like a cosmic vacuum cleaner; and there is the beautiful mist-hung there is the beautiful mist-hung Romanian village, built by Mann's team (in a Welsh slate quarry) in the tortured-picturesque style of German Expressionism. The Reep may

Tosca/Coliseum

Max Loppert

The new Jonathan Miller production of Tosca, updated to 1944, was first shown at last year's Magio Musicale Fiorenyear's magio Musicale Floren-tino. It caused a big stir (which was reported on this page by William Weaver). Feelings about the recent Fascist past are still raw in Florence, and

In London, by contrast, the show had already been preceded by a visiting Scottish Opera Tosca in a not dissimilar vein and style. There is always room of the opera that has been fully, thoroughly produced. Elsewhere, the characters appear to have been lined up, more or less, and left to their own devices. The relationship between the lovers e left to their own devices. The relationship between the lovers legoes for very little — and Miss Barstow, always an actively infirst love duet and romantic rapture in the second as if in compensation. An updated 1 Tosca is not an unreasonable 1 Proposition, despite the minor 1 hiccups of logic involved (a fan as an accourtement of disguise, in 1944? a free pass to leave 1 the country by sea as the Allies 1 take Anzio?). Attending to matters of dress and location is an insufficient way of carrying it through.

Miss Barstow, whose first ENO Tosca is still recalled with pleasure from a decade ago, is in splendidly free voice: the once the voices were covered top Cs ring out, the lyrical lines are finely drawn, the timbre sugfor another re-think of a much-played repertory opera; but the feeling at the Coliseum on Wednesday seemed to me consider-ably less of revelation than of deja vu. This is, in sum, another example of a Miller opera pro-duction that proves more enjoyable to have read about in advance than actually to visit—preceded by much lively, quotable talk (the good doctor claims to have found A Way To Do Tosca), experienced for much of its course as curiously inert, despite all the obvious interesting ideas and inven-

The most striking feature is the huge, high-ceilinged single set, angled on a rightward set, angled on a rightward slope and covering the right front boxes, that Stefanos Lazaridis has designed — a massive, brilliant piece of theatrical engineering. It serves the first two acts of the serves the first two acts of the serves the serves than the third but opera better than the third, but even there the off-balance theatrical image produces its own sense of sleight-of-hand

tions.

Miller exposed them.

In Act 2, the appurtenances of Scarpia's war office (map of Rome at the back, typist ticking away at the side, large black work table in the centre, metal lamps everywhere) lend a crisply cinematic focus to the confrontation of Scarpia and Tosca; and Neil Howlett (in Vittorio Gassmann slicked hair and moustache) and Josephine Barstow (in a smashing black dress with a low back plunge) play it out with keenly economical dramatic intensity. Along the way Miller's Scarpia is

revealed as a Bunuel-style foot fetishist (this actually sorts less well with Puccini's music than with the Sardou-inherited libretto); the details of torture and the insinuations of Scarpla's lackeys (Stuart Kaie and Malcolm Rivers) are touched in with light but chilling effectiveness. a more experienced Tosca conductor would surely have guided his and Miss Barstow's (not his and hi



Neil Howlett and Josephine Barstow

City of Birmingham SO/Festival Hall

andante).

In that pounding first movement, the grip—especially of those impossible swirling eddies of tempo, violent, unpredictable—was masterly. The scherzo was thrilling: a fast, savage beat, the basic stuff from which a marvellous variety of collisions and vivid colours were effort—to the last, turned upon itself, coil upon coil—Rattle didn't restore the third hammerblow which Mahler (some say, super-tiously) excised, but the music itself so graphically embraces the darkness of defeat at this point that nothing more is needed to drive the

Dominic Gill

Society presentation) jutaposed two contrasting sixth sym-phonies, by Sibelius and Mahler.

The Sixth is Sibelius's shortest symphony, and a characteristic child of his artistic maturity—a period whose chief procupation preoccupation, and most brilliant achievement, was (in Robert Simpson's neat summing up) "the ability to hint at vast views and close-focus intimacy; measuring out the middle movements with gentle precision, and a hint of wryness; and in the Surprisingly, it was in the briefest, flash of titanic forces—

> That sort of delicate Sibelian balance is exceptionally difficult to sustain; and in its quiet way it was perhaps even more impressive than Rattle's vivid, forthright Mahler's Sixth. I was sorry only to hear that Rattle has not yet been converted to

struck out on his own, gather-ing together a number of experienced instrumentalists

Volans—four can be confidently glockenspiel and piano, closer to assigned to the broad church of Brahms than to any more recent the "new simplicity," a long model. Kevin Volans's Into way from the densely determinist scores favoured by Metanois. The emphasis also appears to be on premieres this size. to be on premieres; this time

London New Music/Purcell Room **Andrew Clements** Michael Blake was one of receiving its first British perthe founding directors of the formance) had by far the contemporary - music group highest specific gravity, a tightly Metanoia. But he has now worked concerto for violin, clarinet, bass clarinet and piano. with crystalline outlines and clinically clean textures. And

Morton Feldman's violin and under the unprepossessing Morton Feldman's violin and name of London New Music. If piano Spring of Chosroes (1977, the selection of pieces for the another UK premiere) had group's debut in the Purcell easily the lowest, a sequence of Room on Wednesday is an disconnected gestures for the accurate guide, Blake intends two instruments which was to explore a rather different neither ingratiating nor product neither ingratiating nor producarea of contemporary music tively abrasive.
from that covered by Metanoia.

Of the two works written ex-American music promises to be well represented, while of Howard Skempton's Finding the five composers in the first programme — Zimmermann, of four tiny, sweetly nostalgic feldman, Skempton, Wolpe, inventions for clarinet, cello, because the control of the two works written expenses to the work of the sweetly nostalgic inventions for clarinet, cello, the sweetly nostalgic inventions are sweetly nostalgic inventions.

the composer as "a slightly African sort of Totentanz," it to be on premieres; this time only Walter Zimmermann's 25 offers two movements, one a Kärwa-Melodien, the clarinet fractured, ghostly dance, the duet from his Lokale Musik, was other a static, introverted piece of pattern-making, inconclusive familiar.

It made a short, nicely varied but naggingly original. Forth-concert, perhaps lacking one weightier piece to give a solid centre. Stefan Wolpe's From already hinting at a positive here on farther (1969, but identity,

R. A. finds a White Knight

minated manuscripts, carveu ivories, etc but also more momentous works, such as the armour of the Black Prince and the funeral effigy of Duke Robert Curthose, from Gloucester Cathedral. An attempt will be

frescoes from Greece, including

the period from 1200-1400, and is seen as a successor to the exhibition of Romanesque art held at the Hayward Gallery in the year, apart from the gothic 1985. It has the same designer, art, is the Summer Show which has become a great commercial success. Last wooder collection take up is seen as a successor to the exhibition of Romanesque and the woodner collection take up is seen as a successor to the exhibition of Romanesque and the woodner collection take up is seen as a successor to the exhibition of Romanesque art. It will be an expensive show to mount, bringing together stained glass windows, filuminated manuscripts, carved works of art. In all 500,000 tors, who spent almost film on works of art. In all 500,000 people went to the RA in 1985-1986.

people went to the RA in 19851986.

This was not enough and the
Academy made a loss. The new
financial year beginning in
October is proving much
better, with attendances already
up to 250,000, thanks in part
to the successful current
exhibition of British art in the
20th century. The RA expects
to make a profit this year, no
little helped by the fact that
in £5.3m. from which the
endowment fund of £4m is producing much needed income.
The RA needs to raise £1.4m
to pay its normal outgoings,
are planned to produce a
half that sum, with the rest
coming from Friends, sponsors,
investment income, etc.

Antony Thorncroft

Antony Thorncroft

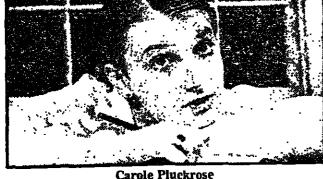
Fallen/Drill Hall, W.C.1.

Claire Armitstead

On April 14 1984 the body stillborn and abandoned in a

of a baby boy was found washed field. up by the sea at Cahirciveen on the Irish coast. He had been celebre of the male establish- out of a 34-month collaboration stabbed to death. Just over a ment versus the female indi- between Teale, director Julia fortnight later a farming family vidual, Joanne Hayes was put Bardsley and actress Carole from Abbeydorney, some 50 on unofficial trial. At issue were Pluckrose, during which they miles distant, were taken in for questioning by the police. corner of history; that it is real and recent gives a ready made kick to Polly Teale's Fallen, a

That was the start of the gadabout husband and another they stress, is fiction within a for the country girl whose child young unmarried mother was interrogated and charged with one rule for a never they stress, is fiction within a for the country girl whose child young unmarried mother was interrogated and charged with one rule for a never they stress, is fiction within a for the country girl whose child young unmarried mother was interrogated and charged with one rule for a never they stress, is fiction within a for the country girl whose child young unmarried mother was interrogated and charged with one rule for a never they stress, is fiction within a for the country girl whose child young unmarried mother was interrogated and charged with one rule for a never they stress, is fiction within a for the country girl whose child young unmarried mother was interrogated and charged with one rule for a never they stress, is fiction within a for the country girl whose child young unmarried mother was interrogated and charged with a crime which-quite incident- least to some dim and distant ally, apparently, to the powers that be-would have involved becoming pregnant by two different men within the space stark, harrowing, one-woman re-creation of the murder that given birth to a baby, but it was never was



Carole Pluckrose

Continued from Page 12

WEST GERMANY

was 76: Toulouse-Lautree. A retro-spective of 130 paintings and picture studies by Henri de Toulouse-Lau-tree (1884-1901). Ends March 15.; lannover, Sprengel Museum Kurt-Schwitters-Platz Pablo Picasso, the sublitting is the most complete dis-

exhibition is the most complete dis-play of Picasso's works seen in Ger-

play of Picasso's works seen in Ger-many, showing the 417 pieces donat-ed in 1969 by the industrialist Bernhard Sprengel, Sprengel, who died last year, was Germany's lead-ing collector of Picasso's works. The exhibition, with 400 graphic art prints and 17 oil paintings covers the artist's complete artistic range from 1904 to 1968, spanning cubism. classicism and surrealism, as well as Picasso's most recent works.

as Picasso's most recent works. Ends Mar 15.

Munich, Lenbachhaus, Luiseustrasse

33: Franz von Lenbach (1836-1904). The painter had himself built a Pa-

last in the Italian renaissance style, finished in 1891. His widow then sold it to Munich in 1925. To mark

the 150 anniversary of his birth, the Lenbach Villa will be redecorated with the original furniture and pain-tings of the artist. The exhibition displays 180 pictures and paintings in several rooms. Lenbach, celebrat-ed above all for his portraits, stud-ed at the academy for arts in Mu-

red at the academy for arts in Mu-

nich under Karl von Piloty. Ends March 29.

ITALY

Florence: Palazzo Pitti: The theatrical costumier Umberto Tirelli's fine col-

lection of costumes dating from the

eighteenth century to the present recently donated to the Pitti's Mu-

Tühingen, Kunsthalle Philosophe

Exhibitions

seum of Costume, particularly stri-king are the gorgeously embroid-ered men's jackets from the 1700s. Also includes a section of the cos-tumes made in the Tirelli work-

shops for productions by Luchino Visconti, Luca Ronconi, Franco Zeffrelli and Pier Paolo Pasolini with photographs taken on stage. Ends March 8.

Bome: Galleria Nazionale di Arte An-tica: (Palazzo Barberini, via delle Quattro Fontane): Works by Cara-

vaggio, normally spread throughout various museums and churches in Rome (mainly from the Villa Borgh-

ese, which houses the largest num-ber) with a handful of paintings of doubtful attribution. Ends Feb 28.

Rome: Museo Napoleonico: (Piazza di Ponte Umberto I): The Guillotine, fascinating, but gruesome exhibi-tion, illustrating the history and use of the guillotine via a series of en-

gravings and watercolours from the Museo Carnavalet and the Bibliote-

ca Nazionale in Paris. Dr Luisi Guil-

lotin is exonerated for its invention,

(being merely the promoter of a law which extended its use – as being

which extended its use — as being more humane — to all, not merely noble, prisoners). Numerous engravings show the beheading of Louis the Sixteenth. Also included is the drawing by David of the cropped-headed Marie-Antolnette on her way to the scaffold. Ends Feb 8.

Venice: Palazzo Ducale: China in Ven-ice: Chinese Civilisation from the Han Dynasty to Marco Polo (25-1279 AD): 150 objects, including silks, brocades, jewellery, terracotts

figures, glass and porcelain lent by the Peking Museum. Many result from recent excavation, and most have never been out of China. The exhibition covers the main period of

Chinese art, and the objects found in tombs, buried with the owner for

his use in the hereafter, shed a fas-

cinating light on life in the period. Ends March 1987.

First seen at last year's Edinburgh festival, where it carried In what has become a cause off a fringe first, Fallen grew on unofficial trial. At issue were Pluckrose, during which they her morals and those of a went to Ireland and met Hayes society with one rule for a herself. Their impressions (this, a magnificent performance from Pluckrose as the renamed Siobhan, a child in a woman's body, whose swollen waistline is pathetically at odds with her

> goods," and her stubborn refusal. to contemplate "contraceptions" because what would he think? into loose sentimentality is kept on its toes by Bardsley, con-

passion for wrapping parcels,

What could so easily lapse exciting young directors the fringe has to offer. There is chairs which she orders and reorders only to send them crashing to the floor in the pain of her interrogation. It is an piece.
ugly story, beautifully told.
Mint

Rome, Galleria Giulia (via Giulia 148): The three rooms of this small gallery each devoted to the works of one

young Italian arust Roberto Ginglo zi's mythological bronzes, Giorgio Russi's sinister explorations of na-ture in terracotta and black, and

Claudio Marullo's cheerful inconse

quential and highly-coloured oils. Feb 4.

PARIS

Musee d'Orsay. The spectacular mu-seum of the 19th century is situated opposite the Tuileries Gardens with-in the metallic structure and the glass-roofed vault of the vast Belle

glass-routed valut of the vast helle Epoque railway station. It houses paintings, sculptures, objets d'art and photographs from the end of the romantic period to the begin-nings of modern art and the impres-sionist and Post-Impressionist col-

lections formerly in the Jeu de Paume. Here they are counterbal-

anced by academic painters, their

The sculptures come into their own in the immensity of the nave, at the end of which is a large-scale model of the opera and its district below glass tiles. The view of Paris from the terraces is an additional delight. Musée d'Orsay, Entrance 1, rue de Bellechasse (4549 4814). Closed Mon.

Japon des Avant-Gardes: A multi-dis-

agon des Avant-Gardes: A multi-disciplinary exhibition of some 500 objects retraces the 1910-70 period in
painting, architecture and technology and is completed by a musical,
theatrical and cinematographical
programme. The influence of Japanesse art on Western culture is wellknown, the European inspiration of
modern creativity in the Land of the
Rising Sun much less so. The exhibition shows the tensions and contradictions of artists trying to ab-

David Murray Shlomo Mintz played both impressively large, and uni-

Shlomo Mintz/Elizabeth Hall

violin and viola on Wednesday formly dense with vibrato. in a decidedly off-the-beaten- Listeners who prefer the track programme: the forgotten original clarinet versions of the Mendelssohn violin sonata that Brahms op 120 sonatas will not Menuhin brought to light only have had their allegiance shaken; the effect here was conviolin version of the "Trockne siderably less alert and flexible than a mature clarinettist can manage, and therefore danger ously bland. For once Ostrovsky made a full name of the late Brahms of large street and the moreover between large-scale distant of the late of the la clarinet sonatas. The pianist amabile, and the movement Ostrovsky made a full partner, forward but not overbearing, evidently in complete musical on the later movements, which sympathy with the soloist. Mintz cultivates a bright

could only conjecture whether more and lighter tints might have made still more of the

own ancestral traditions. Centre Georges Pompidou. Closed Tue, Ends March 2 (4277 1233).

Tarento's Gold: Some 1000 exhibits, of

which 250 are of gold or other pre-cious materials, bear witness to the sumptious way of life in ancient Tarento. Found in tombs, the trea-

sure consists of earrings, bracelets

sure consists of earrings, bracelets and necklaces, all exquisitely worked by goldsmiths during the Hellenistic period. Even everyday objects are stamped with the same high artistic quality, as are delight-ful clay statuettes. Musee Jacque-mart-Andre (4289 0491), closed Mon. Frde Feb 12

Ministure furniture of the Vendeuvre collection, normally housed in the Château Vendeuvre in Calvados on view in the Louvre des Antiquaires.

of journeymen's skill, others re-duced-scale models to tempt some royal client, others elaborate dolls-house furnishings or expression.

house furnishings or expressions of religious fervour. There is some-

religious fervour. There is some-thing especially appealing in the small dimensions of a 17th century cupboard in turned wood, of an Ital-ian 18th century chest-of-drawers inlaid with ebony, ivory and tor-toise-shell and an Empire armchair in mahagony decorated with bronze laurel-leaves. Louvre des Anti-quaires, 2 Place Palais Royal, open Tue to Sun, ends March 1 (4297 2700).

SPAIN

Madrid, Modern American printmak-lng, original engravings by 18 US painters showing the resurgence and impact of printmaking in the States. Since the 50s many work-shops have contributed to the prolif-eration of quality works on tanger

eration of quality works on paper, this show represents the different aspects. Audrey Flack's Fotoreal-

Ends Feb 13

emerged with credit.

and its Schöne Müllerin context. It was nice to be persuaded that he is not after all just another super-efficient performer joining the international music circus.

—his schwungwoll allegro was undeniably effective, but the basic pulse must be as broad as it is commanding, and it must be significantly slower than the scherzo's (even though Mintz's sound on the viola was national music circus.

sound on the violin, strong and purposeful and not greatly varied. Recently I was admiring the bold range of speaking tone

Surprisingly, it was in the briefest, flash of titanic forces—
a glimpse of towering peaks and waterfalls—before serenity returns.

There, the well-honed technique carried lively to the series of delicate Sibelian. that Gidon Kremer brings to Schumann's sonatas on record; Mintz is almost at the opposite extrema with a series of the series of extreme, with a tone so settled any but the very best flautists any polished that nuances have to be conveyed chiefly by phrasing and articulation. In ploiting what a clever violin can ploiting what a clever violin can not an item on the stage that is not part of the drama — from the pendant window through which Siobhan moons, to the stage that is something that was quite good the pendant window through which Siobhan moons, to the address of both players. One and its Schöne Müllerin constitution. In ploiting what a clever violin can has not yet been converted to the correct slightly slower tempo than the one he still chooses for the Mahler first movement.

1920s photographs starts its American tour showing the evocative pan-oramas and fleeting moments on the streets of Paris between the figurism or Kenneth Hale's Post-Modernism are shown. Achna. San Bernardo 107. Ends Feb 5.

185 titlos, drawings and his influen-tial graphics of his large output peri-od. Emphasis is his preoccupation with themes of life and death (friezes of life). Fundacion la Caixa, Passeig San Joan 103. Ends March Madrid, Ben Nicholson (1894-1982):

Barcelona, Edvard Munch (1863-1944)-

English abstract painter who kept to his idioms with remarkable constan-cy. His paintings and reliefs are geometrically inspired and derive geometrically inspired and creative from the austerer forms of cubism. His abstracts remained unvarying until well after the Second Work War, producing monochrome reliefs that relied for their effect on the in-terplay of finely related surfaces. Sixty-six works on loan by the Tate Gallery, the Moma and Guggen-heim, the Kunsthaus and Phillips collection, mostly from 1919-1981. Fundacion Juan March, Castello 77. Ends March 29.

NETHERLANDS

Amsterdam, Van Gogh Museum, The seven Van Gogh sketchbooks have now been reconstructed and are on display for the first time, with the associated drawings and paintings. Ends Feb 8.

Metropolitan Museum: 90 paintings from the end of Van Gogh's life are the focus of this second of a two-part show of the prolific artist at Saint-Remy and Auvers. The Starry Night and Cypresses come from this peri-od working first in an asylum in Saint-Remy and then in Auvers, where he committed suicide in July 1890, Ends March 22,

NEW YORK

Museum of Modern Art: The 1985 Grand Palais exhibit of Lartigue's

wars. Ends March 24. Metropolitan Museum of Art: The detropolitan Museum of Art: The Prints of Pieter Bruegel with over 85 works consists primarily of engravings made in Antwerp in the 1560s after Bruegel paintings, but also includes the only woodblock with a Bruegel drawing on it. Ends March 15.

Art Institute: The art of Italian Renaissance armourers, with suits em bossed with Greek and Roman dei ties and fantastic creatures of the artists' imagination, is on display in a special exhibit of French king Henry IT's armour borrowed from Hever Castle, Ends Mar 1.

nes of Old Tokyo: 48 prints depict ing celebrated areas of 19th century Tokyo by renowned artist Kiyochi-ka Kobayashi, Sanju Shinizu and others Yushukan Treasury in Yasukuni Shrine. A museum of war mamorabilia is also sited in the pre-cincts. Near Kndanshita. Ends Jan

Edo Paintings and Noh Cosmmes: 22 exquisite works in delightful small museum, part of Otura Hotel. Oku-ra Shukokan Museum. Ends Feb 22. Closed Mondays.

Hokusai Landscapes from The Bos-tom Museum Collection: 100 prints from the 18th century artist Kat-sushika Hokusai. Tobacco and Salt Museum, Harajuku, set in Tokyo's most fashionable street, a weekend itinerary could also take in the Meiji shring and gardens, bamboo-shoot street dancers and refreshments at any of the wide variety of elegant cafes. Ends Feb. 8. Closed Mondays.

The largest-ever exhibition of English gothic art will be the highlight of the year at the Royal Academy. Entitled The Age of Chivalry to whet the popular appetite it covers art under the Plantagenets, roughly the period from 1200-1400, and is seen as a successor to the excession of July 24.

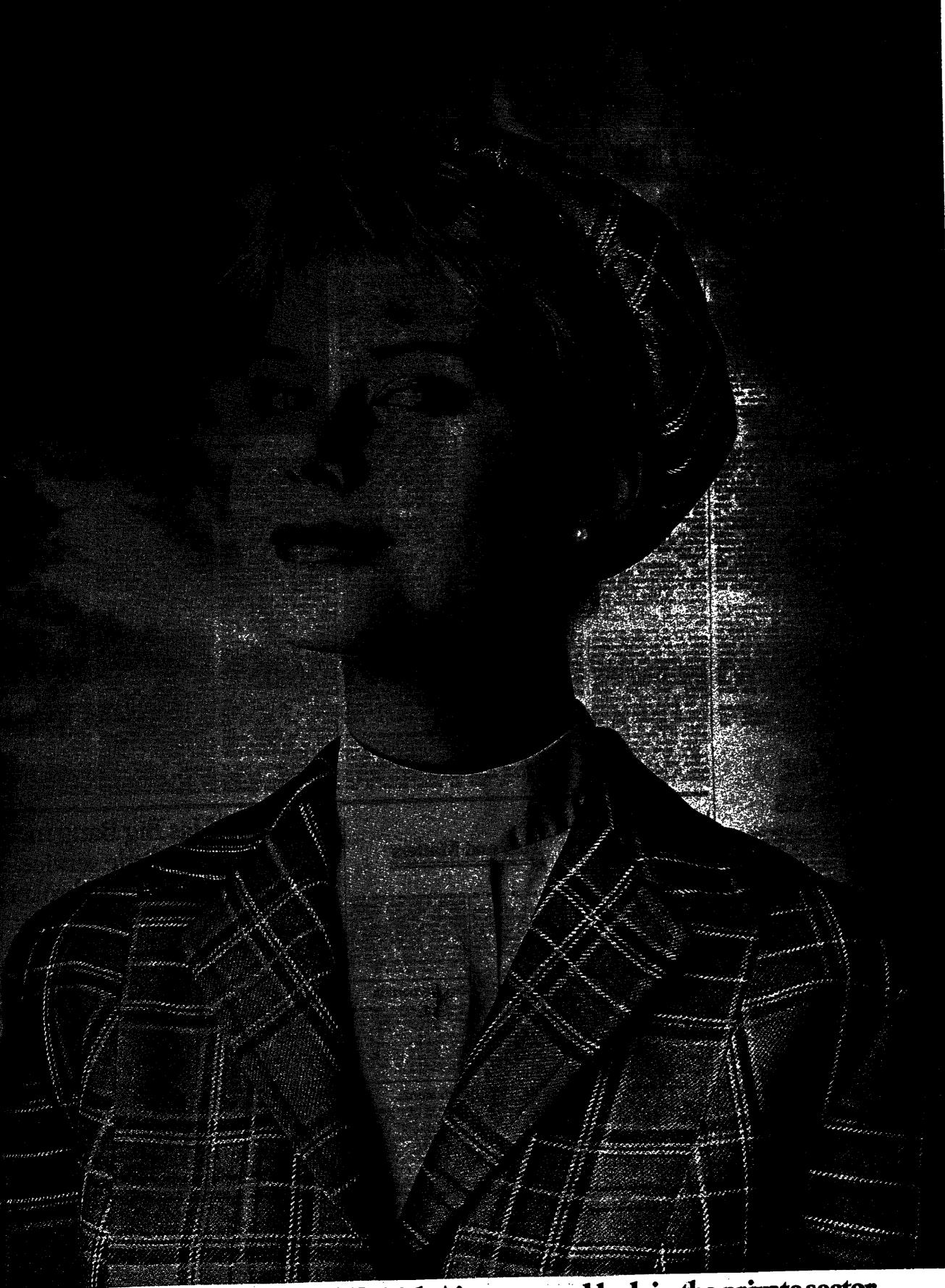
made to conjure up a medieval atmosphere.

atmosphere.

The exhibition is made possible thanks to a £400,000 guarantee by Lloyds Bank. It is the largest sum that the sponsorship hungry Royal Academy has ever attracted from a single company, and marks a change in strategy by Lloyds away from concentrating its aid on youth arts events and towards one major splash. The Age of Chivalry opens on November 6 and runs to March 6, 1988. 6, 1988.

The rest of the year at the RA looks tame in comparison. An exhibition of icons and

Hall



British Caledonian wish British Airways good luck in the private sector.

Telephone: 01-248 8000

Friday January 30 1987

Uneasy truce in trade war

common sense brought the US and the EEC back from the brink of a trade war yesterday, then the beautiful the US and the U when negotiators produced a EEC for the foreseeable future, draft deal aimed at ending their ranging from public subsidies confrontation over lost US grain to Airbus through Europe's ba/ sales to Spain and Portugal.

But even if the immediate problem over EEC enlargement has been resolved, it is hard not to feel deeply uneasy about the whole affair. As well as almost setting in train a damaging series of tit-for-tat trade measures affecting food exports, it threatened to shatter the fragile consensus surrounding the new round of multilateral trade negotiations launched last September in Uruguay.

Political agreement

Both sides are well aware that the fundamental issues which lay at the heart of the latest dispute—the problems of surplus production capacity and of subsidy—remain as intract-able as ever. Without a great deal of tact on both sides (something which has been noticeably lacking in recent months) the chances are that these problems will spill over into further bruising transatlantic battles in the next couple of years.

Yesterday's four-year deal, which now has to be ratified by Washington and by EEC member states, is a face-saver for both sides; it contains elements both of America's insistence on agricultural compensation for The danger, illustrated most the estimated \$400m worth of vividly by the "maize war," is grain sales it lost when Spain and Portugal joined the Community, and of the EEC's wish increasingly adopting could to compensate the US largely with tariff concessions on profoods or industrial

It is also quite explicitly a political agreement. There are people — including some senior officials on both sides of the Atlantic — who wanted a fullscale row over maize in order to stake out their positions on the broader trade issues and to head off domestic protectionist ires. They have been overruled, in part, for the sake of the political relationship between Europe and America.

But there is no escaping the fact that the negotiations on maize came perilously close to the edge. Next time, it will be that much more difficult to pre-

on the use of implanted hormones in meat production to telecommunications procure-ment and sales of machine tools. Above all, there is the running sore of agricultural surpluses and subsidies, and an escalating battle for market share between

For Europe, the lesson is clearer than ever; the Com-munity has absolutely no excuse mimity has absolutely no excuse for dithering about agricultural reform, still less for seeking to increase the level of protection afforded its farmers, as advocated this week by the unreconstructed EEC agricultural lobby. Trying to compensate farmers for internal reforms by raising barriers to imports such as corn gluten or taxing oils and fats would make matters much worse, and any temptation in Brussels to do so should be strongly resisted.

Complex problems

In America, with the balance of payments covered in red ink despite the drop in the dollar, Congressional feeling on trade is running very high indeed, and the Reagan Administration is inexorably hardening its line. cause any one of these indivi-dual disputes to erupt into something much more serious the process jeopardising the new Gatt (General Agreement on Tariff and Trade) round which is supposed to tackle the most difficult of them.

the centre of these talks; and the excesses of the Common Agricultural Policy will have to loom large in any negotiations on the subject. But the problems are exceedingly complex, and it is foolish for Washington - which is itself far from spotless when it comes to force the pace or to pick fights in specific sectors.

By doing so, President Reagan risks blustering away what modest chances progress there are.

Confronting City failures

HAS THE City of London failed the nation? Has self-regulation in the City broken down? In the highly charged atmosphere tant to give the panel statutory the highly charged atmosphere of Wednesday's Commons debate on the City neither of both call for straight answers going on. in the light of the unending stream of revelations about the way in which Guinness and its advisers behaved during the takeover of Distillers last year.

Some senior City figures argue that the chief culprit in the whole affair is Mr Ernest Saunders, the former chairman and chief executive of Guinness. and chief executive or Guinness.
On the basis of the facts that
have emerged so far, there can
be no doubt that blame attaches
to him. But there are wider issues on which the City cannot shuffle off responsibility, which relate to the way in which the whole takeover market

operates. Britain is too dependent on takeovers as a remedy for poor industrial management. It is therefore crucially important that the market in corporate control should not be rigged. By now it is all too clear that the market was throughly manipulated during the Guin-ness bid for Distillers through secret support operations for the Guinness share price in which supporters in and out of the City were offered informal indemnities or commercial advantage in exchange.

Extreme case

All this raises a huge question mark over the economic efficiency with which control of the British corporate sector is shuffled from one group of owners and managers to another. It also points an accusatory finger at the Take-over Panel, which polices this market on a self-regulatory basis. The question is whether the Guinness affair is on isolated case, as City apologists claim, or whether it highlights the need for widespread reforms, including statutory backing for takeover rules. Mr Paul Channon, the Secre- two.

powers and sanctions. He will resort to statutory regulation, bate on the City neither of he says, only if practitioners these questions was likely to cease to respect the system. clicit a coherent response. Yet Yet that is palpably what is In the 1970s the chief threat to the Takeover Panel came from the small fry at the fringes of the market, who did

the wider City interest. Informal indemnity arrangements were undertaken by secondary banks Today the threat comes from Morgan Grenfell, a top mer-Morgan Grenfell, a top mer-chant bank, which is acknow-ledged to have stretched the panel's rules to the limit in several bids; Guinness was simply the extreme case, as was Morgan Grenfell in the merchant banking fraternity.

Lost flexibility

When the Government comes to discuss the reform of the panel with the City authorities, it will not be short of loopholes crying out for closure. Much of the abuse in the Guinness bid for Distillers could have been avoided if the beneficial owners behind nominee names had been forced into the open. What is also needed is some recog-nition that today's deregulated capital markets are both more competitive and more inter-national; and that without some statutory support takeover rules cannot work. Practitioners may regret the loss of flexibility — but much of that flexibility has already been lost as the activities of Morgan Grenfell and others have led to excessively legalistic responses to the panel's rules.

The City's fallure does not however, reflect in any way on the new, hybrid form of regu-lation set out in the Financial Services Act which has yet to be tested in the market place. The issue has never been about self-regulation versus statutory regulation; merely about where to draw the line between the

MR GORBACHEV'S REFORMS

The party's over for the middlemen

By Patrick Cockburn in Moscow

speech to the Committee meeting this week marks a break with the past which can only be compared with Mr Nikita Khrushchev's renunciation of the Stalin era in a speech to the party congress in 1956.
Tuesday's address may have

lacked some of the drama of Mr Khrushchev's expose of mass murder and torture some years ago; but Mr bachev's denunciation of the incompetence, corruption and autocracy of Mr Leonid Brezhnev's rule from 1964 to 1982 can scarcely be said to have

Singled out for criticism in the speech were senior officials who "abused their authority, suppressed criticism, sought gain, and some of whom even become accomplices if not ties"—harsh words for a Central Committee whose 307 members include all the most senior civilian and military officials in the Soviet Union.

Soviet writers, capitalising on the greater freedom of expression permitted under Mr Gorhacher's policy of glasnost (openness), were quick to draw a parallel with 1956. "History is giving us today a second change and we must not let it slip. We must do everything we can to ensure the shift towards democracy becomes irrevers-ible," wrote Mr Mikhail Shatrov, a distinguished play-wright, in this week's issue of the news and cultural magazine Ogovek.

Mr Gorbachev's ability to take advantage of this second chance—and reverse the failure of Mr Krushchev—will lie in his capacity to bring about major changes in the Communist Party itself, the body which monopolises political power in the Soviet Union, Indeed, it was the announce-

ment of such changes, rather than the Soviet leader's denun-ciation of the Brezhnev era, which formed the nub of last Tuesday's speech. The proposed changes are aimed at introducstrong party and would represent a radical alternation in the Soviet political system. mented at a special party con-ference called for next year. Chief mang them was a proposal to introduce secret ballots, with a choice of candi-

The Bolshevik party was created by Lenin in the years before the 1917 revolution as a disciplined body designedw to obey orders from the top. From the fall of the Tsar to military style organisation, with party officials appointed and dismissed like military officers. The current Soviet leader's

proposals, however, would break this authoritarian mould although stopping well short of ending the party's monopoly of power. Nonetheless, elections by secret ballot would probably lead to the departure of many of the conservative middle-ranking party officials whom Mr Gorbachev has said was the main chatale to religi are the main obstacle to political and economic reform. Changes in the middle leader-ship would help ensure that the

The Brezhnev. old guard has been weakened; now the party machine is under attack

reforms introduced by Mr Gorbachev since coming to power in 1985 are not reversed. power in 1985 are not reversed. In an angry speech last The threat that they might be September, Mr Gorbachev exis endlessly debated, as much by foreign observers as by Soviets -- many of whom are anxious to avoid appearing too enthusiastic about glasnost, lest they find themselves on the wrong side of an altered party line in a few

more open, less afraid." Yet the most in

Given the fact that they have present reforms will not be Politburo approval, they are reversed is the general recognialmost certain to be imple-

decision-making on its head:
replacing the current system
which invariably leads to
unanimous ratification from
below of decisions handed down
from above.

The Bolshevik party was

compared to the rest of the
world during his rule. For all
its savagery, Stalinism can
claim to have successfully industrialised the Soviet Union and
won the war against Germany;
Brezhnevism can make no such

It is this belief that the old system has failed which gives real potency to the shift towards democracy and greater tolerance. Mr Gorbachev called last Tuesday for revolutionary measures to put right the wrongs of the past 20 years:
"We simply don't have any other choice. We must not retreat and we do not have anywhere to retreat to." Increasingly, these measures have focussed on politics rather

than simply economics: during his first year in power, Mr Gorbachev placed the main emphasis on economic reform. But since last summer he has underlined political change as of industry and agriculture.
Mr Gorbachev's plans for
democratising the political
system, if implemented, should

help him to answer a criticism sometimes heard within the Soviet Union, and more often outside it—that the reforms so far amount to no more than a "gentrification" of totalitarian-ism, a cosmetic clean-up of the unchanging face of Soviet com-

This argument has some force. Reforms are proceeding slowly, often sabotaged by inertia from party and state

pressed his crustration at the delay, describing how, after years of a new economic experiment at the crucial Ministry of Heavy Machine Building, virtually nothing had changed in its management and organisa-

"A lot of people have already The problem, according to Dr waited two years in expectation Roy Medvedev, the dissident that things will go back to what they were," says Mr Vitaly "restructuring has touched the Korotich, editor of Ogonek, higher ranks of the party but probably the most radical of so far has had only a little in-Soviet publications. But he sees fluence on the work of the this timidity diminishing: middle level." Few at this level which threaten their status; as Yet the most important they control day-to-day admini-reason for supposing that stration, they are in a position nothing.



Gerbachev: "history has given him a second chance."

appointed before the death of year. Mr Brezhnev in 1982. As

Mr Brezhnev in 1982. As of this year seven One prominent Brezhnev ministries and 36 enterprises appointee, Mr Dinmukhamed have adopted strict cost accountkunaev, a member of the Polit-buro since 1971, was retired this week—but this was seen as inevitable after he was fired

Ukraine, another close significant decade.
Brezhnev essociate, survived, decade.
Backed by a loyal party However, the appointment of machine and less vulnerable to more efficient senior managers and efforts to tackle bottlenecks and efforts to tackle bottlenecks.

they control day-to-lay administration, they are in a position strength at the top; but they cent. A good harvest also control to block change by doing pose no real threat to Mr tributed to this result.

Dr. Medvedex ergues that this they can the position of the produced any alternative to the policies he advocates. Resistance in the party of the policies of the policies he advocates. Resistance in the party of the policies of

party," says Dr Medvedev.

Opposition to reform at the out this week that the most top of the party is far less important of the laws altering strong, even though half of the present Central Committee was are only being introduced this

ing and are to become self financing. But it wil be 1990 changed over to the new system from his post as bead of the Not until later this year will party in the Central Asian changes take effect enabling republic of Kazakhstan in individuals to work on their own December. He had faced mount-ing criticism for incompetence in the service and small scale

Despite the high casualty rate among the Brezinev old guard over the past year, Mr labour will probably grow Vladimir Shcherhitsky, party leader in the Republic of the ukraine, another close significantly from the end of the decader.

petence and personal corrup-tion than some of the other vision of energy, have already major party bosses, he retained been reflected in strong

drink vodka," says Dr Medvedev, The same is true of the peasantry while the most dis-satisfied part of society is the party bureaucracy because of the large scale replacement of

The greatest active support for Mr Gorbachev comes from specialists, and the intelli-

Sakharov was released because it showed that Gorbachev must poet when the Soviet Union's best-known dissident was llowed to return from exile last December.

. Yet his support from among the media could well prove his most important asset in battling lists and other media workers back him much more firmly than the middle reaches of the party bureaucracy and he has relied heavily on them in conflicts with local party leaders. These are powerful allies. But This shows that party conmational income up 4.1 per cent strengthened, as he himself has servatives still have some and industrial output up 4.9 per said over the last year, by the strength at the top; but they cent. A good harvest also confact that nobody in the Soviet at a special party cone called for next year,
method of running the tions are perhaps the only way which economic change is likely proved economic performance in the villages is largely party conmethod of running the tions are perhaps the only way which economic change is likely proved economic performance in the villages is largely pasmethod of running the tions are perhaps the only way which economic change is likely proved economic performance in the villages is largely paswill lead to higher living sive. The longer it remains so,
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they have received little more initiative until the reforms he
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standards. "Harder work is the better are the chances that
which will allow the renewal of Institute in Moscow and one of
they have received little more in the villages is largely pasand they will lead to higher living sive. The longer it remains to take effect.

This would turn party Soviet Union fell back the middle section of the the most influential exponents.

Late Sizeweli team change

Ivor Manley, aged 55, the department of energy civil ser-vant most closely connected with the long-running Sizewell inquiry, is leaving the department just as the government prepares to make its crucial decision whether the pwr nuclear reactor should be built, as prepared this week by as recommended this week by the inspector, Sir Frank Layfield.

Manley is transferring with the same rank-deputy secre-tary-to the department of employment to replace Douglas Smith, who has become chair-man of the conciliation service

"I am disappointed that I will not be here to see Sizewell through to a decision," says Manley, who has worked hard behind the scenes to boost the public acceptability of nuclear power. "It is never convenient for civil servants to have to

A humorous man with a pas-sion for Russian literature he has served under six secretaries



all the invisibles paid

Men and Matters

of state in his 13 years at Montreal-based securities firm, energy.

nostalgia to the heady days of 1978 when Labour's Tony Benn, now an implacable foe of the pressurised water reactor, first tricity Generating Board to explore its possibilities.

Manley's last three years under Peter Walker have been the most tumultuous of his period in the department—marked as they were by the coal strike, the Chernobyl nuclear disaster, and the Sizewell inquiry and report.

At the department of em-ployment he will be covering in-dustrial relations, trade union law, and inner city problems.

Withdrawn

The abrupt and unannounce resignation this week of Bank of Nova Scotia's vice-chairman, Scott McDonald, points to a gentlemanly power struggle at the top of the most staid of Scotiabank says that McDonald, in charge of its inter-

national and Canadian retail business, has left for unspecified personal reasons after 25 years with the bank. Another factor may be that the other dechairman, Peter Godsoe, has recently emerged as the front-runner to succeed the pank's low-profile but respected chairman, Cedric Ritchie, who is due to retire within the next

Godsoe, aged 48, is an asser-tive and avuncular former ecountant and Harvard MBA who currently oversees North American corporate and investment banking, in an area where Scotiabank's strategists have lately shown unexpected flair. The bank sprang a surprise last November by setting up a

bank to enter the domestic securities business. Scotia bank's move, made possible by a hitherto-untested loophole in the Bank Act and a liberal regulatory climate in Quebec, was a key step in progress towards Canada's Big Bang, due to take place on June 30,

Double portion

There is a native canniness about British Caledonian Air-ways' latest promotion link with a number of London restaurants. The airline is giving away vouchers which entitle the bearer to a free bottle of wine "when eating a meal for two people or more" in one of the selected restaurants.

High words

Passions are runing high in the French Alps. There are still five years to go before the 1992 winter Olympics based at Albertville in French Savoy, but already tempers are waxing among the country's ski elite over plans for the event, Jean-Claude Killy, the ski

champion turned international businessman, yesterday resigned games organising committee. The hero of the 1968 Grenoble Olympics with three gold medals, had sparked off the row by redrawing the map for the sites of the various winter sports — cutting Menuires in favour of Meribel for the women's ski event and Tignes in favour of Val d'Isere for the men. He handed in his notice yesterday before a planned meeting with the mayors of the illted resorts.

Barbed words are now being exchanged between Killy and two other Olympic ski medal-lists, Marielle Goitschel and Leo Lacroix, over the merits of the

The struggle for supremacy on the slopes is now so fierce that the sports minister, Christian Bergelin, had to be called out of yesterday's all-day meeting of government mini-sters. He will try to mediate in the dispute.

Air worthies The privatisation of British Air-

ways has not gone unnoticed by the wealthy Brazilian state of Sao Paulo, currently wringing its hands over the poor per-formance of its airline VASP. In spite of a seat occupancy rate of nearly 100 per cent-maintained, it is claimed by disillusioned users, by the expedient of leaving numbers of would-be passengers behind in the terminal—the arriine tends to find the first workshift of leaving tends. to find profitability elusive.

Orestes Quercia, the gover-nor-elect of the state, is now thought to be looking at priva-tization as a means of dodging the ball-out bill. But it seems that some alimming will be needed at VASP before it can be offered to the public. It is difficult, nevertheless, to believe the claim by one of VASP's many critics that the airline employs 3.5 personnel to

ground I consulted a friendly British Airways official. He didn't need to refer to his computer to tell me that, if BA was run at need to recruit an extra 100,000 to its current 39,000 work force flights a year.

His line

A magazine cannot referred dele-sates to a CBI seminar yester-day its services in improving computer security. The magazine's directors certain Richard F. Hacker.

Observer

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THIS IS the week in which the Alkance has to begin climbing back from the fringe to the forefront of Buitish politics. Ever since the Liberals split on

defence policy at their annual assembly in Eastbourne last September, the Alliance has been languishing in the opinion polls at a point—sometimes below 20 per cent—which the

Liberal Party used occasionally to be able to reach on its own

before the alliance with the Social Democratic Party was

Clearly it is not good enough.
The Alliance will thus attempt
yet another "relaunch" at the
Barbican Centre in London at
the weekend.

One's natural inclination is to write that the attempt will at least partially succeed. The third party share of the vote has tended to rise over the years, even if the progression has been more of the three steps forward, two step backwards variety. At the lest general election in 1963 the Aliance polled around 26 per cent

polled around 26 per cent against some 28 per cent for the Labour Party, although that was not reflected in the number of

no reason to assume that the

advance will not continue, especially as the chird, party has often picked up support as the general election approaches while support for the Labour

When one thinks about it more closely, however, there are doubts. The Allience could be extremely vulnerable to attacks from both Labour and the Conservatives on the grounds that it has still not quite worked out what it is meant to be. It was one thing having a small third party (ie, the Liberals) to encourage the others by winning the odd by-election and causing the occasional flurry in the polls. It may be quite another having a

Easily the Alliance's weakest to be point is that it is not nearly as it that it is most obviously true on it is defence policy where the places since has picked up the places since the breakdown in

cient progress on arms control that by the mid-to-late 1990s. Yet

inconceivable breakthrough in arms control, while most of the

" ELiberals go along only celuct-

There is another practical

David Owen, the SDP leader,

nent. nstithe hick (Cs) stra-pted the itual

(rica ight

Sir,--There is no doubt that the Layfield Report is an impressive document — nearly a foot thick and packed with detail, but the fact that it is now

Politics Today

Not such a sound **Alliance** after all

By Malcolm Rutherford



difficulty. By the time the represent the natural instincts Alliance is in a position, if it of the SDP.

ever is, to have a direct say in defence policy, much of the SDP is not all that easy to money on the Trident successor fathom either. Mr Roy Jenkins, to Polaris will have been spent.

It will be easier therefore, and returned to the role of economic policy of the successor fathom either. It will be easier therefore, and returned to the role of economic policy of the successor. while support for the Labour to Polaris will have been are with Thident if Britain is to extremely vulnerable to attacks from both Labour and the Conservatives on the grounds that it is meant to be. It was one thing having a small third party (ie, the Liberals) to enter a Dr. Owen decided that the odd by-election and causing the odd by-election and causing the bulk of the Liberals. while the bulk of the Liberals concluded that it was better to

the occasional flurry in the polls. It may be quite another having a third grouping with larger pretensions. Some big guns could that it was better to renounce nuclear deterrence altogether.

be turned on it and the Alkiance will have to be prepared to fight back.

Cracks could also be found in the Alkiance's exittudes to civil nuclear power. The Liberals are nuclear power. The Liberals are on the whole against it. One would expect the Social Demounted as it claims to be. That it is not nearly as could as the claims to be. That it is most obviously true on approach to technology, to be guardedly in favour. Instead a deal has been done under which deal has been done under which the SDP will support the Liberal policy of no more nuclear power stations in the foreseeable future.
After the publication of the Sizewell report this week, the Government is likely to approve

Eastbourne, but has done little Eastbourne, but has done little in more than that The compromise is that the Alliance would be ready to go along with some kind of minimum UK nuclear deterrent as a successor to Polaris if there has been hosofficient magnetic an arms control the commissioning of at least one new nuclear plant before the general election. Nuclear power will thus be an election issue. It already divides the Labour Party and the trade unions. The best that the insists that there must be a UK nuclear force, barring an almost Alliance will be able to say is that it has not yet made up its mind about future develop-ments, which is hardly very

fathom either. Mr Roy Jenkins, the party's founding father, has returned to the role of economics spokesman. He gave a very eloquent speech to the London Business School last week on his belief in the solubility of economic and political problems. It was called "Why the Alliance is different." One difference that it evaluated difference that it explained, however implicitly, is that Mr Jenkin's economic policy is not the same as Dr Owen's Mr Jenkins is still an interventionist at heart, someone who has never quite left the 1960s behind bim. He has not undergone Dr Owen's conversion to

gone Dr Owen's conversion to the social market economy. In the past such divergences would have led to all sorts of argu-ments; nowadays they tend to skip by almost unnoticed. They could be exploited by enyone not friendly to the Alliance. Again, the Alliance—perhaps particularly its SDP wing—is not as young as it was. It is five years this week since the publiyears this week since the publi-cation of the Limebouse Declaration which established the Social Democrats in the first place. Mrs Shirley Williams, one of the original gang of four, described the new grouping as "Britain's last best hope." Nobody quite talks that lan-

guage any more.

Nor is the SDP as pure as it these seemed. It has had its share of in-fighting, almost indeed as much as the Labour and Tory parties. Dr Owen displaced Mr Jenkins as leader and there was a horrendous internal decisive and perhaps does not battle over defence policy in

April last year when Dr Owen might have resigned had he not got at least part of his own way over nuclear weapons. At times the inner-party debate seems to resemble that of the Oxford University boat crew. People actually discuss the "old days" and "relics of the Gang of

Four."

Perhaps all that is the price of growing up. Having sought to play in the big league, the SDP in particular and the Alliance in general must learn to play by its standards. Those standards are pretty rough and the Alliance is going to have to answer some questions which it has failed to do so far. The first is the one touched on at the beginning of this article: what is the Alliance for?

Put in another way: is the

Put in another way: is the Alliance simply a temporary expedient designed to break the old two (or two end-a-bit) party system, or is it part of the pro-cess of the political realignment that may end up by providing an alternative government to the The Liberals have been con-

sistently open about this. Mr David Steel, the present leader, has spent a large part of his political life fighting for re-alignment or a radical party of the left, as did his mentor, the new Lord Grimond, before him.
The formation of the SDP
seemed a major step forward.
The only question was who
would be the senior partner in the new alliance: it was resolved broadly on the basis of equality.
Since then the bulk of the
Liberals saw the next logical step as a full merger; so did some of the Social Democrats—

including those least in favour

with Dr Owen, like Mr Jenkins. Pressure for the merger abated on the entirely practical ground that it would have been too difficult to engineer before a general election. Both parties, for example, would have had to rewrite their constitutions, a process that inevitably takes time. with Dr Owen, like Mr Jenkins

Yet a reasonable question for an outsider to ask as: what happens when the election is out of the way? Here there is no out of the way? Here there is no clear answer. Dr Owen's most ambitious short-term aim is to achieve a hung—or what he calls a "belanced"—Parliament, in which the Alliance would negotiate with the other parties and, as a prerequisite for agreement on anything, would insist on the introduction of proportional representation to end the system whereby the Alliance can win one quarter of the votes yet only one twentieth of the

If Dr Owen achieved his aim he would hope that the pressure for a merger between the Liberals and the SDP would again be off. The two parties could go their separate ways— for instance, on nuclear weapons

—in what would have become a multi-party system.

The Alliance ought to ask itself this weekend whether that is adequate and even whether it was what the Alliance was set up to do. For there is the odd flaw in Dr Owen's approach. First, the election might not result in a hung Panliament. There might be a substantial overall Tory majority, in which case the opportunity for power-broking would not arise. It may also result in the Liberals doing

substantially better than the

the distribution of constituen-cies between the partners of the Alliance, that is almost bound to be the case.

Second, there is no evidence

known to me that the British electorate does want to move to electorate does want to move to a multi-party system. Realignment is one thing; the introduction of a Dutch anction approach to politics is quite different. Moreover, the outcome of letting Parliament loose on a Bill for proportional representation would be entirely unpredictable, as anyone who remembers the debates on devolution will attest.

The Alliance's beet card.

The Alliance's best card, therefore, is to seek to establish therefore, is to seek to establish itself as a non-socialist alternative government to the Conservatives. That will include endorsing the probability of a merger after an election. It might make a more spirited attack on the Labour Party.

Even that will not be easy. A Labour movement that includes such people as Mr John Smith is not likely simply to fade away after another election defeat. Realignment may still be on, but the Alliance will not necessarily held all the terrograms. sarily hold all the trumps. Meanwhile, Mr Nell Kinnock,

the Labour leader, will presumably take no notice of advice to encourage tactical voting in an effort to depose Mrs Thatcher. That would be to concede defeat. in advance. The Labour Party still has too much to play for, even if it is only to remain the country's second political force. *The time has come: Partnerskip for progress. David Owen and David Steel. Weidenfeld paperbacks. £2.95

Lombard

How not to teach mathematics

By Michael Dixon

given the following problem. If you bought five Christmas cards for 65p how much would each and cost you?

The fact that it defeated almost a third of them would be disappointment if those taking part had been primary-school children, let alone secondary pupils. But they were neither. The particityants were a representative cross-section Britain's adult population.

They did not do much better it a simple subtraction sum. Three in every 10 bungled it.
When they were asked about
the rate of inflation, 60 per cent
did not understand what it was.

In a democracy where politi-cal issues tend to be complex, can issues tend to be complex, such a lack of numeracy among the voting public is worrying. It also has depressing implications for Britain's hopes of prospering by new technology. There can be no doubt of the importance of the places made by tance of the pledges made by ministers and their opposition counterparts to improve schools' teaching of numerate skills.

What is less sure is whether they are right in their view of the problem. They think it is rooted in state schools' shortages of specialist maths teachers which mean that many children are being taught the subject by people without deep knowledge of it. Hence the remedy is seen as the recruitment of more chers with high qualifications in the subject.

But blaming the problem on shortages of maths specialists in teaching chimes oddly with a further finding of the tests. A lot of the people who were stumped by the simple sums had been at schools where the subject was taught by graduate mathematicians with years of classroom experience. classroom experience.

In such cases it may be that the numeracy problem arises not because the maths teachers concerned are inexpert in the subject but because they are too expert to appreciate the difficulties most pupils have in grasping the fundamentals.

IN A NUMERACY test a while as one of those pupils. It is ago the 3,000 participants were supported by my ad hoc survey given the following problem. If of about 50 other people who left full-time study understanding no mathematics beyond at best basic calculating, and convinced they were incapable of learning more.

Oddly enough, most said the, had been good at the subject at primary school. The trouble started when they moved to the

Their accounts of the experience recalled the legendary method of testing National Ser-vice conscripts' suitability to join the Guards. They were made to salute, and anyone who failed to do so with fingers, wrist and elbow exactly in line was sent packing as fit only for inferior types of soldiering.

Secondary schools' maths specialists often did much the same to newcomers to algebra. For example, the pupils were con-fronted with (a + b)², and those unable to see at once that it equals 2² + 2ab + b² were judged mathematically ineducable. The only hope was that their uncomprehending memories could be stuffed with enough formulae and so on to get a poor pass at 16-plus before they dropped the subject for

Another bugbear was geometry. Several people recalled being told to draw a line, which they did with blunt pencils. As a result, the teacher's insistence that a line had length but no breadth contradicted the evidence before their eyes. "When I said my line was different, I was told it didn't matter," one woman added. "Lines had woman added. "Lines had length and no breath and that ing my time learning lies."

If interest-killing incidents like those are as common as my inquirles suggest, it is unlikely that a numerate general public can be achieved simply by ensuring that teachers know more mathematics. A better approach might be to train them in marketing skills, especially the ability to empathise with and cater to the needs of all their young clients and not That possibility is not only just the few with a ready apti-indorsed by my own confusion tude for numbers.

Sinking fund for Sizewell

From Mr S. Scammell. Sir.—In the context of the Sizewell controversy attention should be drawn to the fact that calculations purporting to that atomic power is cheaper than power from coal or oil are faisfied by the fact Sir,-In the context of the that they make an inadequate provision for the cost (at present prices) of demolishing and neutralising the site at the end of its working life (which as the low appears would be several to be times, and perhaps many times, the cost of construction). In the cost of construction). In then discounting this calculated figure (already inadequate) to allow for the long deferment of the outlay, they discount it at an excessive rate (ie, in line with current fixed-interest rates) that makes no allowance for infiation, whereas the correct rate would be the rate of return given by a long-term Index-linked stock. No allowance is made for the fact that experience has shown that there is a percentage risk on all such plants that closure may be necessary through accident or unforeseen wear-and-tear in a unforeseen wear-and-tear in a shorter period than its designed

life-span, so that the designed life-span should be discounted. Moreover, the index-linked rate Regretably for all his applicable is not the rate as of labours, Sir Frank Layfield's applicable is not the rate as of now, but the average rate over the period since we are dealing with an annual sinking-fund. The rate available is higher or lower as inflation is lower or higher. An average inflation-rate over the longer term no worse than 7 per cent per annum, a modest estimate, has in the past been coupled with a return on Index-linked stock of about 2-21 per cent per annum.

annum.

It is significant that it has been stated that this factor is negligible in the calculation because the expenditure is so long deferred. Even an inadequate figure would be negligible only if discounted at the wrong

Overtaken by

tail, but the fact that it is now so fundamentally out of date cannot be ignored. It has been overtaken by major events, economic and social, which just cannot be overlooked.

The ment's attitude was tormally discussed at a meeting and it. was made quite clear that it was not policy to initiate or promote formal relationships with the Government of South

Letters to the Editor

in real price throughout the next 40 years, when it had not done so over the last 40 years, The cost to the nation of neglecting its solid fuel resources will be huge. It will be paid in the form of taxes and will be paid in the form of eco-nomic deckine in the coalfield

The other major event was Chernobyl. That the Layfield Report does not consider it is understandable. Chernobyl took place more than a year after the enquiry stopped tak-

ing evidence.
The Government, however, does not have the same leeway as Sir Frank. Governments, unlike enquiries, cannot stop
"taking evidence" when it
suits them. Yet all the signs
are that as Layfield has
approved Sizewell B, the
Government will give it the go

report was made irrelevant even as he wrote it. Opec destroyed Chernobyl the safety case. It is disturbing to find so much cre-dence is given to an out-of-date report simply because the thing

report simply decause is a long is so long.
(Cilr) H. Sait.
(Deputy Leader, Barnsley Council),
1 Pontefruct Road,
Barnsley, Yorks

IoM freeport and S Africa

Association of the Isle of Man Sir.—I read with interest your report (January 23) con-cerning the approach by the Industrial Development Cor-poration of South Africa to the Isle of Man's freeport authority

and should like to comment. It is well known that certain aspects of South African Government policy are of con-siderable UN and international concern which in turn claim the attention of members of the Island UN Association. The question of the Island Government's attitude was formally

Government approaches its in-creasingly international involve-Charles F. Colvington

15 St George's Street, Douglas, IoM Risk of getting

caught

Sir,—John Rogaly (Lombard, January 22) is surely mistaken in arguing that the risk of a longer sentence is no deterrent to insider dealing, and that "what matters is the risk of getting caught."

Financial operators should be well versed in the principle of the "expected value" of an investment. By analogy, insider dealers are presumably therefore able to calculate an expected value for the costs of their offence, which includes the product of the probability of detection (viz Mr Rogaly) multiplied by the length of the consequential sentence.

A prison sentence would un-doubtedly constitute a signifi-cant potential cost for the pros-perous market operator. Insider dealers are surely a category of offender which is far more or offender which is far more susceptible to deterrent effects than the general prison population. If this is so, the "Ministry for Useless Gestures," whatever its motives, is pursuing a cost-effective policy in this instance.

Brunel University of West London, Uzbridge, Middlesez.

Licences of right for medicines

From the Campaign Director, Pharmaceutical Licences Under Siege

Sir,-The Association of the British Pharmaceutical In-dustry (January 14) seems to have got extraordinarily hot under the collar as a result of our efforts to maintain licences of right for pharmaceutical products.

Pharmaceutical Under Siege is arguing that there has been no proper con-sultation with the independent cannot be overlooked.

The major economic event was the collapse of fossil fuel prices. Coal is now worth £6 per tome less than its 1981 real price. It is hard to forgive the report's acceptance of the CEGB claim that coal will rise significantly with the Isle of Man spiral price with the findependent generic manufacturers, that the costs to the NHS of aboltion would be enormous, and that the subsequent increase in the monopoly enjoyed by the multinational drug companies with which the Isle of Man interest.

Dr. Griffin answers none of these points. The ABPI dis-putes our calculation that the currently known pharma-ceuticals would be £150ca-£200m per annum by the early 1990s, but it has not produced any alternative figure. Dr Griffin claims that generic com-panies support abolition, but omits to point out that the vast majority are owned by, or in-extricably linked to, the multi-nationals. PLUS promotes the interests of the genuinely in-dependent generic manufactur-ing companies.

The 1977 Patents Act was a compromise: it extended patent protection from 16 years to 20, protection from 10 years to 20, and as compensation, required licences of right to be granted for years 17 to 20 for patents already in existence. All patents after 1978 enjoy 20 years' protection, Now the ABPI is demanding that the redext competition created by modest competition created by licences of right for old patents should be eliminated and retrospective windfall profits granted to its multinational members, most of whom have been the top performers on the world's stock exchanges through the 1980s. Richard Faulkner, 10 Melton Street NW1.

Running an account

From Mr A Horne Sir,—Mr Ward (January 19) considers me a man of obvious affinence. Would that it were so. It would be disingeruous of me It would be disingeruous or me not to assure him that affluence is a state to which I can only aspire to have a little familiarity! Clearly though the PR blandlshments of Mr Ward's bank manager have persuaded him that the £50 he pays for his gold card is not a bank charge. I find it difficult to see what else it could be!

A little homework I think would show that one only has to keep a bank account in credit to avoid all bank charges irrespective of the number of transactions applied to it. With a basic knowledge of antici-pated credits and debits to an account it ought to be possible to establish the optimum start ing balance so that charges can be avoided over a relevant charging period. Interest paid by the banks on current accounts is not, of course, unduly generous but I venture to suggest that for the great majority, if not for Mr Ward, a few minutes spent in plan-ning the management of one's account would result in the only cost being that of interest and or gains/losses foregone as a result of having surplus funds parked idly in a current account. Need that necessarily he more than the cost of a be more than the cost of a gold card? I doubt it. Andrew J. Horne.

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FINANCIAL TIMES

Friday January 30 1987



Aquino faces test in dealing with dissidents

Marcos comeback caper ends in farce

BY OUR FOREIGN STAFF

FORMER President Ferdinand the ex-First Lady of the Philippines, were back in their Honolulu home endum on Monday.

A Lebanese businessman thought vesterday with a large pile of army surplus following the failure of an almost farcical attempt by the cou-ple to stage a dramatic come-back.

As President Corazon Aquino atchartered a Boeing 707 jet from Pan Aviation, based Miami. While the Boeing stood by at more serious consequences of the affair in Manila where she ordered Honolulu airport, Mr and Mrs Marretired General Rafel Ileto, the Defence Minister, to court-martial the military officers involved details emerged of the Marcos's grand plan. It was described by the Philippine consul-general in Hawaii as "an impossible caper from the very

Mrs Imelda Marcos, renowned for her enormous collection of high fashion shoes when she was First Lady went on a shopping spree in Hawaii for combat fatigues and jungle boots shortly before the abortive coup attempt in Manila on

Her husband, the former President, and their entourage clearly knew in advance that dissident elements in the Philippines armed forces were planning to take over mili-tary and broadcasting installations as a prelude to toppling President

Corazon Aquino before she had a chance to put her plans for a new constitution to the public in a refer-

to be a friend of Mr Adnan Khashoggi, the wealthy Sandi Arabian businessman who is a long-standing friend of the Marcos family.

cos disappeared from their estate although Mrs Marcos surfaced briefly at an army surplus store to buy about \$2,000 worth of fatigues, boots, jeans and beits in different

that he had told the US Govern ment he wanted to return home, but claimed he had been told he would be physically prevented from boarding any plane bound for the Philippines. He said the camouflage gear and boots were bought for the fami-While Mr: Marcos was buying

the gear, Marcos supporters within the Philippines were preparing for the triumphant return of the desident and the reunifica-



ance from hospital in Manila of Mr Marcos's aged and sick mother, who was only told last month that her son was in Hawaii and Mrs Aquino was President. She was under protective guard in hospital but her guards were "not around" when she

The abject failure of the Marcos hid for a homecoming can have held little triumph for Mrs Aquino, who is now faced with urgent priority of

200 rebels surrendered at a televi-tion compound on Wednesday, but sion station which they had occupied for 56 hours, she ordered the Justice Minister to charge involved

"It was a clear attempt to overthrow the first principle of democracy, which is civilian supremacy, by those specially charged with its servation" Mrs Aquino said. The 400 rebels who attacked key

stallations on Tuesday were turned back at all but the Channel 7 televi- had been issued apart from the orsion station. The rebels' leader at der to use tear gas. Some soldiers the station claimed his men were surrounding the station had said protesting against an increasing in they would not fire even if they fluence of communism in the Gov-

would determine if soldiers were to be court-martialled. He said that the rebels claim to be anti-comno's Government, could be mitigating circumstances in a court-mar-

without soldiers having to fire on their colleagues, the potential for a rift between the civilian Government and the military establish-

Mrs Aquino ordered General Fid-el Ramos to clear the television sta-

almost as soon as troops started to launch a tear-gas assault late that night the officer in charge of the operation General Alexander Againte called off the attack.

Some 70 officers up to the rank of colonel then met General Ramos for over two hours and successfully

General fleto said yes no assault order on the TV stations were ordered to do so.

There are signs of serious breaches in military discipline and doubts whether either Mrs Aquino, as Commander-in-Chief, or General

After officers rebelled last July, and swore in an opposition politician alternative Government, and again in November when an alleged coup was unearthed, none of the officers was charged. The Defence Minister has still to reassign all the

camps in Manila yesterday re-mained on top priority red alert."

Broker

named in

Kott link

By Clive Wolman in London

INVESTORS Discount Brokerage,

controversial licensed dealer based

n the City of London, is the firm

which has been denounced by Mr Dale Campbell-Savours, the Labour MP, in the House of Commons yes-

The firm is now owned by Mi

Tony Rushford and his wife. Mr Rushford is a former British diplo-

Mr Irving Kott, a convicted Cana-

east until three months ago. Com-

£100m (\$153m) over the last three

years by using a telephones sales force based in Amsterdam to sell

shares of negligible value to small investors in the UK and elsewhere

Mr Kott, whose car was once

Montreal, has now shifted his oper-

ations to Panama, according to two independent employees of Inter-pool, the international police orga-nisation. All his former "hit-list" of

customers is now stored there on

computer, Mr Kott was closely in-volved with the management of a

Luxembourg company, Alya Hold-ing, which owned IDB until Mr Rushford bought it in October. Alya

ties, the largest of the Amsterdam

share-pushing operations, which was closed down by the Dutch au-

Mr Kott left much of the day-to-day management of First Com-

merce to his son, Mr Michael Kott,

who has continued a close business relationship with Mr Rusbford and

that he frequently trades securities with Mr Michael Kott, who is work-

ing for Greentree Securities, an of-ficial market-maker with Nasdao.

also owned First Con

thorities last spring.

at massively inflacted prices.

terday and on Wednesday.

s doing well to make the most of it by reconstructing Butlin's, sprucing up cinemas and encouraging bingo players to play fruit machines too. be thriving on a strong yen, which, with an EEC anti-dumping levy as well, has finally brought price sta-bility, rather than continual declines, to the European copier mar-ket. Even though Fuji Xerox is suf-

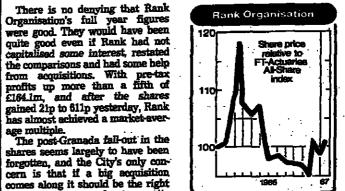
pendence on UK discretionary

pending is just right when real in-

into higher sterling earnings.
Investors need not question, just yet, what might go wrong, But the ever, and some of its markets are as mature as the customers, Banging up prices at Butlin's could backfire. Capitalising interest, though per-fectly valid, requires a continued high level of spending. Similarly, copiers might boost initial profits at the expense of later years'. It could take some pretty good acquisitions to plug the gaps.

iering, lower yen profits translate

The ease with which the TSB has eatan a prospectus profits forecast which suffers when rates move up. Not that the market was ever going to be too exercised about these fig-



THE LEX COLUMN

Restored to the

middle ranks

ares, which were greeted by a 2%p emplating a major move, and in fall in the share price to 60p; it is the market's current mood that is working in Rank's favour. Its de-

The sharp reduction in TSE's growth of retail lending revealed in terday's figures shows that the bank is not – thank heavens – letting the money burn a hole in its

But that leaves the main question manswered. Should the shares of a company with very subnormal rates of return be on a large premium to those of the completition? It's a market that likes to say "yes".

Norsk Data has spent two years defying its own gloomy predictions that 40 per cent-plus compound revenue growth is unsustainable. The 1986 figures, in particular the earth's atmosphere; and yet an ungrateful market, which can hardly laim it was not forewarned, has knocked £1 off the share price, leaving it on \$20% and a scarcely onerous multiple of 14.

It is true that pre-tax profits - up 29 per cent at £43.8m - were slightly below expectations and margins lipped a fraction. But despite the problems of the Norwegian economy and heavier than usual developretain most of its growth momentum. Sales outside Norway grew by HMG owns the shares and can do 50 per cent - most spectacularly in whatever it wants with them. But if lightly less than half pre-tax profit. outer market

mented European market has given it an edge over much US compettion which it should be able to press home with the new range. Higher new product margins combine with a drop in sales growth will soon start producing an avalanchs of cash, leaving Norsk with the de-sirable problem of trying to dampen growth so as not to surprise a som

The legal breakthrough which now permits UK companies to de-nominate their share capital in more than one currency is of relev ance to more than just the banking community. It seems that BP is in berested in the implications of the court's ruling. Like all the oil majors, it is over

whelmingly dependent on dollar earnings. More particularly, BP has gloomily calculated that 99 per cent of its shares were held in the UK That figure has now been cut down to 95 per cent, with BP ADR's currently trading at about ten times the volume typical before BP direc-tors started their regular shuttle to

soon throw a rather large spanner its shareholder base. It plans to sell its remaining stake in the company, which would raise £4.5bn at current

shares, the Government was true to its political aim of maximising UK equity ownership, and none of the shares went directly overseas: Conkept its BP weighting low enough to leave room for the Government's stock - could damage BPs schedule of having 10 per cent of its shares held outside the UK by the end of

be swayed by BP's corporate plans. is anything to go by, the Exchequer would get the fattest cheque by sell-

Cazenove denies any illegality

CAZENOVE, the leading City of London stockbroking firm which has been the subject of intense speculation regarding its role in the al. Guinness affair, has strongly de nied any involvement in illegal ac-

The firm said yesterday that intensive investigations into its conduct had produced no evidence that Cazenove was involved in, or

aware of, any illegality."

Cazenove, one of the most secretive as well as the most powerful firms in the City of London, took the unprecedented step of releasing response to recent allegations. It said that claims on Wednesday by Mr Robin Cook, the opposition Labour Party's trade spokesman, about a purchase by the firm of 20m Guinness shares were untrue.

It added that "no representative of Cazenove ever participated in, or was aware of, any discussion of illegal activity or any discussion of improper indemnities or inducements to purchasers of shares in Guinness or Distillers

As joint brokers to Guinness at the time of its botly contested bid for Distillers, the drinks group, Cazenove advised the company about stock market aspects of the deal. Its partner, Mr David Mayhew, was one of the so called "war cabinet" handling the management of the offer.

an internal investigation as soon as allegations began of wrong-doing in the bid.

The findings were given on Wednesday to the Bank of England, the stock exchange, the City Takeover Panel, and the Department of

The firm said that it had not bought shares for Mr Ivan Boesky, the disgraced US share trader, although it had sold Guinness shares on his behalf after the bid. It had not dealt for Henry Ansbacher, the merchant bank involved in a disput-ed deal in Guinness shares, or for the firms named recently by Guinness as recipients of £25m (\$38.4m) in fees which may have been connected with the illicit share buying

Nor had it bought shares in Guinness during the bid on behalf of Bank Leu, the Swiss bank involved in the biggest of the apparently illi-

The statement added that Mr David Mayhew's future with the firm was not in doubt, and never

Japan to launch compact disc copying system amid protests

THE JAPANESE electronics indus-

try is about to launch a new audio system despite objections from the international music industry that the system will threaten its surviv-

The system, called digital audio tape, allows copying of very high quality from compact discs. The music industry thinks its copyright income will be undermined by conumers copying compact discs with-

Japan has recently offered the European Commission a package of measures, including technology transfer and inward investment, in a hid to defuse opposition in Europe But European hardware manu-

acturers have deepened divisions with the Japanese by lodging a complaint with the European Comnission that the Japanese are dumping compact disc players in

Aiwa said this week that it intended to launch digital audio tape machines in Japan by March in

Toshiba said it would begin selling the machines in May. The other companies' intentions are expected

Both Toshiba and Aiwa are proposing a small concession to the music industry in the form of a copyguard system which would prevent perfect recording from compact disc to digital andio tape. JVC also said it would use this system.

Consumers taping at home would have to use a conventional amplifi-

er to make a digital audio tape from anese executives would not say how serious this loss would be.

will reject this concession as totally ruate and demand urgent action from the European Commission and the US Government on its chines to be fitted with a spoiler to prevent any copying.

However, opinion within the Eu-

Representatives of Japan's Minis-try of International Trade and Industry and Japan's electronics industry recently presented a package of proposals to Commission of-

signed to sweeten the introduction of digital audio tape. transfer and the creation of jobs and investment in Europe. The Commission is trying to clarify what is on offer. The Commission will also shortly

mat, constitutional law specialist and Attorney-General in Grenada's decide whether to start an antidumping investigation of Japanese more than a year. imports of compact disc players, intimately connected with IDB, at

Philips of the Netherlands, which claims about one quarter of the world market, together with Bang & Oluisen of Denmark and Grundig of West Germany, which is con-trolled by Philips, have told the Commission that Japanese compa-nies are selling the players in Europe for as little as half their price

US may impose sanctions on Japan for breach of chip deal

BY IAN RODGER IN TOKYO

tions against Japan unless alleged violations of last year's semiconduc-tor agreement between the two countries are stopped in the next

Mr Bruce Smart, the US Under-Secretary of Commerce for International Trade, who is in Tokyo leading a delegation of US officials for talks on trade issues, said yesterday that the US hoped that Japan's Ministry of International Trade and Industry could "correct two defi-ciencies" in the agreement within "a very short time." These were access to Japanes

narkets for US semiconductor com panies and alleged dumping by Japanese companies in third markets. Mr Smart said that the US had provided detailed evidence of dumping in third country markets since the signing of the agreement last Sep-tember, but "MITI has apparently een unwilling or unable - I cannot tell which - to fully implement Japan's side of the agreement." Japanese Foreign Ministry offi-cials replied later that the US evi-

confirmed. They said that they had provided evidence of their own, apparently suggesting that US companies were damping chips, but they emphasised that it was difficult to identify who was doing the dumping or even to prove that dumping was happening. They also suggested it was hasty to judge a five-year agreement only a few months after it had been put into effect.
Mr Michael Smith, the deputy US

would be too late if the Japanese waited until April 1. The US side was also upset about the lack of progress on the super-computer issue. It claimed that US to Japan's public sector markets,

Trade Representative, said that it

Mr Smart said there was no common ground between the two sides in the discussions, and the Japanese suggested that US companies were unlikely to be competitive in that sector anyway. lar radio services, but there i Foreign Ministry officials later strong opposition to foreign involve

dence was checked and could not be buy a package of super and genera purpose computers from a single supplier, such as Hitachi, NEC or IBM, and would often provide rediscounts. Thus, it was difficult for ercomputer specialists, such as Cray of the US. to compete in this

Mr Smart was more positive

about the results of talks on the Kansai airport project and telecom-munications. Attempts to open the airport project to foreign contrac-Though the jury is still out, I be-lieve the Kansai situation has improved. American companies have been given small orders. An infor-

continued opening of markets."
US companies are involved in consortia bidding for licenses to opcations carrier and to operate cellular radio services, but there is

On telecommunications, he said the discussions were "useful and in-Mr Rushford said yesterday the

> sive strategy. Many of its salesmen sold shares in a California biotechnology company, InFerGene, and assured investors that the shares would soon be quoted on Nasdaq by First Commerce or IDB has received a Nasdag quotation, which has been limited to a different category of shares.

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World Weather

Khashoggi protection Continued from Page 1

578.9m to a Triad America subsidcuction as scheduled this spring, asset, Edgington Oil, a refinery in the Department of Energy may face Long Beach, California. repaying 90 per cent of the loan to the bank creditors.

The main creditors of Triad are two insurance companies, Aetna Life and Travelers Insurance, as well as several contractors and hanks in Salt Lake City which are Financine the development of the Triad Center, a \$400m complex of offices, shops and a hotel in the Utah state capital. Work has stopped on the project.

Triad America is being sued for have also guaranteed \$6.5m in some \$150m. The Chapter 11 filing working capital for Agrifuels Refinto over £3, now o said that the company had total asing, the Triad America company back at only 50p.

sets of \$116.4m and liabilities of iary to construct an alcohol fuel \$51m. Last summer, Triad America plant in Louisiana. If the plant, in sought to satisfy creditors by trying New Iberia, is unable to start proto sell off its main cash-producing

However, creditors secured an injunction against the sale in Salt Lake City when the successful hid-der, Skyhigh Resources of Vancou-ver, turned out to be partly owned by Mr Khashoggi. Creditors also claimed that the stock in Edgington is encumbered by pledges to two banks in return for loans to Triad

Edgington and Triad America

he maintained close contacts with Department of Trade and Industry officials and had not been inform about a pending investigation. The DTI has been criticised by Mr Campbell-Savours for its slowness in investigating IDB. However, the DTI may have had difficulty in gathering sufficient evidence to act

The usual approach of First Cou-merce and other Kott-linked companies has been to buy up shares in enture capital companies, long before they have sold any products. highly trained telephone sales force small investors to buy the shares at mark-ups of typically several thou-

IDB has followed a less aggres-

IDB, which has sold the shares to investors at prices ranging from 85p to over £3, now offers to buy them



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Akzo hit by weak dollar

Dutch group's

flat earnings

AKZO, the Dutch chemicals and fi-

bres group, reported virtually flat earnings of F1 840m (\$442m) in 1988 compared with Fi 843m the year be-fore as the disadvantages of a weaker dollar offset the advantages

WOLSELEY

DIVERSE

DECISIVE

DYNAMIC

of chesper oil.

Profits were also under pressure from the high start-up costs of Akzo's new super strong fibre Twaron. Lower financing charges kept net

income from felling more.
Turnover dropped 13 per cent to
Fl 15.5bn from Fl 18bn due to the weaker dollar, divestments and lower selling prices. Synthetic fibre sales fell mostly due to the disposal of American Enka while the chem

of American ration within the concern cals division suffered from the softer dollar and singuish salt sales.

Alzo had previously forecast that earnings for this year would approximately match those of 1986, barring unforeseen setbacks such as a further sharp fall in the dollar. The company has sought in the past to put a good face on its 1986 results by noting that profits have grown rapidly in recent years and that

some slowdown was to be expected.

The specific launch costs of Twaron were not disclosed but Akzo said before it had earmarked about FI 1bn to cover initial production costs. The Arnhem company is also wag-ing a lengthy and costly legal battle against Du Pont of the US over pa-tent rights to its aramid fibre, called

Operating income was slack at Fl 1.46bn compared with F1 1.465bn. In synthetic fibres, chemicals, costings and pharmaceuticals operating income was unchanged to lower, Only consumer products and mis-cellaneous products were higher.

Mr A. Loudon, president of Akzo, recently said the company would continue to look for new acquisitions with vigour this year. For some time now Akzo has been in the market to buy companies in targeted fields such as speciality chemicals, speciality coatings and

Elkem falls

into loss

vious year.

year's deficit.

stantial loss of income.

the past two years.

satisfactory results.

By Our Financial Staff

ELKEM, the Norwegian metals,

mining and manufacturing group, has fallen heavily into the red for

1986 and will not pay a dividend.
The company, which saw profits halved in 1985 and was forced to cut

its dividend to NKr 7.50 a share, re-

ports a preliminary loss of NKr 260m (\$37.7m) for last year, against

a net profit of NKr 306m in the pre-

hit by heavy tax charges. It stresses that its charges for electricity taxes

Elkem said its trading back-

Typical prices for these products

have fallen about 30 per cent during

Demand was better balanced in

prices remained low. The finished

product and mineral division achieved what Elkem describes as

the aluminium market, although

scheduling negotiations include Svenska Handelsbanken, PKbankn, Götabanken and Nordbanken. The group confirmed yesterday at a shareholders meeting that it is now facing a loss of up to SKr 130m for 1986 (before allocations and tax) planned sale of its US agrochemi-

cals operations - Fermenta Plant Protection — to Monsanto chemicals company. As late as the end of October las year the company was still forecast-ing a profit for 1988 of SKr 1.5bn, but this has evaporated following

the disclosure of far-reaching irregularities in its accounts. The investigator, who will be selected by the Stockholm county authorities, will report to the Fermenta shareholders meeting in early June, and his report will play an important role in deciding whether shareholders are willing to adopt

Demand for group profits has been weak but Elkem has also been the report and accounts for 1986. Fermenta, which was struck off the Stockholm Stock Exchange earrepresented 72 per cent of the lier this mouth, is facing a criminal investiation for suspected accounting fraud and the prevous board is facing damages claims from scores

ground had remained depressed with static or declining demand for silicon and ferro-alloy products. As a result the group suffered a subof small shareholders Westinghouse to

cancel TV deal WESTINGHOUSE Electric, the US electrical products group, intends to terminate its agreement for the pro-posed \$313m purchase of television station KHJ-TV, Channel 9, in Los

Angeles, from GenCorp, the US tyre The agreement, entered into a year ago, allowed for termination if initial Federal Communications

Commission approval for the transaction was not obtained by Satur-The complicated FCC approval process was delayed by a number of challenges to the RKO broadcasting

licenses, Westinghouse said.

Dow Chemical shows strong year-end rise BY ANATOLE KALETSKY IN NEW YORK



Fermenta

debt deal

Swedish chemicals and antibiotics group, is seeking to reschedule SKr 1 to SKr 1.5hn (\$155m) of short-term debts with its main Swedish

The company is seeking a pack-age of long-term loans to relieve the

mmediate pressure on its liquidity

which could become acute toward

the end of next month, when the first of the short-term debt falls due

The banks taking part in the re-

seeks

DOW CHEMICAL, the second largest US chemical maker, announce profits increased 10 times to \$741m or \$3.81 a share on slightly

reduced sales of \$11.5bn. The jump in last year's profits, which compared with a net of only \$58m or 31 cents in 1985, was partly due to a pre-tax charge of \$592m taken in the fourth quarter of 1985 to reflect asset write-offs and a vo-

ance of the business was also positive, reflecting the strong recovery in the US chemicals sector. The quarterly comparison showed net earnings of \$169m or 88 cents a share in the last quarter of 1986 against a loss of \$314m or \$1.54 a share the year before due to the

whole sales fell by I per cent to \$11.4bn in 1986. The decline in sales

prices for naphtha and other feedstocks.

formed well and business was strong in all parts of the world," said Mr Paul Orrefice, Dow's chaircreased for most products, particu-larly for basic chemicals and plas-

Merrell Dow pharmaceuticals did especially well, recording a 32 per cent increase in global sales and a doubling in operating incom

"Increased demand and a tighten-ing of supply arising from restruc-turing in the chemical industry sup-ported improved profit margins and we expect these factors to continue changed at \$2.9hn in both the 1985 to have a positive is and 1986 periods. For the year as a 1987," Mr Orrefice said. to have a positive influence in

Xerox up in quarter despite downturn in core business

BY RODERICK ORAM IN NEW YORK XEROX yesterday reported higher Financial services contributed earnings from continuing opera-tions last year with a strong re-last year against \$30m a year earlibound by financial services more er due mainly to a sharp turnround than offsetting a sharp downturn in by its Crum & Forster insurance opits core business of manufacturing erations. Crum & Forster benefited

copying machines. from higher prices, tighter under-in the fourth quarter ended De-cember 31, net profits from continu-control and higher investment ining operations rose 22 per cent to come.

timing operations rose 28 per cent over to \$455m, or \$4.52 a share, from \$381m, or \$3.47, a year earlier. Inand extraordinary gains, the final strong product line and sharper net was \$465m against \$475m in marketing focus in business prod-

\$138m, or \$1.29 a share, from Business products and systems \$114m, or \$1.06, a year earlier. In- had not income from continuing opcluding discontinued operations, erations of \$200m in 1986 against the net was \$87m against \$156m. \$351m a year earlier, mainly be-Revenues rose 10 per cent to \$3.7hm cause "capital spending for bus-

Xerox is forecasting further earn cluding discontinued operations ings growth this year thanks to "a

Newmont Mining cuts losses in quarter

at \$12.9hn compared with \$11.7hn. strength in financial services."

BY OUR FINANCIAL STAFF NEWMONT MINING, the US nature as a whole. Gold reserves climbed ral resources group in which London's Consolidated Gold Fields has Fourth-que

The company suffered a \$41.3m while sales more than doubled from \$68.7m to \$174.5m last year's fourth quarter, compared with a loss of \$62.2m, or \$2.04, a year ago.

The 1985 result included a \$58.5m to \$174.5m last year.

Newmont said it planned to increase production this year by more than 20 per cent. provision for losses on properties . Rcho Bay Mines, the Canadian

For 1986 as a whole the company introduction group, reported higher fourth-quarter profits at C38.0m returned sharply to profit, at (USS6.7m) against C\$5.2m with revenues up to C\$46.4m (C\$22.7m a loss of \$24.8m or \$1.44 in 1000).

loss of \$34.8m, or \$1.14, in 1985. company spun off about 80 per cent of its Magma Copper subsidiary to shareholders as a special divide It also increased its stake in Pea-attributed the improvement to high-body, America's largest coal compa-er gold prices and a 21 per cent in-

cent for \$320m.

The company's 95 per cent owned gold mining and exploration subsiderable per cent this year with a "significant impact" on earnings assuming sharply higher profits and sales in a steady gold price. the fourth quarter and in the year

a 26 per cent stake, has reduced its \$14.3m against \$4.0m in 1985 on fourth-quarter losses compared sales of \$51.5m (\$26.7m). For the with the year-ago period, despite an whole of 1988 profits were \$40.8m after-tax charge of \$50.3m.

For the year earnings totalled Towards the end of last year the C\$25.9m, or 61 cents a share, on revenues of \$126.1m against 1985's C\$15.2m, or 38 cents a share, on revenues of C\$83.8m. The company

body, America's largest coal company to 61.47 per cent from 30.73 per cent for \$320m.

Rothschild shows little profit in first year

SECTION II – COMPANIES AND MARKETS

FINANCIALTIMES

Friday January 30 1987

and municipal bond trading pushed L.F. Rothschild, Unter-berg and Towbin into the red in the fourth quarter and left the Wall Street securities house with minimal profit for the full year. Mr Robert Schoenthal, chief executive, said the arbi-trage losses stemmed from the sharp fall in prices of many take-over stocks after Mr Ivan Boesky admitted to insider trading.

The losses, with those in muni-cipal bond trading, were the main cause of a pre-tax loss of \$12.4m in the fourth quarter of extraordinary costs of \$7.2m relating to its move to new offices and \$3m in severance paym

to Mir Thomas Unterberg and Mr Robert Towbin, its former chairman and vice-chairs They agreed in December to leave the firm after disagreeing with colleagues' strategy of wider

firm with a net loss for the quarter of \$15.4m, or 95 cents a share ainst a net profit of \$7,2m, or 51 cents a year earlier. Revenues alipped to \$92.5m from \$95.7m because of a downturn in invest-

ment banking fees.

Not profit for the full year was \$500,000, or 3 cents a share, on revenues of \$401.1m compared with \$22.3m or \$1.59 on \$317.3m a year earlier.

Expenses increased 41 per cent during the year, reflecting, staff expansion when the firm went expansion when the firm went public last March and the start up costs of new busines The company, in which J. Rothschild Holdings of the UK has an 8 per cent stake, plans to

change its name in May to L.F. Rothschild Holdings.

AT&T posts \$1bn loss in quarter after charge

graph's net profit fell to only \$139m or 5 cents a share in 1986, compared with \$1.56bn or \$1.37 the year be-fore, reflecting the big charge of \$3.2bn announced just before

Christmas. Christmas.

In the fourth quarter of 1988, when most of the charge was taken, AT&T posted a net loss of \$1.17bn or \$1.11 a share, against a profit of \$384m, or 32 cents, reported a year

The \$3.2hn in special charges, which were connected with cuts in AT&T's workforce, restructuring of its businesses and changes in its method of depreciation accounting, translated into an after-tax cost \$1.7bn. Without the charges, AT&T said its net income in 1986 would

products and a continuing decline

in rental revenues. Sales of services

increased 9.8 per cent to \$19.1bn, net of the access charges which AT&T pays to local telephone comgenerally weak, declining 9.4 per cent to \$10.2bn, AT&T noted that sales of its ESS digital switches had continued to perform strongly, with

Revenues fell marginally last flat" in 1986. He called this a year to \$34.1bn from \$34.4bn in "mixed" result, pointing out that 1985. The decrease was mainly a re- AT&T's costs were still too high. suit of weak markets for busines The company's top priority now

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was to improve earnings, and "to do this in ways that fundamentally strengthen the business for the long pull." The company's research and deelopment expenses had risen by 2.2 per cent last year, to \$2.28bn, AT&T noted.

However, the apparent increa y, with was due to a change in the method and in of accounting for software develop-8.2m customer lines shipped in of accounting for software develo R&D expenditures by \$161m in

Dumez launches bid for Westburne

BY BERNARD SIMON IN TORONTO AND GEORGE GRAHAM IN PARIS

DUMEZ INVESTMENT, a bolding company in which Dumez, the French construction and consulting group, has a 70 per cent stake, yes-terday launched a CS234m (US\$175m) takeover bid for West-

Calgary. Westburne's interests include oil exploration, contract drilling and

Westburne share. The French comoperation with Unicorp Canada, an aggressive Toronto-based invest ment group, which owns 30 per cent

of Dumez Investment.

Dumez Investment said that it for some time, negotiating with would offer CS20 cash for each three different suitors. Talks with pany and its associates already own 94 per cent-owned plumbing, heat about 20 per cent of Westburne's ing and construction supplies subshares. The bid is being made in co-sidiary, United Westburne Indus-

Dumez Investment. C\$4.9m in the six months to last Westburne has been in the mid-September 30 on revenues of

Georg Fischer sees further growth

GEORG FISCHER, the Swiss steel Fischer reported a rise in turnover pects. Potentially damaging, howand engineering concern, expects a by 4 per cent to SFr 2hn. The exfurther increase in group earnings

for 1986. In 1985 consolidated profits rose from SFr 5m to SFr 25m (\$17.8m) and the parent company was able to resume dividend payments.

pected growth rate of 8 per cent was

was confident about future pros- 100m.

Swiss franc and D-Mark and proundercut by the unfavourable ex-change rates. reductivity needed to improve in 1987 and some SFr 130m The value of new orders last year will be centred on rationalisation was about the same as the SFr measures. The investment total is Although demand weakened to- 2.1bn booked for 1985. The board well up on the 1986 figure of Sfr

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January 1987

Generale Bank

FIAT/IRI-STET NEGOTIATIONS IN FINAL PHASE

Telettra/Italtel merger deal near BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

AN AGREEMENT between Italy's nally set to materialise. IRI-Stet state holding group and Fiat on the merger of their respective telecommunications equipment subsidiaries is understood to be

The idea of merging liaity's lead- (51bm) of annual turnover from do- tor of Stat, the two are likely to dising state and private sector tele- mestic switching, and Telettra, the cuss how much Fiat is to compen-

The merger, which would see such as Crediop, is part of a larger become more competitive interna- Italial

Stet and Flat each holding 48 per cent of Telit and the remaining 4 and Price Waterhouse have been per cent to be held by a state bank evaluating the two compa strategy designed to rationalise key to place a value of around 1400bn Italian industrial sectors in order to on Telettra and twice as much on

mission equipment in the European

which are believed, in rough terms, At a meeting expected next week The merger would bring together Italtel, the state company which draws the bulk of its L1,300hn Guliano Graziosi, managing direc-

It is thought that the amount to be paid by Fiat could range from L150bn and L200bn, equivalent to around half of the difference in val-

foreign partners in the telecommu nications sector. The hope is to find ture which will reach the kind of critical mass needed to be competitive on the global market.

Once Telit has been formed the Italians are expected to begin nego-tiations with a series of potential a foreign ally and form a joint ven-

Among the companies the Ital-

ians are expected to contact are Ericsson, Northern Telecom, GEC

Negotiations on the merger, which would put Stet's Italiel and Fiat's Telettra together under the umbrella of Telit, a holding company, is now entering its final phase and an accord is likely some time

communications equipment compa-Fiat subsidiary which earns around sate the state group in order to nies, which has been under discus-half of its L500bn of annual reve-achieve shareholding parity in the sion for more than a year, seems fi- nues from the sale of digital trans- merged company.

The trading upheaval of the past couple of years forced Elkem to take a hard look at costs. It has reduced operating costs at its ferro-al-loy operations by around NKr 350m on an annual basis. The measures will be felt fully in the current year. Group turnover last year totalled NKr 7.4bn, against NKr 8.2bn for 1985. Capital spending last year came to NKr 1.5bn.

DOUGLAS

ROBERT M. DOUGLAS HOLDINGS PLC

Civil Engineering and Building Contractors **INTERIM STATEMENT 1987**

The unaudited results for the half year to 30th September, 1986 are

	1986	1985	Year to 31 Mar 86
<u> </u>	£'006	€'000	€,000
Turnover	77,746	76,096	148,464
Profit on ordinary			
activities before taxation	1,004	603	1,779
Taxation	504	497	988
Profit attributable to			
members	519	140	519
Earnings per share	3.4p	0.9p	5.3p
Dividends per share	1.2p	0.75p	2.25p

The figures for the year to 31st March 1986 have been abridged from the full accounts for that year which have been filed with the registrar of es and on which the auditors gave an unqualified repo

The profit on ordinary activities before taxation exceeds £1m for the 6 months to 30th September 1986. This is a significant increase over the corresponding period and gives further tangible evidence of the improving performance of the group.

es have continued in the Specialist Contracting Division in relation to operations now being wound down. Other operations in this division are improving steadily.

The Construction Division has been particularly successful recently in obtaining contracts, including the Birmingham International Convention Centre. Although prospects in the Middle East are less promising than in the past, we are optimistic of obtaining contracts in Malaysia.

The Construction Equipment Division maintains a good performance on a worldwide basis and the Materials Supply Division continues to improve its results. The Plant Hire Division is also increasing its earnings.

Your directors have today declared an interim dividend of 1.2p per share, it is anticipated that the total for the year will be not less than that paid for the previous year. The interim dividend will represen ater proportion of the total payment than it has in the past.

JOHN DOUGLAS

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Norsk Data earnings rise to NKr 468m

BY KEVIN DONE, NORDIC CORRESPONDENT. IN STOCKHOLM

NKr 364m in 1985, according to preliminary estimates.

growth in the UK and Denmark. age by 43 per cent a year, pre-tax rose 51 per cent. Overall new orders profits 61 per cent a year and earn-booked last year increased 29 per

ter a loss of \$581m or \$2.78 a share issues.

minicomputer manufacturer, in- of the highest profit margins in the cent to NKr 1.95bn.

Creased its profits before allocations and tax by 29 per cent last transitions. The fourth year running to have one computer equipment rose 20 per cent to NKr 1.95bn.

Norsk Data has made two accurities and tax by 29 per cent last transitions. The group said it had succeeded

to NKr 2.58bn from NKr 1.88bn a despite the modest growth internayear earlier with the strongest tionally in the computer industry. rowth in the UK and Denmark.

Norsk Data's rate of growth has despite a growth in the whole do
Norsk Data has expanded slowed, however, compared with its mestic market of only 10 per cent. own record over the past five years, when turnover increased on aver-

Restructured Union Carbide

UNION CARBIDE, the US chemicial charges and credits, as well as In the full year net income of \$496m

cals company which has been un- by the \$2.5hn debt burden tempor- these negative factors were more

Corporation, reported net income of asset disposals, medium-term bor from continuing operations in 1986 \$490m, or \$4.78 a share, last year afrowings and a \$500m common stock was \$130m or \$1.90 a share com-

returns to year-end profit

Carbide in the last two years have losses from discontinued operations \$133r been significantly affected by spe- and charges for business disposis. 1988.

tions and tax by 29 per cent last try, with an operating profit margin sitions during the past year - Info-year to NKr 468m (\$67.8m) from in 1986 of 15.8 per cent. logic, a Norwegian software house, and Data Inform of Denmark. reliminary estimates. in gaining significant market which it controls through a share-Group turnover rose 37 per cent shares both in Norway and abroad holder agreement. These two acquisitions accounted for NKr 107m of last year's sales increase and added

Norsk Data has expanded rapidly during the past 12 months with its workforce growing 29 per cent or more than 800 to 3,618.

The group said it had expanded its research and development oper-ations, as well as end-user oriented ings per share 42 per cent a year. cent to NKr 2.9hn of which new or- ations, as well as end.

Norsk Data, however, claimed for ders for computer systems and marketing activities.

McDonald's Texaco bolstered advances on lower margins

By Our New York Staff

McDONALD'S, the world's largest chain of fast-food restaurants, yesterday reported a 10 per cent increase in fourth-quarter earnings to \$113.6m, or 89 cents a share, despite a slight deterioration in profit margins caused by rising costs of labour and restaurant sites.

Earnings for the year rose 11 per cent to \$479.7m or \$3,73 a share. Earnings lagged behind the growth in sales revenues, which was 11 per cent for the quarter to \$1.09bn and 13 per cent to \$4.24bn in the year with strong expansion

Overseas revenues rose 28 per cent to \$767.4m in the quarter, and 34 per cent to \$2.90bn in the full year, due in part to currency trans-lations and new restaurant open-

ings. Mr Fred Turner, chairman, said: We are optimistic about 1987 and expect it to be a good year." He said the company would open about 500 new restaurants, a third of them abroad, to its current level of 9,410. dergoing financial restructuring in arily assumed in January 1986 as a the wake of the Bhopal disaster in India and the subsequent corporate raid by Mr Samuel Reyman's GAF areapitalisation exercise involving Corporation reported vet income McDonald's said that profit mar-

gins slipped by 0.8 of a percentage point at restaurants operated by the company, and one percentage point at franchised outlets, because higher labour, rent and depreciation costs offset lower food and paper

ter a loss of \$581m or \$2.78 a share in 1985. In the fourth quarter of 1986, the company had a loss of \$495m loss in the last quarter was due to a \$473m extraordinary are adjusted for unusual charges was due to a \$473m extraordinary are adjusted for unusual charges and other special gains and losses. Such that a loss of \$210m or \$1.03 a year debt at a premium as part of the recapitalisation programme. It also includes \$36m in losses from discontinued operations are debrased for business disposis. However, after-tax income was helped by tax benefits at some foreign operations and McDonald's, which is a considerable beneficiary of the recent tax reform, expects its domestic tax rate to fall.

Revenues for the entire McDon ald's system, including franchised and affiliated restaurants, rose 13 per cent to \$12.4bn.

Spanish bank ahead almost 15% for year

By David White in Medrid

BANCO Popular Espanol, the smallest of Spain's "big seven" private-sector banks and the one considered closest to being a "pure" commercial bank, showed an improvement of almost 15 per cent in net profit last year to Pta 12.2bn (\$96m) compared with Pta 10.6bn in

five regional banks for the

Until recently the regional banks were controlled by an independent holding unit, Popularinsa. Popular held only a minority stake. The bank recently announced plans for absorbing its affiliates, altering an arrangement set up during the Franco regime as protection against the effects of possible bank nationalisation

The parent bank, which attributed its earnings gain principally to a reduction in financial costs, increased lending by 12 per cent to Pia 435bn last year. Customers' de-posits rose almost 10 per cent to Pia 809bn.

by special gains TEXACO, one of the more heavily the sudden and acute decline in indebted US oil majors, earned worldwide crude oil and product \$50m or 21 cents a share, on reve- prices. All aspects of the business

ing the industry worldwide. In- of gains on sales of assets.

downstream margins eroded. ues to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver ues to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver ues to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver ues to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver ues to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver ues to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver ues to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the susset of start a year carner saver uses to be overshadowed by the saver a year carner saver a year carner saver a year carner saver a year carner

(\$82.7m). It says that in its present

ford to make such an investment.

tues of \$7.8bn in its fourth quarter had to be revalued under such after crediting \$140m of foreign currency gains and other special items. firming of oil prices provides a ba-Mr James Kinnear, who took sis for some cautious optimism that over as chief executive at the begin-there will be a more stable marketning of January, says that the place in 1987, said Mr Kinnear.

The group had foreign currency compare with net income of \$307m, sains of \$130m in 1986 compared

or \$1.29 a share, in the final quarter of 1985, reflected conditions affecting the state of 1985, reflected conditions affecting the state of 1985, reflected conditions affecting the state of 1985 and 1985 are stated from \$45m. creasing crude oil acquisition costs Phillips Petroleum, the large in-

during the final three months of dependent oil producer, suffered a 1986 were not recovered in the sharp reversal in fourth-quarter net product market and, as a result, profits from continuing operations ownstream margins eroded. to \$17m, or 5 cents a share, from
The group, whose future contin\$260m, or \$1.14 a year earlier. Rave-

in 1986 compared with \$1.23bn, or 1986, and of \$171m in the year-earli-\$5.11 a share, in 1985. Texaco er period. For the year, final net-shares, which are currently yield-profits were \$228m, or 89 cents a ing 7.8 per cent, fell by \$% to \$38%, share, against \$418m, or \$1.44, The year 1986 was a difficult one for the petroleum industry due to \$15.8bn to \$10bn.

Boliden may cut jobs over emission rules

BY SARA WEBB, STOCKHOLM CORRESPONDENT

BOLIDEN, the Swedish metals, through cuts in production levels chemicals and mining group, says it and inevitably - jobs. A final deciwill have to cut back jobs and production levels in its metals, and minduction levels in its metals.

Boliden's new management,

ing sector if it is forced to meet environmental standards.

According to new legislation, Bolfeet, has already set in motion a iden must reduce the sulphur diax number of cost-cutting measures. ide emission from its Roennskaer About 1,500 jobs were cut, including smelter by 50 per cent before the end of 1992. Boliden claims that, at existing production levels, this would cost about SKr 400m

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Floating Rate Notes Due 1992

In actordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that, for the six months period, 30th January, 1987 to 31st July, 1987, the Notes will bear interest at the rate of 6½ per cent. per annum. Coupon No. 4 will therefore be payable on 31st July, 1987, at the rate of US\$2,215.28 from Notes of US\$250,000 nominal and US\$3.28.61 from Notes of US\$10,000 nominal.

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Losses in the first nine months last year reached SKr 987m as Boliden was badly hit by lower metals financial predicament it cannot afever, the management says that Boliden could show a profit of SKr The Roennskeer smelter, which 250m this year as the measures produces lead, copper, gold and sil-take effect.

sulphur dioxide a year. Boliden has already appealed against the Government's decision. But says it does lead-smelting joint venture with not expect a change in the legislathan invest in a new smelter which The group is now looking at other would meet the legislation on sul-ways of reducing the emission phur dioxide emission.

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Buitoni buys control of olive oil maker

BY ALAN FRIEDMAN IN MILAN

manufacturers of olive oil.

An aide to Mr de Benedetti also Aside from olive oil, where Olio said yesterday that Buitoni was in- Sasso has a 12 per cent share of the terested in possibly acquiring control of Cote d'Or, the Belgian luxury pany also produces vingegar, may-chocolates maker. Buitoni controls onnaise and sauces. Perugina, the Italian luxury choco-lates business.

Olio Sasso, based in Imperia on ni's group re

BUITONI, the Italian pasta and chocolates group controlled by Mr about 25 per cent came from outside Italy. The US, Saudi Arabia (\$23.6m) to acquire majority control of Olio Sasso, one of Italy's leading manufacturers of olion oil

pared with a profit of \$119m or 57

The Buitoni group, which is hop-The takeover of 69 per cent of the equity of the family-owned Olio and by means of further acquisitions of Mr de Benedett's food lookings.

Life Daniel group, water in many in the property of the family-owned Olio and by means of further acquisitions of European food businesses, lest year had a total turnover of L 1,600m. About 60 per cent of Builton of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period basis of the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12.50m because it included for the first period of Pta 12. the Ligurian coast near France, last side Italy.

N. AMERICAN QUARTERLIES

Fourth querier	1964 S	1985	Fourth quarter	1996	1995
Pleventie	506an	415m	Revenue	929.2 ₉₈	637. 3 m
Net profits	46m	21.9m	Net profits	†46.2m	13.2m
Not per share	0.43	0.26		†1.48	0.42
Revenue	1.93ba	1.54ba	Revenue	3.22hm	2.74be
Net profits	1840	100m		21.3	93.5m
Het per share	1.52	1.00	Not per share	1.16	1.02
BAKER ENTERNATION	AL.		†Loes	<u> </u>	
Oil drilling tools			PAISHANDLE EASTER	M .	
First quester 1	998-87 1	19 85-86			<u> </u>
Revenue	\$ 297.7m	\$ 442.7m	Fourth quarter	1996 2	1985
Het profits	†34.2m	16.3m	Reverse	5787m	740.300
Het per share	10.48	0.23	Not profite	180m	44.10
†Loss			Net per share	11.83	
,			Year	14.00	4.55
MACLEAN HUNTER			Revenue	2.25ba	2.60bo
Publishing	•		Net profits	1542.1m	125m
			Net per shere	111.00	231
Fourth quarter	1986	1985	4		
-	CS.	CS .	inner .		
Revenue	229.2m	267.6m			
Opt. net profits	25.3m	21.2	SCHITTING PLOUGH		
Opt. net per share	0.32	0.31	Druge & telletries		
Year					
Revenue	1.15ba	973m	Fourth quarter	1986	1985
Op. net profits	89.3m	68.4m	•		\$
Op. net per share	0.91	4.00	Revenue	800.1 _m	\$20m
Abrum has settle *****			Net profits	59.9m	34.1m
MARSH AND NICURNAL	MI.		Net per share	1.00	0.56
ineurance broker			Revenue	24	2.00bm
Fourth quarter	1985	1965	Net profits	205.200	191.8m
_	8	8	Net per share	4.34	3.17
Revenue	444.7m	361.7m			
Net profits	49,3m	36.7m	SHELL CARADA		
Net per share	9,67	0,50	Petroloum		
			Fearth quester	1986 CS	1965 CS
			Revenue	1.12bs	- 1.54bn

Bank Limited

CITIBANG

National Australia

1752100.000.000

Interest payable on 30th July, 1987 per US\$10,000 Note will be US\$326.81.

US\$400,000,000 GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED CAPITAL NOTES DUE OCTOBER 1996

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest relating to the above issue has been fixed at 6; per cent for the period 30th January, 1987 to 30th July, 1987.

CORPORATION (Incorporated in the State of Delaware dinionally guaranteed on a subordinated basis by

CITICORP BANKING

CITICORPO

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 63% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date April 30, 1987 against Coupan No. 10 in respect of US\$10,000 naminal of the Nates will be US\$159.38.

January 30, 1987, London By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

CITIBANCO

U.S. \$500,000,000 CITICORP 🔾 (Incorporated in Delaware) Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due January 30, 1998

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 6.325% and that the interest poyable on the relevant Interest Payment Date February 27, 1987 against Coupon No. 13 in respect of US\$10,000 naminal of the Notes will be US\$49.19. January 30, 1987, London By: Chibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank CITIBANC

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

London, Frankfurt, New York

Staying in ISTANBUL?

Complimentary copies of the Financial Times are now available to guests staying at the following hotels in Istanbul:

DIVAN-HILTON-SHERATON

STANDARD SECURITIES PLC **Preliminary Announcement of**

Results for the year ended	30th Sep	stember 19
	1986	1985
	2000	0002
Rent and other income	3788	3475
Costs	(1199)	(832)
Interest	(719)	(927)
Profit before lox	1870 (505)	1716 (698)
Profit after tax	1305	1018
Earnings per share	11.30p	8.82p
Net ossets	26,745	25,022

CHAIRMAN GERALD LEIGH, STATES:

Nel assets per share

arnings per share advanced by 28% to 11.3p.

Continuing satisfactory growth was achieved in 1986. During the year profits before taxotion increased by 9% to £1.87m and net assets per share by 6.9% to 232p. The board have recommended an increase in dividend per ordinary share of 11.1% to 4.5p.

Korea Exchange Bank

(Incorporated in the Republic of Korea under the Korea Exchange Bank Act of 1860, as amended) U.S.\$150,000,000

Floating Rate Notes Due 1995

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the six months interest period from January 30, 1987 to July 30, 1987 the Notes will carry an interest rate of 652% per annum. interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, July 30, 1987 against coupon No. 4 will be U.S.S8.170.14 and U.S.S326.81 respectively for Notes in denominations of U.S.\$250,000 and U.S.\$10,000.

By The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A., London, Agent Bank

د ومهری در در در در مدرون مربع در ایران در است میدگویده در جهری ایران میشود. مهری در میده به در ایران در میدگویده در جهری در تاریخ میدکشد.

CHASE

CITICORPO U.S. \$500,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due October 25, 2005 Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 6.35% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date February 27, 1987 against Coupon No. 16 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$49.39.

January 30, 1987, London CITIBAN(Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

By: Citibank, N.A. (CSSI Dept.), Agent Bank

January 30, 1987, London

CITICORPO U.S.\$350,000,000

U.S. \$350,000,000

Subordinated Floating Rate Notes Due November 27,2035

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been faced at 6.35% in respect of the Original Notes and 6.4375% in respect of the Enhancement Notes, and that the interest poyable on the relevant Interest Payment Date February 27, 1987 against Coupon No. 15 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$49,39 in respect of the Original Notes and US\$50.07 in respect of the Enhancement Notes.

January 30, 1987, London

By: Chibank, N.A. [CSSIDept], AgentBank

CITIBANCO

US\$250,000,000 GUARANTEED FLOATING RATE SUBORDINATED CAPITAL NOTES DUE JANUARY 1997

CITICORP BANKING

CORPORATION (Incorporated in the State of Delaware

Unconditionally guaranteed on a subordinated basis by

CITICORPO

Notice is hereby given that the Rate of Interest has been fixed at 641% and that the interest payable on the relevant Interest Payment Date April 30, 1987 against Coupon No. 9 in respect of US\$10,000 nominal of the Notes will be US\$159.38.

INTERNATIONAL COMPANIES and FINANCE

Steven Butler on attempts to internationalise a much-restored stock exchange

Brokers in tug of war for Singapore

closed its doors for three days to clean up the mess.

The closure of the exchange in December 1985 — which was aimed at protecting exposed broking houses after the col-— horrified the community of international stock traders who found they could not close out their positions at any price. This in turn raised grave questions about how the market was

Today the exchange is emerg-ing from the crisis as a far different sort of animal. New foreign and domestic players are buying into local broking are buying into local broking houses or purchasing seats on the exchange. A new stock exchange committee is in place and it is dominated for the first time by non-members of the exchange.

The committee faces key questions that will determine how quickly equity trading in Singapore will become truly internationalised. Reading the list of issues are when forestern list of issues are when foreign brokers will be allowed to take majority control of local securities houses, and when and how commissions will be

deregulated.
The crisis in the exchange brought into unusually clear focus the conflicts of interest between exchange members, investors, and the broader public that are present in any public that are present in any market. After a year of ferment it is now evident that the interests of the broader public, as defined by the powerful Monetary Authority of Singapore (MAS), are gradually winning the tug of war.

The MAS first attempted to account the authority over the

n rules

F!-LSPONDENT

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assert its authority over the exchange in early 1985, but this was bitterly resisted by brokers who were enjoying a boom in the market based on what turned out to be dangerously

Stock Exchange of Singapore bubble burst in late November, joined the fray, including the crashed, buckled, and then the exchange members lost Tat Lee Bank, and Sealion closed its doors for three days nearly all the pargaining power Hotel, chaired by Mr Allan Ng.

they once had.

A package of measures was worked out by the MAS, in which Singapore's big four which singapore's big four-banks took seats on the ex-change in return for funding a "lifeboat" that would prevent the collapse of broking houses from knock-on effects of the crash. Even so, seven out of the exchange's 25 members eventually went under.

It was a haptism by me for the MAS, which had earned a reputation as a stern, rigid and aloof regulator of the financial system. It had little experience in the stock market.

A new securities industry law was hastily drafted. Most brokers say the law is severely flawed, mainly because of the potential liabilities that brokers fore if there can be desired. face if they give had advice.

MAS officials say these are
merely teething problems, and
that once brokers become
accustomed to the rules the search and giving advice will

pick up.

Beyond this, the legislation imposed stiff new capital and liquidity requirements that come into effect this year. These are forcing brokers, many of whom are heavily indebted, to raise fresh funds.

Hoare Govett was the first foreign broker to gain final SES approval for taking a large share in a local broker, Summit Securities, in which it now holds a 49 per cent stake. When

rules allow, Hoare Govett plans to take majority control, Deak Morgan, an Australian financial services group, this week said it had secured a similar deal with K. H. Lim and Associates, while Morgan Grenfell (Asia) has applied to take deals are at the talking stage.

which has bought the seat of bankrupt E. G. Tan. Last year Sealion was forced to sell the Hyatt Hotel, its main asset, in order to pay debts and was left with a pile of cash. Despite the weakened position

of brokers, the tug of war with



J. Y. Pillay — publicly criticised decision.

the MAS did not end with the market crash and Mr J. Y.
Pillay, the authority's managing
director, has occasionally gone
public with pressure on the
stockbroking community to change its ways.

The brokers, understandably, are afraid of being overwhelmed in direct competition with huge international securities houses, and this has raised the question of whether the development of the exchange will be held back by the private interests of its firms.

In July, the Hong Kong broker Sun Hung Kai applied to the

Securities, which was in severe research and market-making financial difficulty and has since skills against foreign rivals.

The denouement should come mittee instead set a 49 per cent in April, when the exchange cap on foreign ownership in a move that one banker describes as a "slap in the face " for the "slap in the face" for the Mr Pillay publicly criticised

the decision soon afterwards and said he favoured full foreign participation at the earliest Mr Pillay provided another firm nudge in November, at the inauguration of the new Stock Exchange Committee, when he

said he tayoured introducing negotiated commissions to prent the exchange becoming a backwater." "The rapid development of capital markets worldwide, coupled with the hitherto inward-looking tradition of the SES, calls for radical changes,"

he said. Currently the market suffers from a severe lack of liquidity in which brokers have tre-mendous difficulty executing

large orders. At the same time large blocks of Singapore shares are often traded off-market overseas.

The idea behind proposed reforms is that if foreign brokers participate more fully in the market, and negotiated commissions are introduced, the incentives to take trades away from Singapore will disappear, liquidity and trading volumes will improve, and the market will be set firmly on a

path of growth so that it will be able to compete inter-This in turn will complement Singapore's growth into an all-purpose financial supermarket. Standing against this, however, are the local brokers, many of whom are financially weak, if not crippled, and who content to go along earning a secure one per cent com-

"to the satisfaction of the MAS," for majority foreign equity participation in local brokers and for the introduc

tion of negotiated commissions.

A majority of local brokers is known to oppose any early lift-ing of the 49 per cent limit ing of the 49 per cent limit and until the committee makes some decision, investment in local brokers by both foreign and local companies is likely to be slow. In the mean time talk has increased about the introduction of a sliding scale of committee one as a first transfer. commissions as a first step to ward negotiated commissions.

The SES has also been meeting with the US National Association of Securities Dealer-(NASD) to discuss trading Nasdaq issues in Singapore This would effectively introduct 24-hour trading in some shares although it is not clear how much local demand would materialise.

The outcome on all these issues will depend on the delcate interplay between the exchange committee.

The committee now has it first full-time executive chair man, Mr Tan Chok Kian, who came to the job from a lor-career as head of Singapore." Post Office Savings Bank and a chief executive office of the chief executive officer of the which oversees the management of billions of dollars of pension

These positions put Mr Taron to the board of the MAS for many years, also this close relative tionship with the authority, core bined with his strong reputation many believe, will ensure the the parochial interests of the exchange members will not be allowed to dominate the future of stock trading in Singapore.

> Group profits tumble 60%

at Minebea

By Yoko Shibata in Tokyo

MINEBEA, Japan's largest maker of ball bearings, suffered

maker or ball pearings, sumered a 60.4 per cent fall in consolidated net profits to Y1.24bn (\$3.18m) in the year to September, on turnover which at Y145.3bn was down 6.2 per cent.

on the yen's appreciation and falling prices for its products

Other contributing factors were sluggish demand from elec-

tronic equipment makers, a large capital outlay and a Y2.4bn loss suffered by Minebea in the

For the current year,

Minebes expects group pre-tax profits to jump 84.4 per cent to

V9.2bn and net profits up 2.7 times to Y3.3bn. Turnover is forecast to reach Y150bn, up

3.2 per cent.

mormens complies with the requirements of the Council of The Stock Eachunge,

CSR Finance Limited

A\$40,000,000

141/2 per cent. Guaranteed Notes 1992

Unconditionally guaranteed as to payment of principal and interest by

CSR Limited

(Incorporated in the State of New South Wales, Australia with limited liability)

Issue Price 1011/2 per cent. The following have agreed to subscribe or procure subscribers for the Notes:

Hambros Bank Limited

Deutsche Bank Capital Markets Limited Union Bank of Switzerland (Securities) Limited S.G. Warburg Securities Westpac Banking Corporation

ANZ Merchant Bank Limited

Banque Bruxelles Lambert S.A. CIBC Limited

Commonwealth Bank of Anstralia

DG Bank-Deutsche Genossenschaftsbank **EBC Array Bank Limited**

Morgan Stanley International

Bank of Tokyo International Limited

Bayerische Vereinsbank A.G. Commerzbank Aktiengesellschaft

Creditanstalt-Bankverein Dresdner Bank Aktiengesellschaft

IBJ International Limited Orion Royal Bank Limited

Sumitomo Finance International

Application has been made for the Notes, in bearer form in the denomination of A\$1,000 each, constituting the above issue to be admitted to the Official List by the Council of The Stock Exchange, subject only to the issue of the temporary Global Note. Interest will be payable annually in arrear on 9th May, the first payment being made on 9th May, 1988 provided however that the final interest payment shall be made on the Maturity Date, being 8th May, 1992.

Particulars of the Notes, the Issuer and the Guarantor are available in the statistical services of Extel Financial Limited. Copies of these particulars may be obtained during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) from the Company Announcements Office of the Quotations Department of The Stock Exchange, Throgmorton Street, London, up to and including 3rd February, 1987 or during usual business hours on any weekday (Saturdays and public holidays excepted) at the addresses shown below up to and including 13th February, 1987:—

> Hambros Bank Limited, 41 Bishopsgate, London EC2P 2AA

Strauss, Turnbull & Co. Limited, 3 Moorgate Place, London EC2R 6HR

30th January, 1987

Regulators under fire over Siam City affair

troubles at Siam City Bank, ranked about ninth out of 16 commercial banks, could be the credibility of the central bank itself. Although under severe criticism for his handling of the affair, Mr Kamchorn

Sathirakul, governor of the Bank of Thailand, retains key support among Thailand's top bankers. bankers.

The public reacted with calm to the announcement earlier this month that the value of Siam City's capital. would be cut by 95 per cent from 800m baht (\$30,77m) to 40m baht, that new shares issued worth

mately new controlling share-holders and new management would be found to pull the bank out of the problems caused by an estimated 3,000m bant in bad debts. The central bank's refusal to allow banks to collapse apparently preserved depositors' confidence. But the Bank of Thailand did ask the 15 other Thai commercial banks

was no panic at any of the 99 Rescue packages imposed in the past few years on two other banks—Asia Trust Bank, now Sayam Bank, and First Bangkok

finance companies have also left the public with a feeling of deja

There have been complaints from Siam City's shareholders, some of whom accuse the controlling Management, family of poor management,

of having proper branches, and problems with doubtful debts from that system still remain In 1985 Mr Boonchu resigned. accusing the family of worsening the problems and demand-ing central bank action. Although the Bank of Thailand made public moves towards the end of last year, Mr Kam-

a quiet eye on Siam City.

The precise nature of Siam

City Bank's problems has yet to

emerge, apart from the esti-

mates of bad debts. There has

been no indication so far that

these were related to any improper lending of the sort

that led the top executives of the Asia Trust and First Bang-kok City banks to flee arrest—

lending to their own interests and breaking foreign exchange regulations. The Thai Bankers

Association has urged the central bank to reveal more.

The central bank governor

Peter Ungphakorn examines the reactions to the Bank of Thailand's handling of . problems at one of the country's sixteen commercial banks

their shares from as high as chorn said he had been keeping 390 baht to just 5 baht under a quiet eye on Siam City.

the Bank of Thailand's order. Among the disgruntled minority shareholders is Mr. Boonchu Rojanasathien, a leading opposition politician. Mr Boonchu was once a senior executive of Bangkok Bank, the largest Thai bank, before he entered politics, and eventually deputy prime minister for

to prepare cash just in case Slam City's depositors panicked. In the event there In 1982, when the Mahadumrongkuls took over the bank, they invited Mr Boonchu to be its chairman. Earlier the bank had been run on the compradore (agent) system instead. fronts. Some politicians and newspaper columnists accuse him of being too hard on the are also allegations that the promote these criticisms. The Mahadumrongkuls wanted

more time to solve the bank's problems on their own. Mr Kamchorn allowed several deadlines to pass—but not the 45 days they sought—before the rescue measures were ordered.

He had asked Siam City to increase its capital by 15n baht by December 31. Siam City only managed 107m baht, arguing that the three months given was insufficient. They were given several days more to provide evidence that the capital could be raised, but they failed.

Those postponed deadlines and alleged inaction since Mr Boonchu resigned in 1985 have led others to accuse Mr Kam-chorn of weakness. Mr Kamchorn was appointed by Mr Sommai Hoontrakool. the former finance minister, who had quarrelled with and fired Mr Kamchorn's predecessor. Although Mr Kamchorn's abilitiation was appeared to the contract of the contract ties have been the subject of debate, he is defended by some bank executives. They argue that he trod a delicate balance

Security Pacific

Corporation

Dutch Guilders 250,000,000 Floating Rate Notes 1986 due 1996

City Resources makes disposal

CITY RESOURCES, an Australian company which recently bought gold exploration bought gold exploration interests from Esso Australia, has defrayed most of the esti-mated A\$86m (US\$56.8m) cost between firmness and being pre-pared to listen, and that the final outcome proves he was by placing its 15.3 per cent stake in Elders Resources with

associate of Mr John Elliott's Elders IXL, is to retain its 9.7 per cent holding in City. Yesterday's Elders closing price of A\$1.75 values the parcel at A\$57.9m. Elders Resources, the energy

U.S.\$50,000,000 BERGEN BANK A/S Floating Rates Notes due 1991 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice it hereby given that for the six months interest period from Jameary 30, 1967 to Javy 31, 1967, the Notes will carry an leaterest rate of 24%. The interest payable on the relevant interest payable on principal amount of Notes.

BRUNSWICK N.L.

Incorporated in Western Australia

100% OWNER OF GALTEE MORE GOLD MINE

* 1986 consolidated profit after tax of A\$5.4 million.

Maiden dividend of 5 cents per share payable on 28th April to registered shareholders at 31st March 1987. U.K. shareholders will receive pound sterling dividend.

* 23,785 ounces of gold produced in 1986 from the mine at a low operating cost of A\$234/oz.

Successful ongoing gold exploration programme on the mine lease which has resulted in additional open pit reserves totalling 270,000 tonnes at 3.3 g/t confirmed.

Copies of the Brunswick Quarterly Report are available from:

Don Kennedy, St. James's Public Relations Ltd., 4 Red Lion Court, Fleet Street, LONDON EC4A 3EB.

US \$150,000,000

CHASE MANHATTAN OVERSEAS BANKING CORPORATION

FLOATING PATE NOTES DUE 1993

For the six months 30th January, 1987 to 31st July, 1987 In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that the rate of interest has been fixed at 6% per cent and that the interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 31 st July, 1987 against Coupon No. 18 will be U.S.\$32,23.

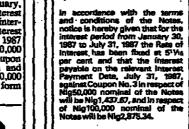
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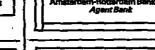
The Republic of Italy U.S.\$500,000,000 Floating Rate Notes

1987, the Notes will carry an interest rate of 69/4% per annum. The interest payable on the relevant interest payment date, 27 February, 1987 will be USS49.10 per US\$10,000 nominal amount in Bearer (Coupon No. 18) or Registered form and US\$1,227.43 per US\$250,000 denomination in Bearer form (Coupon No. 18).

30 January, 1987. The Chase Manhai Bank, N.A. The Chase Manhattan Bank, N.A. London, Agent Bank.







Wells Fargo & Company U.S. \$150,000,000

In accordance with the

interest payment date 27th February, 1987 will amount to US\$49.39 per US\$10,000

SPONSORED SECURITIES High Low Company 151 118 Ass. Brit. Ind. Ord.

2.3 10.1 4.0

se 01-621 1212

27 Lovat Lane, London EC3R 8DT Telephone 01-621 1212

U.S. \$400,000,000



The Kingdom of Belgium Floating Rate Notes Due February, 2000

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that interest payable on 27th February, 1987 will amount to U.S.\$8,049-92 per U.S.\$250,000 Note.

Interest rates applicable are as follows: 29th Aug. 1986 to 30th Sept. 1986 - 51/8% 30th Sept. 1986 to 31st Oct. 1986 - 63/16% 31st Oct. 1986 to 28th Nov. 1986 - 61/16% 28th Nov. 1986 to 31st Dec. 1986 - 61/6% 31st Dec. 1986 to 30th Jan. 1987 - 73/4% 30th Jan. 1987 to 27th Feb. 1987 - 61/4%

Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York

The Finnish Paper Mills' Association – Finnpap U.S. \$100,000,000

Floating Rate Notes Due 1995

In accordance with the terms and conditions of the Notes, the rate of interest for the interest period January 30, 1987 to July 30, 1987 has been fixed at 63/8% per annum. Interest payable on July 30, 1987 will be US\$320.52 per Note of US\$10,000.

Agent Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London Branch

due 2005

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the Interest Period from 30 January, 1987, to 27 February, 1987, the Notes will carry an interest (Coupon No. 18).

Wells Fargo

International

Financing Corporation N.V.

U.S. \$50,000,000

Guaranteed Floating

Rate Subordinated Notes

due 1996

In accordance with the

provisions of the Notes, notice

is hereby given that for the

Interest Sub-period 30th January, 1987 to 27th February, 1987

the Notes will carry an Interest

Rate of 61/16% per annum. The Interest actived for the

above period and payable on 30th April, 1987 will be US\$49.10.

Agent Bank:

Morgan Guaranty Trust

Company of New York

Floating Rate Subordinated Notes due 1992

In accordance with the provisions of the Notes, notice is hereby given that for the interest period 30th January, 1987 to 27th February, 1987 the Notes will carry an Interest Ram of 6-35% per ammin. Innerest payable on the relevant

Agent Bank: Morgan Guaranty Trust Company of New York London

Change div.(p) % P/E

- 7.3 4.8 9.3

- 10.0 6.5
- 4.2 11.7 5.0

- 14. 1.8 18.6

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Granville & Co. Limited 8 Lover Lane, London ECIR SEP Telephone (U.S.) 1712

Granville Davies Coleman Limited

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INTERNATIONAL CAPITAL MARKETS and COMPANIES

Paribas grey market beset by fears Argentina

THE GREY market has rarely market makers.
been greyer than for the shares In addition to such London of Paribas, the French banking group whose offer for sale ends

Besides all the usual uncertainties associated with quoting a price for shares that no-one yet possesses, the grey or im-official market in Paribas shares Grey market backed up by implicit threats

Prices were back on Reuter dealing screens yesterday, after a black-out earlier in the week, when market makers were dealt an official rap on the knuckles.

The confusion has been perticularly embarassing for the Government since the Paribas privatisation was the first occa-sion on which a share has been widely traded on the grey mar-ket in Paris.

Bid for big

stockbroker

PRONATOR, THE Swedish consultancy group, yesterday made a takeover bid worth about SKr 250m (\$38m) for Stock-

holm Fondkommission, one of the larger brokerages, as part of its plan to expand in the financial services field.

Propator is offering SKr 2,000

per share to Holding Finance the Lundberg-controlled com pany which owns 68 per cent of Stockholm Fondkommission, in

founders, who set up the com-

pany in 1983. They have been offered cash

and shares in Pronator in ex-change for their shares, in an offer worth about SKr 80m and on the condition that they re-

Holding Finance has until this afternoon to make a de-cision. However, six of the department heads and traders

in Stockholm Fondkommission have already said that they

want to go ahead with the deal and have urged Holding Finance to sell its 68 per cent stake.

Company Notices

main with the company.

London, 27 January London Omic: 8-16 Earl Street, Finshery Square, London ECZA ZNA, Transfer Secretaries: Marare: Third Floor, Johannesburg: 134 N London: 8 Greencest

LEUMI INTERNATIONAL

USS80m Guaranteed Floating Rate Notes 1990 Extendible at the Holders Option to 1993

Helders Option to 1963
The interest rate applicable to the above Notes in respect of the six month period commencing Friday 20th January 1987 has been fixed at 67s % per annum.
The interest amounting to USSI2.37 per USSI,000 principal amount of the Notes will be peld on Thursday 30th July 1987 against presentation of Coupon No. 7.

BANK LEUMI TRIPT CAMPANY OF NEW YORK

Principal raying Agent

THE SCOTTISH

AGRICULTURAL SECURITIES

CORPORATION p.l.c.

51% Debenture Stock 1986-88

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that the Registers of the Corporation's above mentioned Debenture Stock will be closed for Transfer and Registration from 16th to 27th Fabruary 1967 both days inclusive.

Fabruary 1907 DOIN DOIN DOIN By Order of the Board Nigel B. Richardson, General Manager 48 Palmeraton Piace, Edinburgh EH12 5BR SOth January, 1957

Legal Notices

NOTICE
GUARDIAN TRUST COMPANY
LIMITED
(IN LIQUIDATION
SUBJECT TO THE
SUPPREME COURT OF THE
COMMONWEALTH OF THE BAHAMAS)

The creditors of the above-named com-pany are required on or before 27th February 1967 to submit perticulars of their debts or claims to the Official Liquidators of the said company, Messars Sydney Merris and Graham C. Gernier. PG Box N-596, Nesseu. Behamms. In default thereof they will be excluded from the benefit of any distribution made before such debts are proved.

a deal valued at SKr 172m. The remaining shares in the brokerage are owned by the employees and the original

Swedish

securities firms as Savory Milln and Greenwell Montagu, French banks such as Banque Louis Dreyfus and one French stock-broker, Nivard Flornoy, have also been making a price for

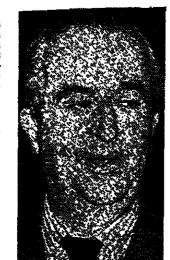
Grey market dealings are bas been beset by fears of the always a source of irritation to anger of the French Treasury, governments engaged in a privatisation exercise and the French Treasury intervened be-fore the opening of the Paribas offer for sale to ban such deal-

Bankers involved in the Paribus privatisation say that grey market prices are not at all representative, since with no stock available, market makers have to post unrealistically high bid prices in order to build up

widely traded on the grey market in Paris.

Grey market dealings in bonds have been widespread, but for share offers such as the knows that he is likely to reprivatisation of Saint Gobain at ceive only a handful of shares the end of last rose. Paris has the from the offer to hand up to private in order to hand up to private in position.

Only buyers are to be seen and it takes a brave dealer to seen seen when he but for share offers such as the control order to hand up to private in order to hand up to private in position. the end of last year. Paris has from the offer to balance his mostly made way for London position.



A law enacted by Marshal Petain's Vichy government in

sentence for quoting a share price before its official quota-tion, was vaguely hinted at to

But Mr Edouard Balladur, France's Finance Minister, admitted on television earlier this week that the Treasury had made a mistake in not lifting this ban once the official offer opened.

Market makers then rushed back into the fray, only for some of them—the members of the underwriting syndicate—to be reined back once again by the Trassure. the Treasury.
The confusion has led to a

considerable decline in grey market activity in recent days, though dealers now report a resurgence in orders, mostly

buying.

Spreads between buying and selling prices have been wariable, with a gap of FFr9 to FFr 12 common in Paris but a spread as low as FFr 5 posted in London. Yesterday buying quotes ranged from FFr 480 to FFr 486, and selling prices from FFr 482 to FFr 495.

Rhone Poulenc fundraising soon

1942 which carries a prison

BY OUR PARIS STAFF

RHONE POULENC, the French around FFr 2bn (\$336m). state-controlled chemicals group, The company had been had no intention of raising new hopes to go ahead with its blocked from carrying out the planned fundraising exercise in capital increase earlier by the the first half of March.

The company had been had no intention of raising new funds in the near future.

Rhone Poulenc's fund raising the first half of March.

French Government, which did poses considerable tactical diffi-

company said yesterday that it planned fundraising exercise in the first half of March.

The details of the exercise, not want it to interfere with the which will help finance the acquisition of the agricultural chemicals division of Union Carbide, have not yet been fixed, but Rhone Poulenc will ask an extraordinary general meeting of shareholders in mid-February to approve a capital increase of increase at its general to approve a capital increase of increase at its general re by the Rhone Poulenc's fund raising poses considerable tactical difficulties for the company. The simplest procedure would be the issue of a further batch of non-voting certificates of investment, but the French Government, which did poses considerable tactical difficulties for the company. The simplest procedure would be the issue of a further batch of non-voting certificates of investment, but the French Government, which did poses considerable tactical difficulties for the company. The simplest procedure would be the issue of a further batch of non-voting certificates of investment, but the French Government, which did poses considerable tactical difficulties for the company. The simplest procedure would be the issue of a further batch of non-voting certificates of investment, but the French Government, which did poses considerable tactical difficulties for the company. The simplest procedure would be the issue of a further batch of non-voting certificates of investment is wary of this course.

EIB to borrow more in Europe

THE EUROPEAN Investment Bank expects to raise more loans in European currencies and in ecus, and rather less in dollars and yen, during the coming year. Mr Philippe Marchat, the bank's manager for finance.

The EIB is now one of the world's principal borrowers, having raised Ecu 6.786bn (\$7.7bn) in 1986 in public loan issues, private placings, and interbank operations. That was

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MAKITA ELECTRIC WORKS. LTD.

The undersigned announces that as from the reserver 1987 at Kess Association N.V., Senistrast 172, Am verdath, div. Ch. no. 36 (accommentated by an "Amignativity") of the CDKs Malchell Decchi, Vivince, no. 16 (accommentation of the CDKs, Malchell Decchi, Vivince, no. CDR, repr. 1,000 ats. (div. per record date Association 1987, Bross Yen 9 per sh.) after deduction of 15% Japanese tax yen 67,30 — Office 15% Japanese tax yen 67,30 — Office 15% Japanese tax yen CDR, repr. 1,000 ats. (div. per 1,000 ats.) and the control of 15% Japanese tax yen 67,30 — Office 13,20 ats. (div. per 1,000 ats.) and the control of 15% Japanese tax yen 9,00 ats.) and 1,000 ats. (div. per 1,000 ats.) and the control of 15% Japanese tax yen 9,00 ats.) and 1,000 ats. (div. per 1,000 ats.) and 1,000 ats.) and 1,000 ats. (div. per 1,000 ats.) and 1,000 ats.) and 1,000 ats.

Legal Notices

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INSOLVENCY ACT 1986
NOTICE OF APPOINTMENT OF
JOINT ADMINISTRATIVE RECEIVERS
KIMBER DIE AND TOOL COMPANY
LIMITED
COMPANY NUMBER 375697

COMPANY NUMBER 375697

In accordance with Section 46(1)(a) of the Insolvency Act 1985 notice is hereby given that Davie Robust of Whose and David House, 12-22 Newhall Street, illemindham 53 50% were appointed Joint Administrative Receivers of the above samed company on 213 January 1987 by Berclays Bank PLC under the powers contained in a depending dated 7th February 1984. The above mentioned debetour creates a 5rst freed charge over an experiment of the same property of the same contained and debetour creates a 5rst freed charge over blook debts and other debts. The above mentioned debetours and a fixed charge over book debts and other debts. The above mentioned debetours also creeks a 5rst freed capital, and a fixed charge over book debts and other debts. The above mentioned debetours also creeks a 5rst freed capital, and a fixed charge over book debts and other debts. The above mentioned debetours also creeks a 5rst freed charge over the undertaking and states of the company.

The company's redistered office and trading sides in the company.

All Mallands Set 50M.

OAVID ROBERT WILTON Joint Receives and Manager David Joint Cornery Joint Receiver and Manager

(CDRs)
undersigned announce
February 1987 at Kas
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13.3 ended 31 December 1988 are production decreased our availability of inad-baul-dump (LHD) endpment and fecreased by 14% as a result of a reduction in orange. Although unit sales of copper intrassed by 18% and 19% respectively. The value of marginal talks and 19% respectively. The value of the sales of the sales

tion as the largest borrower and also expected to borrow less in lender in ecus, in spite of the yen, because Europeans were downturn in the ecu bond mar-ket last year. The EIB has loans from the EIB. raised Ecu 997m in Ecu-denomi-nated borrowing, thanks latterly to the successful issuing of Ecu-denominated debt on the

per cent over the previous year. that was down from 33 per cent in 1985, and the trend would intended to maintain its post-continue, Mr Marchat said. He

Mr Ernst-Gunther Broder, the presdent of the bank's manage-ment committee (its board of governors consists of the 12 EEC finance ministers) said Although the doller still that the EIB was and would headed the list of the currencies remain "rather conservative in interbank operations. That was raised, accounting for more our approach to the capital mar-an increase of more than 19 than 25 per cent of the total, kets—and we avoid gimmicks."

Contracts and Tenders

MHANGURA COPPER MINES LIMITED INVITATION FOR BIDS INTERIM REPORT OMETIC TOWN (1) The Republic of Turkey has received a loan from the International Bank for Reconstruction and Development 31.12.85 Sbx Months Ended 31.12.85 31.12.85 31.12.85 507 300 Milled Recoverable Copper 565 590 4 594 5 595 275 690 6 1 502 5 119 872 890 921 490 6 156 7 156

(IBRD) in various Currencies towards the cost of the Second Railway Project and it is intended that part of the proceeds of this loan will be applied to eligible payments under the contracts for which this invitation to bid is issued

to bid is issued

(2) The Turkish State Railways (Türkiye Cumhuriyeti Devlet Demiryollari Isletmesi Genel Müdürlüğü TCDD) now invites bids for the supply of:

—6 pieces of Levelling, Tamping and Lining Machines

—43 pieces of Track Overhaul Car with Light Cranes

—8 pieces of Track Overhaul Car with Heavy Cranes

—5 pieces of Snow ploughes

(3) This bid invitation is only open for the suppliers from member countries of the IBRD and Switzerland and Taiwan, China

(4) All bids must be accompanied by a security of 2% of the total value of the bid

the total value of the bid

(5) The Tender documents (Specifications) can be obtained from the address given below as from the date of January 30 1987 against the charge of US\$150 each.

The deadline for bids is on: Thursday April 9 1987 at 1500 hrs Address:

TCDD ISLETMESI GENEL MUDURLUGU MALZEME DAIRESI BASKANLIGI GAR/ANKARA/TURKEY

Appointments |

FINANCIAL CONSULTANT

West End Sales Office of leading international investment house requires experienced financial consultant specialising in the technical and fundamental analysis of trading U.S. debt securities, corporate and convertible debt and zero type securities to handle portfolios for retail and small institutional clients wishing to partfcipate in U.S., European and Asian markets. Applicants aged 25-30 should have minimum two years' relevant experience, preferably gained in U.S., be registered with NYSE, be educated to BA standard and have working knowledge of two European languages in addition to English Salary circa US\$35,000.

Please write in strictest confidence, enclosing curriculum vitae, to Box A0894 Financial Times, 10 Cannon Street, London EC4P 4BY

TRADER

A leading international investment company requires a Yen Bond Trader to work in its City based office with primary and secondary market responsibilities to include evaluation of client needs as related to yen mannings, trading of yen of chefit needs as related to yen mancings, trading of yen financings and yen denominated issues, maintenance of active secondary trading market. Minimum 5 years' experience specialising in analysis, trading and marketing of Samurai domestic and Euro yen bonds, dollar and yen convertible bonds. Must have thorough knowledge of major foreign currency markets, be NYSE registered and fluent in English and Japanese. Aged 30-35. Salary circa US\$45,000.

Please write enclosing full curriculum vitae, in strictest confidence, to Box A0395 Financial Times, 10 Connon Street, London ECAP 4BY

UNION BANK OF NORWAY UNION BANK OF NORWAY
LIMITED
USS75,000,000 Floating Rate
Notes due 1991
Notice is hereby given that the
issuer of the above-referenced
Notes has purchased the entire
outstanding principal amount
thereof (i.e. US\$3,300,000) and that
such Notes are redeemed with
effect from November 21, 1985.

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plans three series of public bonds

By Tim Coone in Buenos Aires THE ARGENTINE GOVERN ment is to issue three new series of public bonds during the coming year, valued at Australes lbn to finance pub-lic sector investment. At the same time, restrictions are also to be lifted on private sector companies that wish to issue bonds for investment

Making the aunouncements late en Wednesday evening Mr Juan Sourouille, the economy minister, said the measures were aimed at developing a long-term capital market in the country, and at stimulating investment in the private and public sectors.

The new public sector bonds The new public sector bonds will be denominated in local

will be denominated in their currency. The differences be-tween the three series lie in the method of calculating ad-justments in the value of the justineurs in the vame of the bonds to maintain their value against inflation and to take account of future devaluation of the australe.

One of the bends will be adjusted according to shifts in the value of Argentinian US dollar-denominated bonds, a second will be pegged to lead more warket interest. local money market interest rates, while the third will take into account official ex-change rate adjustments.

The bonds are additional to the new issue of \$1.5bn in US dollar-denominated bonds announced earlier this month.

Economic analysis in Argentina say the absence of an effective long-term capital market continues to create serious problems for private sector investment. The new measures do not address the private sector's complaints that high interest rates also inhibit investment, but inhibit investment, but according to Mr Souroulle they will expand the pool of capital available for long-term investments and make it easier for companies to raise funds in the local market

Brazil to pay creditors of failed banks

By Ivo Dawnay in Salvador BRAZIL will today begin paying off creditors of two failed banks — Brasilinvest and Auxiliar—after long-contested liquidation terms were finally agreed by senior ministers late on Wednesday. Similar agreements are

Comind and Maisonnave—thereby clearing a serious hurdle to the forthcoming round of talks with international creditors on a new rescheduling agreement for Brazil's US\$104bn foreign Foreign hankers

eriginally been told by the Brazilian authorities that they could expect no special treatment when the banks failed in 1985. After a protracted dispute, the Central Bank then undertook lengthy negotiations with creditors on winding up the banks, Comind, Auxiliar and

Maisonnave went into liquida-tion owing some US\$450m to foreign banks, while Brasilinvest owed some US\$24m. Arguments ever the liquidation have centred on how to adjust liabilities for inflation while other disputes cancerned the extent of the failed hanks' exposures to domestic Preliminary reports indi-

cate that Brasilinvest crevi-tors will get back some 82 per cent of their stakes, with remaining liabilities being ex-changed for credits in a new institution that will take over the rump of its activities. Terms for Auxiliar are understood to be more generous.

Nestle lifts profits despite lower sales By William Dullforce in Geneva

NESTLE, the Swiss foods group, has amounced a 10 per cent decline in consoli-dated net sales to SFr 28hn (\$24.5bn) in 1986 compared with the previous year. Con-solidated net earnings, however, were not expected to be lower than the SFr 1.75bn recorded in 1985, indicating n substantial improvement in return on sales.

due entirely to exchange rate changes. Nestle said. The currencies of the main countries where the group operates had depreciated by 27 per cent against the Swiss

Volume growth and the inclusion in the accounts of acquisitions accounted for the fact that the decrease in consolidated sales expressed in Swiss francs was markedly lower than might have been expected from the exchange rate developments in 1986, Nestle said from its group headquarters at Vevey.

Belgian Railways C\$ deal aimed mainly at Japan

dollar bonds rose by between } and a percentage points yester-day but turnover was still low, with uncertainty over the dollar keeping investors mainly out of the market.

ways. Dealers expected the issue

ways. Dealers expected the issue to appeal mainly to Japanese investors, who have been keen buyers of Canadian dollar paper, especially for sovereign names, in recent months.

The 8½ per cent five-year bond was priced at 101½ to give an initial yield of around 40 basis points over Canadian government bonds. Grey market trading was thin, as the deal was announced late in the afternoon, but the lead-manager quoted a but the lead-manager quoted a bid price of 99.50, a discount bid price of 99.50, a discount equivalent to the total fees.
As has been normal for Belgian state and state-backed bonds—but unlike a recent dollar bond for Belgiam itself—the deal was assued in registered form.

Elsewhere, Banque Paribas Capital Markets led an A\$40m three-year 14‡ per cent bond for Landesbank Rheinland-Prely priced at 1001.

levels. Trading in the D-Mark domestic market was quiet. Prices of longer-dated bonds eased slightly, although shorter-dated bonds rose by about 0.20 points.

West German Treasury bills In a quiet new issues market, West German Treasury bills I/TCB International led a and notes, however, were in C\$90m issue for Belgian Rail- strong demand from both

INTERNATIONAL BONDS

foreign and domestic investors who are attracted by their relatively high yields. The five-year Treasury note yields about 5.60 per cent at the moment. In the D-Mark Eurobond market, price changes were mixed. Trinkaus & Burkbard'ts mixed. Transaus for the Council of Europe, which camies currency warrants designed to appeal to investors who expect a rise in the dollar, was in strong demand. The bonds carry three-year

warrants to purchase \$500 at an exchange rate of DM 1.78. The breakeven point is DM 1.95.

The lead-manager said the issue was appealing particularly the content of the co for Landesbank Rheinland-Pfals, priced at 1001. to private investors, who are The deal was quoted at levels unable to speculate on the dollar around the 1½ per cent fees, by using the options market, while other recent Australian. The bond with the warrants was

PRICES OF seasoned Euro dollar bonds were at similar quoted at a bid price of 1181.

In Switzerland, volume was slightly lower than in recent days with prices generally unchanged.

Credit Suisse led an equity-linked SFr 200m note issue— in two equal five-year tranches— for Kuraray, the Japanese manufacturer of synthetic fibres. The first tranche was a convertible bond priced at par with an indicated coupon of 11 per cent and the second a fiveper cent, and the second a five-year equity warrants bond with an indicated 2; per cent coupon. They will be priced on February

Swiss Bank Corporation led a SFr 150m six-year 41 per cent bond for Kubota, the Japanese agricultural machinery com-pany. The deal was priced at 1001.

Banque Paribas (Suisse) set the terms on a SFr 120m 10-year bond for Power Financial Corporation. The coupon was set at 5 per cent. The deal, priced at 1001, was quoted at 991 bid.

Banque Internationale a Laxembourg led a SFr 300m five-year 7 per cent private placement for Union Bank of Finland. The issue is priced at

One-for-five rights offer from Paragon Resources

BY KENNETH MARSTON, MINING EDITOR

The new funds will finance the A\$15m Temora gold mine in New South Wales which has

the issue by converting their expected early commencement options in the current quarter. of production from the Philippines and the clearance of debt, the A\$15m Temora gold mine would allow directors to initiate in New South Wales which has a vigorous dividend paying now started operations — it is policy."

Dab pays interim dividend

A RENOUNCEABLE rights expected to produce 45,000 ozs issue of one new share at 40 cents for every five held has been proposed by Australia's headens of options — convertible into ordinary shares at a price of 20 cents until the end of 1989 — can qualify for the issue by converting their options in the current quarter.

The strong earlings base from Temora, the payment only of 50 cents for the previous full grants and the clearance of debt. the previous full year. Half-year earnings amounted to R2.08m (£653,000), or 45.3 cents per

Tota

Healr

FT INTERNATIONAL BOND SERVICE

Listed are the latest international bonds for which there is an adequate secondary market-

Change on the property of Senetter Fin. 114, 95 CS 75
GMAC 94, 92 CS 75
Senet Tristoo 105, 90 CS 75
Senet Acc. 105, 92 CS 75
Coca-Code F. C. 17 90 NS 75
Denmark 175, 89 NS 50
Uniterer Cap. 175, 89 NS 50
Uniterer Cap. 175, 89 NS 50
E18 75, 91 Eca 109
E18 85, 93 Eca 109
Ward Stavey 83, 94 Eca 62
Houda Mitr. WW 37, 90 F1 109
Houda Mitr. XW 37, 90 F1 109
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Straight Bends: The yield is the yield to redemption of the mid-prior; the amount issued is in salifices of correctly saids except for Yen bonds where it is in biffices. Change on Week-Change over price a week earlier. Prosting Rule Notes: Denominated in dollars unless otherwise indicated. Coupon shown is minimum. C.cha-Data next cooped becomes effective. Spread—Margin above six-month offered rate (‡ times-month; § above mean rate) for US dollars, C.cpn—The

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W Jone

Developers attract more bank funding

"WHERE do you lend ster-ling?" the banker asked. It was half an interrogation, half a complaint. The local authority market has dried up. Many Bri-tish companies are flush with cash. The answer is property, he

Joseph William

Jab pays

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To be sure, bank lending to the property market has been growing steadily this decade to reach £9.3bm in the last quarter of 1986, nearly a quarter of this was committed last year.

was committed last year.

The major players in the arrangement of syndicated loans include, among the British merchant banks, County, Guimess Mahon, Samuai Montagu, Morgan Grenfell and Rothschild, and among foreign banks, Allied Irish, Bankers Trust, First Interstate, Nordic Bank and Security Pacific. And there are active banks not immediately apparent because many of the deals remain unpublicised.

There are numerous stirac-

There are numerous attractions in property. At a time when as the banks say, there is when, as the baths say, there is no easy lending, the margins are high, the tickets are big and the number of staff needed to devise the financial packages is small.

broader trends. Bank interest in property began to pick up when controls on the quality of lending were relaxed. These controls were imposed by the Bank of England in the aftermath of the 1974 property crash and specified lending only to schemes with cast iron guaranBanks have stepped into the finance gap left by pension funds and insurance companies, but investment remains short term

rty has traditionally provided.

Latterly the pendulum has been swinging back. The Investment Property Databank noted that the heaviest annual institutional investment took place in 1981, at 22.01bn, and since then has halved. In recent months insurance companies have been taking a greater interest in the market but the pension funds have stood aside. So, there has been a gap for the banks to fill. "The margins are there because

"The margins are there because the institutions are absent",

selling developments for storehous short term gain as opposed to retaining them for long term "There investment." This, too, has the con helped the growth of bank ownershill lending. "The new developer-traders, which have grown ger. The rapidly due to the demand for here is the demand for here is to the demand for here is specialist City office space and retail property, are boosting demand for short and medium term funds."

The slack in the market was Rosenhaugh, London and Edintaken up by pension funds and burgh Trust, Bredero, Arbuth-insurance companies seeking not (now merging with Imry) the hedge against inflation that and London and Metropolitan
Estates. Their aim is earnings
per share, a different approach
from companies like Land
Securities, British Land, Hammerson, MEPC and Peachey
where there is a greater concentration on building up
assets per share.

At the same time, as Mr Patrick Heininger, a director of Baring Brothers, Britain's oldest merchant bank now active in property financing, moted, "there are people with property which they don't need to own."

said one banker.

But this gap is not simply a question of funds. The property development industry has changed. The expectations of those who own property have changed.

Greenwell Montagu, the London brokers, noted in a groups putting their property recent study an "emphasis on short term gain as opposed to Rathers.

"There is an awareness of "There is an awareness of the concept that property ownership can be looked at independently," said Mr Heinin-ger. The demand for the banks here is to devise the financing packages which ensure that the groups obtain returns from their properties. This is not something in which the insur-sness communics or pension

The confluence of these trends—a financial hole to fill, trends—a financial hole to fill, rising demand from developers, making the assets sweat—means inevitably that bank financing of property goes well beyond the provision of mere mortgages.

The range of instruments is wider now. Very broadly they can be split into three overlapping types. And these types come into play at different stages of the property development sequence. Take the types first.

The first is where a bank is

The first is where a bank is lending to a company. Here the crucial factor for the bank is the company's cashflow and the lending has nothing to do with a specific property or a specific property venture. A bank will arrange short term, unsecured lending on the strength of a company's viability.

company's viability.

Commercial paper is an example of this. The market, said Greenwell Montagu, "although it has got off to a slow start offers an akternative supply of short term finance. To date, stockley has taken out facilities for £100m and Hammerson, Property Security IT, Chesterfield and British Land have £50m facilities." £50m facilities."

The second type is where a bank is taking a risk not only on a company but on that com-pany's property as well. The security is the building. The

June in Luxembourg.

Securitisation and unitisation

into small portions of owner-ship or entitlements to rental income in the form of tradeable units—are the wave of the It is at this stage that the question of sequence in the bank financing of property company to realise in the property the value it promises when the funding is provided.

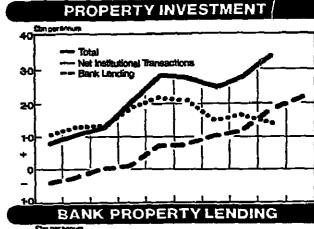
comes into play. Again broadly, the sequence splits into two. The first part is development finance. The second is investment, or, as the banks would put it, take-out—the removal of finance. When County, the National Westminster merchant banking subsidiary, last month put together a £270m syndicated funding for Rosehaugh Stan-hope's Broadgate development in the City of London it was saying, in effect two things. That Rosehaugh Stanhope would put it, take-out—the removal or finance provided for develop-ment and its replacement by other funding. "The banks are not looking to be long-term holders of property," said Mr complete the building in the time it predicted and that it would let the space at the rents for which it had budgeted.

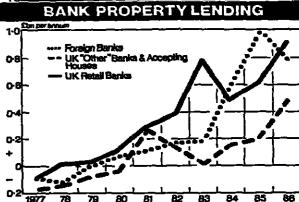
The scope for banking innova-tion at present is greater in the When ANZ Merchant Bank last October formed a consorfirst part than in the second. Once a bank is satisfied that a last October formed a consor-tium of banks to inject £70m into a joint property company with Burton, based on Burton's High Street shops, it was assuming that the income from the properties would provide the returns the banks wanted and taking the risk that the properties would not fall in value. property development venture will be worth the capital value that a promoter places on it: once the bank is satisfied that the promoter can meet the use promoter can meet the interest payments, then all the banking techniques suitable to the circumstances can be applied.

value.

The third type of financing is securitisation — the turning of property assets and property. These techniques do involve securities. Rather, they are concerned more with tech are concerned more with techniques like the manipulation of interest rates, changing from floating to fixed, and so on. The opportunities have always been there. Generally, given the fact based debt into tradeable securi-ties. Here the return to the banks is geared wholly to the property market. The only recent example is the Baring and Goldman Sachs flotation of that the huge property develop-ments are comparatively rare, £80m of equity and debt in the City of London's Billingsgate most ventures require only one bank to finance them. development. It was quoted last

From the banks' point of view, the second part of the sequence





is also vital because it is the chunks of real estate can be path not only to more business in arranging issues of propertyrelated securities, but also because a widening of the investment market enables their funding to be re-financed.

The banks recognise that the property market needs more money, needs to be made more so that indigestible

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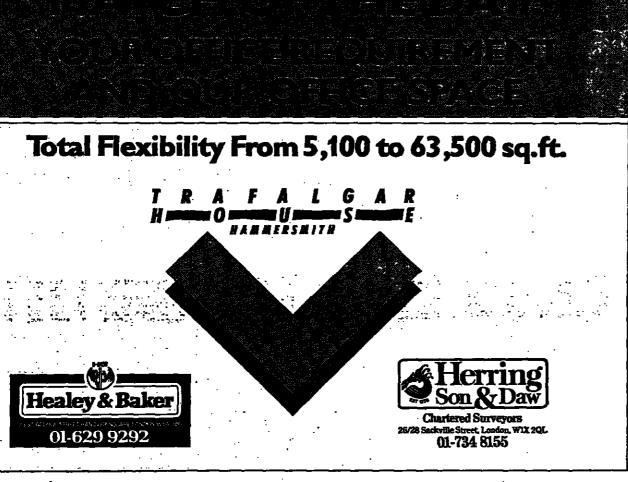
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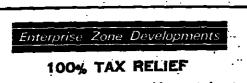
10 MINUTES FROM HEATHROW

"If the market doesn't deve-lop," warned one banker, "if there are no trusts or property income certificates — and the development finance keeps coming in, there are going to be problems. There are a lot of big buildings and no take-out,"

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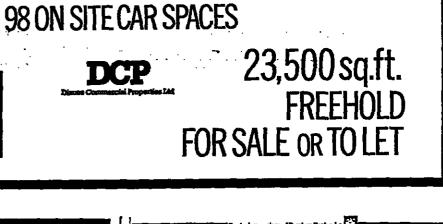


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Rank plans expansion after rise

RANK ORGANISATION, the leisure and entertainments group, reported a rise of 21 per cent to £164.1m in its pre-tax profits for the year ended October 31 1986, on sales of £718.1m, against £630.9m. Earnings per share rose 34.7

per cent to 45.4p (33.7p). The final dividend is 11.75p (9.5p), making 18p (15p).

The results were in line with City expectations and the shares closed up 21p at 611p.

Sir Patrick Meaney, chairman, said the company's major clearing up tasks were over and he expected 1987 to be a year of continuing prosperity continuing prosperity
continuing progress, partly
because spending on leisure
would continue to outstrip
general economic growth.

He added: "We plan to
accelerate the international ex-

pansion of our leisure and precision industries in the US and elsewhere."

Rank was actively considering the opportunities for acquiring out the possibility of making a large acquisition.

The trading profits of Rank's



Sir Patrick Meaney, chairman

medium and small companies in the US, and would not rule

directly managed businesses £6.5m (£3.6m), but Australia/ were up 23.2 per cent at £84.4m Asia stood still at £2.2m. (£68.5m). Profits from associated com-

and recreation showed the best results, almost doubling profits to £32,8m (£16.5m), though £9.6m of the increase, stemmed from newly acquired businesses. Early bookings for holidays in

1987 were up on last year, Sir and redundancy costs.

Patrick said.

Overall, the trading profit was

The hotels and catering busiyear. The company was confident the position would improve this year.

Film and television services reported profits of £13m (£11m). The company was examining opportunities to build more cinema complexes in the UK.

Profits at precision industries were \$14.6m (fill.5m). The company's interests in North America increased profits to

panies were up 16.5 per cent at

£82.7m (£71.1m), to which the company's interest in Rank Xerox contributed £81.1m, Rank said Xerox's underlying profits grew by 11 per cent after allow-ing for currency fluctuations

£167.1m (£139.6m). After allowresults, with profits falling to tax £64m (£61.1m), minorities £12.1m from £15.4m, mainly because the decline in American tax £19.1m (credit £1.5m), tax £19 because the decline in American charges £19.1m (credit £1.5m), tourists coming to London last profits were £75.5m (£70.2m). The extraordinary items included £14.4m for costs aris-

ing from the lapsed offer for Granada.

The 1985 figures were restated because of accounting changes relating to goodwill, depreciation and Rank Xerox's deferred tax, increasing the 1985 tax charge by £3.9m and reducing the net profit by £4.9m.

Allied Textile rises 17.5%

A NEAR film increase in profits from financial activities enabled Allied Textile Companies to lift pre-tax profits by 17.5 per cent, from £6.39m to £7.51m, in the year ended September 30, 1986.

The group, a manufacturer, processor and distributor of textile products, lifted its turnover by 5 per cent to £57.25m, on which it increased its operating profit by only 2.6 per cent to £5.63m.

Financial activities — investment income less interest payable — however, contributed £1.87m (£897,000). The group's current investments were shown in the year-end balance sheet at £20.32m (£15.68m), and cash was £210,000 (£1.66m).

RECORD RESULTS were

Glass Glover at £2.3m

achieved in the year ended developments demonstrated that September 30 1986 by the Glass the group had rapidly secured

There were extraordinary charges of £253,000 (£475,000).

Allied is long accustomed to answering questions about its cash mountain—market value \$25m or 114p per share at the balance sheet date—and now explains patiently that it "hops for the fact it may be a sheet of the share of the from foot to foot" switching resources from each to textiles depending on the expected rate of return. Cash certainly year, being responsible for up the cash mountain.

Earnings worked through at 22.4p (19.7p) per share. The final dividend is 5p for a net total of 8p, against 6.5p after adjustment for a scrip issue.

There were averaged in the rise in pre-tax profits. Textile profits will increase this year as the Bulmer acquisition is absorbed, but it take a couple of years will take a couple of years to bring Bukner's margins up to those of the rest of the group. In the meantime, Allied will patiently try to specialise and improve the earnings quality across the group. This

year, pre-tax profits could top £9m which, with the shares up 10p at 345p, puts the prospective p/e at 14. It is worth noting that the company conservatively accounts for a 35 per cent tax charge but in fact pays a ned more lucrative last lot less—which will help build

> Rotork seeks Rotork, valve control equip-

Simon shares were unchanged

at 291p compared with the 325p value claimed by Valuedale for its offer which comprised 150p in cash, 50p in preference shares and one Valuedale ordinary share for each Simon share. Under the buy-in, the Valuedale share would have had to rise to 200p from its claimed value of 125p for the new man-

Only 7% support for Valuedale

VALUEDALE, the management buy-in vehicle driven by Mr Philip Ling, had the support of only 7.3 per cent of Simon Engineering shares when its £201m bid closed yesterday.

Schroders, the merchant bank advising Valuedale, said it was disappointed at the level of support, which it had thought would be higher after its talks with institutions.

Although it thought that Valuedale had won the argument with its criticism of Simon's management, Schroders suggested that shareholders had been heartened by the recent appointments of Mr Tim Leader as chief executive and Mr Roy Roberts as chairman-elect.

Valuedale, created especially for the bid, "will become a very small and quiet company," Mr Nigel Pantling of Schroders

Its shares closed another 10p to get a 15 per cent stake in the

By Richard Tomkins BRITISH AIRWAYS today publishes the prospectus for its £900m offer for sale. Some 720.2m shares are being sold at 125p a share by Hill Samuel, the merchant bank on behalf of the Secretary of State for Transport. The prospectus shows how the airline's financial perfor-

mance has been turned round in the last five years by new management led by Lord King. Pre-tax losses of £108m in the year to March 1982 had

become pre-tax profits of £195m by March last year. However, the attermath of the Chernobyl and Libya in-cidents in spring 1986 caused cidents in spring 1936 caused a downturn in transatiantic traffic which has hit the current year's figures. Consequently the company is coming to the market forecasting a fall in profits to filling for the year to this March.

The availability of previous years' tax losses mean British Airways will pay only £2m in tax this year, so earnings per share come out at 19.9p and the prospective price/earnings multiple is 6.3 times.

A 4p net dividend will be paid in July, but British Airways says the dividend would have been 6p in a full year, so the notional gross dividend yield is 6.8 per cent.

The shares are payable in two instalments: 65p now and 60p on August 18. The minimum number which can be applied for is 400, so the minimum initial investment is

About 20 per cent of the About 20 per cent of the shares are being sold over-seas and another 45 per cent are being pre-placed with UK institutions, but if the remaining part of the offer is sub-scribed three times or more, it will be expanded through a clawback of 20 per cent of the other investors' shares.

Special provisions have been made to restrict foreign ownership of British Airways to around 35 per cent to prevent its status as a British flag carrier being jeopardised.

comment The absence of a closely com-

parable airline stock has made the pricing of British Airways a tricky exercise, but on most assessments of BA's merits relative to other carriers', a price of 125p looks undemanding. For this, looks undemanding. For this, the investing public has to thank the over-kearty underselling of the issue, which has succeeded in frightening off not just Sid but a few UK institutions besides. Now they are having to be won back with a price low enough to ensure that the claw-back is triggered, for fear that the ensure that the claw-back is triggered, for fear that the comparatively uninhibited enthusiasm of overseas investors might be dissipated by any taint of failure in the stock's domestic market. On tions are clear: the cor has it that the shares will see 140p on the first day and 150p to 160p in the next six months, so the prospect of picking up a gross annualised yield of 171 per cent on the yacily-paid price next July and exciting at a premium of up to 50 per cent is close to irresistible. But this is really a stock for yield funds and traders: the horizons are too heavily misted by tax considerations rights of prices. siderations, rising oil prices and political uncertainties for long-term funds comfortable with it.

Duncan Lawrie

Duncan Lawrie, a private banking services group, re-turned profits of £650,421 for 1986 compared with £545,354 in the previous year, an increase of 19.3 per cent.

At year-end consolidated gross assets were £65.98m, a 47 per cent increase over 1985's £44.84m.

The group's banking services continued to generate business from customers both in the UK

Valor subsidiary collapses with debts exceeding £7m

MAJOR CIRCLE, a fitted-kitchen subsidiary of Valor, the gas and electrical appliance group, was put into voluntary liquidation yesterday with net debts of more than £7.6m.

More than £1.5m in the year of it had bought from Major Circle.

A statement of affairs presented by Mr Stephen Swaden, partner with insolvency specialists Leonard Curtis & Co, suggested that Major Circle's assets of £868,649 were likely, when to file the accounts, through to the group, and the decision was made at group decision was made at group that it syould take an extraordinary charge estimated at £700.000 as a result of the closure. Its shares fell 11p to 281p.

Mr Michael Montague, Valor chairman, said that the company would take financial and legal advice about whether to pay

281p.
Mr Michael Montague, Valor chairman, said that the company would take financial and legal

would take financial and legal advice about whether to pay any of Major Circle's creditors whose disputed claims could be established. Other creditors would be paid in full.

Mr Montague made his statement through Mr Akister Glaze, the Major Circle director presiding at yesterday's meeting. The other two are directors of another Valor subsidiary. United Kitchens. United, which has a franchise operation, which has a franchise operation, owed by its 95 per cent owned subsidiary.

Kr Slao emerged shat Major Circle had stopped taking orders in February of last year, is also one of three directors of major Circle disputes and has counter-claims pending against counter-claims pending. Mr Philip Monjack, senior permises in Tauntion but are separate companies, Mr Davis said.

Mr Glaze agreed to right substitute the other two are directors of another valor substitute. The other two are directors of another valor substitute. The other two are directors of another valor substitute. The other two are directors of another valor substitute. The other two are directors of another valor substitute. The other two are directors of another valor su

Valor also confirmed yester-day that it had another kitchen subsidiary, Lifestyle Kitchens UK, which was established in April 1886. Mr Glaze, who told

MAJOR CIRCLE, a fitted-kit- of more than £1.5m in the year market price for any assets that

.... = 11

13233

Cadbury upset by US approach

BY LISA WOOD

Cadbury Schweppes, the UK soft drinks and confectionery manufacturer, yesterday advised General Cinema, US theatre chain and soft drinks bottler, that it would not welcome any

further advances.
On Monday General Cinema announced it had bought an 8.3 per cent stake in Cadbury Schweppes

In a letter to Mr Richard Smith, chairman of General Cinema, Sir Adrian Cadbury, chairman of Cabury Schweppes, said: "Any further increase in your investment would not be

General Cinema had any Cinema may seek to partripate interest until it received the in its strategic management by letter from Mr Smith earlier this seeking a seat on the board, a strategy it had adopted before

"This has not laid the right foundation for the friendly and

to Cadbury Schweppes, said it did not intend to bid for the company. It said its acquisition of 46.5m shares in Cadbury Schweppes, with an average net cost of £89.7m, was a good investment.

in the US.

Mr Dominic Cadbury, chief constructive relationship you say you are seeking," said Sir Adrian.

General Cinema, in its letter to Cadbury Schweppes, said it did not intend to bid for the company. It said its acquisition

Mr Dominic Caubury, there we we we will be in a Cadbury and its company. Schweppes, said it were very different businesses and he did not believe General Cinema and Cadbury schweppes, he said. Cinema had anything to con-tribute to Cadbury Schweppes'

Cadbury's shares closed at He said Cadbury Schweppes Cadbury Schweppes is par- 225p, down 1p with some light had no formal indication that ticularly concerned that General profit-taking.

Schroder threatens legal action

merchant bank, yesterday was consistent with expectathreatened legal action against tions."

The bank stated that informathe accounting firm. Beleitte However, in November 1986 tion in the accountants report
Haskins & Sells following news the shares were suspended at at the time of the flotation "may

At the time, it reported that its last pre-tax profits were £735,000 on turnover of £9m.

The first interim figures after flotation revealed a pre-tax loss

J. Renry Schreder Wagg, the of £274,000 but PPL said this Development and British Rail

that PPL (Holdings), the computer software company, had that "substantial losses" had been incurred in the year to price in material respects," particularly regarding in the receivers,

PPL joined the main market September 30. Mr Roy Taylor, the inappropriate application of shares at 145p by schroder and Cazenove which valued the company at \$8.9m.

The three were suspended at at the time of the flotation "may have been incurred in the year to go the inappropriate application of accounting policy for the chairman and chief execution of new business.

Mr John Bullock, senior particularly regarding the inappropriate application of accounting policy for the recognition of new business.

Mr John Bullock, senior particularly regarding the inappropriate application of accounting policy for the recognition of new business.

Mr John Bullock, senior particularly regarding to construct a placing of shares at 145p by self-under the time of the flotation "may have been incorrect in material respects," particularly regarding the inappropriate application of accounting policy for the recognition of new business.

Mr John Bullock, senior particularly regarding the inappropriate application of accounting policy for the recognition of new business.

Mr John Bullock, senior particularly regarding the inappropriate application of accounting policy for the recognition of new business.

Schroder said it was consider interpretations of how to ing action against Deloitte on recognise the income of hi-tech behalf of PPL's shareholders, companies but his firm would which include Alan Patrocof defend strongly against any Associates, Causeway, Fountain action taken against it.

Yule Catto raises stake in Reabrook. By Clay Harris

Yule Catte has increased its stake in Reabrook Holdings, erosols group, from 8 per cent to 13 per cent

The bulk of the new holding appears to have come indirectly from Barrow Hep-burn, chemicals and engineering group, for which Yule Catto is waging an £18m takeover

Both companies said that the changes in their Reabrook holdings were unrelated to the takeover battle, Reabrook shares added 17p to 1389.

I.G. INDEX FT for January 1,428-1,432 (-13) Tel: 01-828 5899

DIVIDENDS ANNOUNCED

_		Date	Corres-		Total
	wrrent		ponding		last
	yment	payment		year	year
Argyle Trust	2	Apr 6	1	1.	2
Ailied Textile	_ 5	Apr 2		8.	6.5*
Assec Fish		Apr 8	3	4	3.25
BTS Group,int		Feb 27	1.3	-	4
Courts (Furn)int	1.75	Apr 10		-	4.7
Domino Printing	1.35	Apr 8		2.3	1
Robert M. Douglas int	1.2	Mar 19		-	2.25
Equipuint	2	Feb 24		·	5
Finlan Groupint			1.8	_	3.8
Glass Glover		Apr 1		4.5	3.9
Harvey Thompson int			1.75		3.9 6
Home Farm Prods int	1.15	May 8	1.15	_	3.25
Jones (Ernest)int	1.4	Apr 1		_	5.3
Klearfold	13.1			4.7	
London Shopint	1.55	Apr 30	1.45	· `	5.5
Lonrhe		Apr 6	£ 36*	11.91	10.91*
Lonrho1st int	∦ī.		0.91*		11.91*
M & G Group			9.95*	5.25*	
ML Holdingsint	126	Apr 7	23		∵8
Rank Org	11.75	Apr 7	9.5	18	
TSB	1 07	War 20		1.07	_
Dividends shown pence	Der e	here not	AWCORT Y	where	otherwis
Stated.	er allo	wing for	errin 199	16_ †C	In Canita
increased by rights an	id /or =	wantellive	iesnes.	Į US	M stock
§ Unquoted stock. ¶ Gro	-, +1 a 188—[78	cente	For cut	rent ve	ar.

McKechnie pays £12m for plastics group

McKeckaie Brethers, plastics, metals and consumer products group, yesterday unveiled the acquisition of TVP, maker of plastic products for the furniture and DIY markets, for up to 51 85m.

to £11.85m.

In the year to December 31, 1986 TVP expects to have increased pre-tax profits by 62 per cent to £1.5m and turnover by 34 per cent to £8.5m. Net assets at the end of the year were at £3.8m.

would strengthen McKechnie's consumer-based companies.

TVP is McKechnie's third acquisition in the last year. In February Plastic Box, plastics and packaging group, cost £4.4m, and in August McKechnie bought PSM, industrial

battle.

Barrow confirmed yesterday that it had recently sold its Reabyook stake, which was a little less than the 5 per cent disciosure level. Yule Catto, plantations and chemicals company, said that it had bought one large holding of about that size plus some shares in the market.

Both companies said that the

Standard's firework rescue

SCOTTISH HERITABLE Trust, the York-based industrial and property group, has rescued Brock's Firewerks, Britain's oldest fireworks maker founded in 1720, in a deal effected via its Standard Fireworks sub-SHT will have an estimated

70 per cent of the UK market when Brock's 20 per cent share is added to the 50 per cent held by Standard Fireworks, which SHT bought last year. Standard hopes to preserve

were laid off at the beginning of the year.

The Office of Fair Trading has requested information on the purchase, but Mr Robin Garland, SHT managing director, said that his company would emphasize the need to would emphasise the need to maintain employment and the importance of Brock's research department which works mainly on military pyrotechnics.

WING !

Standard has paid £55,000 for Brock's, which had sales of about £4m in final nine months all 150 production and administrative jobs at Brock's plant fallen considerably from £2.1m
at Sangubar, Dumfriesshire, It; at August 31 1985 because of
has begun to recall staff who subsequent trading losses.

> A FINANCIAL TIMES SURVEY THE TREATY OF ROME

WEDNESDAY MARCH 25 1987 For further details, please contact: RUTH PINCOMBE

on London 51-343 8000 ext 3428

FINANCIAL TIMES EUROPE'S BUSINESS NEWSPAPER

again on the second half.
Earnings for 1985-86 moved up to 14.93p (13.75p) per 5p share and the final dividend is 2.54p for a net total of 4.3p current year. Minorities came compared with 3.9p.

£121m and pre-tax profits by £349,000 to £2.33m. The directors pointed out that the figures were earned against a background of continuing development and heavy Although the rate of profit rowth was being restrained during that programme, they anticipated a further satisfactory performance for the cur-rent year with the emphasis

Glover Group of food distri-an important share of the mar-butors, importers and growers ket. There was, moreover, conof fruit and vegetables. Turn-siderable scope for further ex-over advanced by £37m to pansion. In the produce division exten-sions to product range and last few weeks. client base were being consoli-dated. The growing division made a satisfactory contribu-tion to profits, and further de-

The directors said the scale of

involvement in tomato production and salad vegetable marketing. There was a tax credit of £111,000 this time (charge £395,000) reflecting allowances from the heavy capital expenditure programme, and further was expected in the

to £104.000 (nil).

price enquiry

ment and machine toolmaker, yesterday asked for a Stock Exchange enquiry into the rise in its share price during the

The company said extensive inquiries had failed to reveal any reason for the rise from velopments were increasing the 139p at the beginning of the month to 180p this week. It has been invited to a meeting with another company at which it believed bid proposals might be tabled, but it said that it had always prized its andependence

highly, un at 1900.

The Rank Organisation 1986 Results

Increase on 1985 Profit before tax £164.1m Earnings per share 45.4p +35%Dividend q0.81

> The abridged profit and loss account for the year ended 31st October 1986 is an extraction the Report & Accounts which will be filed with the Registrar of Companies upon **Another year of progress**



The 1986 Report & Accounts will be posted to shareholders on 24th February 1987.

Copies may be obtained from the Secretary, The Rank Organisation Pic,

6 Connaught Place, London W2 2EZ.

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Your Company has had a first-rate year and growth continues. Earnings per share are 25.5 pence on increased share capital, and profit before tax is over £165 million.

I hope that, after you have glanced at my brief survey of new projects, you will go on to read the general Review of In October 1986, we made a decision

to enter the oil business in the U.S.A. by the acquisition of six hundred producing oil and gas fields, which were bought for about U.S.\$170 million from Atlantic Richfield as a joint venture with Mr Robert Anderson. Lonrho believes this will be an excellent base for a modern oil producing and trading company free of unproductive overheads. The new company, which has its headquarters in the United States, is already operating profitably under the experienced leadership of Mr Anderson.

As I said last year, we intend to strengthen links with Japan. We have now signed a formal co-operation agreement which includes a crossholding of shares with the major Japanese trading company, Nissho-Iwai. Lonrho has worked with Nissho-Iwai on several large projects in Africa and so we feel confident that this closer association will give us opportunities to develop in the Pacific Bas

Application is being made to obtain a listing on the Tokyo Stock Exchange in the near future, which will further expand the Group's presence in the Far East.



Agricultural interests in Africa already extensive - were expanded this year when we were invited to recommission several large and fertile estates in Mozambique, which Lourho now owns and manages in partnership with Government. The development, which was initiated by the late President Samora Machel, was productive from the start and we are increasing the acreages.

Companies in the African continent have produced and traded extremely well, although some had adverse exchange rates with a consequent effect on sterling profits.

Shareholders may be surprised to bear

that, with this year's expansion, Lonrho is now one of the largest beef-ranching companies in the world, with a herd of about 120,000 head grazing on two

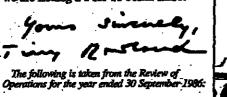
During the year, by agreement with the innovative Mr Eddie Shah, Lourho took a 78 per cent. interest in Britain's first colour national newspaper, "TODAY". This will sustain the paper as it continues to build up a regular

readership by constant improvement. Your Company's whisky division has the second largest share of the United Kingdom market, with three brands in the Top Ten—Whyte & Mackey 'Special', and added this year, The Claymore and the world-renowned Haig.

Underlying financial strength has been further improved by a well supported issue of U.S.\$100 million convertible bonds at 4:75 per cent. in May and a recent issue of U.S.\$100 million bonds at 8 per cent. These issues, which do not affect Shareholders' earnings or rights, help to underwrite expansion.

And expand we will - with your support and the advice and enthusiasm of Lonrito's experienced management team. We used to be a small Company and we try to keep our original foraging spirit of enterprise. To everybody working for Lombo, I express the Board's warm thanks and appreciation for their contribution to the security and growth of the Company. which has increased a thousandfold in the last twenty-five years - despite the odd problem!

The Group has started the new financial year well, although it is too early to make a forecast. To mark the end of this year we are issuing a 1 for 10 bonus share.



MINING AND REFINING

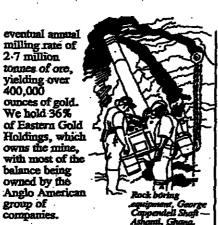
The recent upsurge in gold and especially in platinum prices has boosted the Group's precious metal mining profits. Production has increased to over 250,000 ounces of refined platinum group metals. Platinum production is planned to expand substantially over the next few years to take output to 500,000 ounces annually. Gold production from the Group's

Zimbabwean mines reached another alltime high. Ashanti output was affected by a strike earlier in the year, now amicably settled. Good progress has been made with the U.S. \$160 million programme to expand Ashanti production by 50%.

Shortly before the year end the first reef development at the important Erfdeel. mine was driven, revealing gold values above expectations. above expectations. Production will start later this year and

Lonrho has had a first-rate year and growth continues. Profit before tax is now over £165 million

R W Rowland, Chief Executive



AGRICULTURE

The Group's seven sugar estates reported record overall profits with major contributions from the mills in Swaziland and Mauritius. Sugar production has increased to about 450.000 tonnes.

In Kenya, profits from crops, produced by The East African Tanning Extract Company, were significantly increased. In Zambia, Kalangwa Estates has had an exceptionally successful year in production of tobacco, maize, wheat,

poultry and pigs. In Malawi, a record 4-9 million kilogrammes of tea was harvested during 1986, but turnover was down due to lower tea prices. A healthy profit was earned from other crops, particularly coffee, where production was up at 260

In Nigeria, John Holt has branched out into food farming for the first time, with a large poultry complex.

Demand for high mality arabica coffee in Zimbabwe was strong during the year, with good prices being obtained. Sales of beef cattle amounted to 10,600 head.

The Group's recently re-acquired Mufindi Tea Estates in Tanzania have produced 1-3 million kilogrammes of tea, which is their second best ever year.

In Mozambique, the Group, in parmership with Government, now has



HOTELS AND CASINOS

In Bermuda the major refurbishment programme for the Princess hotels continued. Occupancy levels overall increased, despite the Southampton Princess being closed for renovations

during part of the year.
In Mexico the Acapulco Princess is reporting substantially improved reservations for the current winter season compared to last year, which was affected by the major earthquake in September 1985 although no damage was caused to the Princess hotels or their surroundings. Construction began on a

new 600 room huxury

resort hotel in Scottsdale



The Princess Cast

In the United Kingdom the Metropole Hotel Group has reported record profits at all five of its hotels despite the reduction in overseas visitors. At the Birmingham Metropole occupancy was at its highest level ever and the new Kings Suite conference facilities were opened in May. Extensive work has been completed at the Brighton Metropole. and a new swimming pool has been

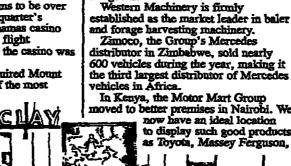
The Metropole Hotel Group held 3,800 conferences during the year maintaining its position as the leading exhibition and conference group. The Stanhope Apartments in Park Lane

were opened in May, providing superbly

furnished flats and a penthouse for short-term letting, which are undoubtedly London's best. The returns of the Casino division

have been lower due to a fall in visitors from overseas, which seems to be over judging by the 1987 first quarter's results. Overseas, the Bahamas casino was well attended and the flight programme for visitors to the casino was

In Kenya the newly acquired Mount Kenya Safari Club, one of the most



Kingdom.

Seat Concessionaires (UK) now has

113 franchised dealers throughout

the country and is the fastest growing motor franchise ever in the United

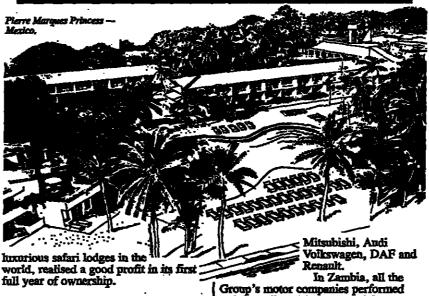
moved to better premises in Nairobi. We now have an ideal location lack Barcuay to display such good products as Toyota, Massey Ferguson,

[urnover	£2,651m £2,586m	
Profit before tax	£165.1m £158.3m	

Profit attributable to shareholders	£76.5m	£67.6m
Earnings per share	25.5p	23.3p

Dividends per share 12.0pCash balances £220m

Earnings and dividends per share for 1985 have been adjusted for the capitalisation issue in 1986. The seventy-eighth Annual General Meeting of Lonrho Plc will be held at the Great Room, Grosvenor House, Park Lane, London, W.1. on Thursday, 19th March, 1987



MOTOR DISTRIBUTION

In spite of intense competition during the year, the Audi Volkswagen Group's market share at 6% is again better than last year. V.A.G (UK) continues to be the leading importer of European cars in the United Kingdom.

export market in the world. Dutton-Forshaw Motors is one of Jaguar's leading distributors with six outlets. The introduction of the new XI40 angurs well for a successful future Jack Barclay, the world's best known Rolls Royce dealer, again did well with



Peugeots, doing particularly well. Lonrho continues to be agents and distributors in many countries in Africa for Mercedes Benz, Toyota, Peugeot, Audi Volkswagen, Massey Ferguson,

During the year the new Audi 80 range was introduced incorporating the

unique Procon 10 safety system, which has received tremendous press comment MAN-VW is now the fastest growing truck company in the British market, which has become the largest MAN

its exquisite motor cars.



General Motors, Rover Group and several other manufacturers. **PRINTING AND**

satisfactorily, with Commercial Motors, which distributes locally assembled

PUBLISHING The Observer's circulation continues to outperform the market with strong gains compared with losses by all other quality Sunday

titles. Plans have been announced to move to contract printing in 1987, which will

further enhance performance.

The Glasgow Herald improved its position as Scotland's leading quality national daily newspaper and the British Newspaper Design Awards named the Glasgow Evening Times as the best

evening newspaper, Significant circulation increases have also been achieved.

Scottish & Universal Newspapers consolidated its position as the paramount weekly newspaper group in Scotland.

The large number of well publicised akeovers and mergers during the year has benefited Greenaway-Harrison, a well organised high security printer. Greenaway-Harrison also made significant advances in their specialist services to banks and financial

Harrison & Sons marked its 52nd year of holding, British Post Office stamp printing contract. The print centres of Holmes

McDougall in l of 2 stamps Edinburgh, Glasgov and Norwich performed well broughout the year.

1985

10.9p

£211m

Harrison Decorative Papers consolidated and strengthened its position as the largest United Kingdom producer of printed decorative papers to the furniture industry.

ENGINEERING

The majority of the companies in the Firsteel Group improved their results

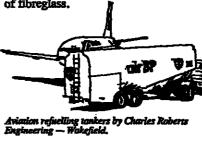
over last year.
Firsteel Metal Products earned record sales and profits. Firsteel acquired Bromford Cold Mill during the year to complement its range of steels in the cold rolled strip market. All the

stockholding companies performed well.
Charles Roberts Engineering more than doubled its profits this year. The Lightfoot Refrigeration Company was awarded a major contract from a Japanese shipyard and also installed the new ice rink at the Birmingham National Exhibition Centre for the Sport Aid spectacular

In Zambia, the President of the Republic opened a prestigious housing project completed by the Group's construction company, Delkins. Delkins also erected the Group's cotton ginnery plant in Mumbwa in record time. Vitretex Paints was able to secure valuable imported raw materials for its paint production. Efforts to increase exports to other tropical countries have

W. Dahmer & Co. improved its revenue from Zimbabwean manufactured buses and trucks, which it continued to export to other countries in

In Nigeria, John Holt is manufacturing 60 foot trawlers made of fibreglass.



WINES AND SPIRITS In France our plan to use the most modern techniques was

carried further by the installation of advanced computer controlled wine making machinery at Château Rausan Ségla. The Bordeaux wine merchant, Louis Eschenauer, had a successful year and in the Loire region, the merchant Aubert

Frères made notable progress in international markets with its high quality regional wines.

Following its acquisition of ten new whisky brands, Whyte & Mackay has implemented appropriate marketing and selling plans for each. Whilst Whyte & Mackay 'Special' remains the main priority, strong support will also be given in future to Haig, at one time the

leading whisky brand in the United

company brands have increased sales volumes, especially to Europe. The Group continues to operate 19

Whyte & Mackay 'Special' and other

breweries in partnership with African Governments and municipalities, producing traditional high protein beer. In Zambia, the Coca-Cola bottling company is, as ever, very busy. The Group also operates three Pepsi Cola

TEXTILES

bottling plants in Nigeria.

Lourho Textiles showed significantly increased profits over last year. Brentfords in particular traded very strongly during a year in which it was proud to be granted a Royal Warrant as a supplier to Her Majesty

Our Lancashire based David Whitehead mills had an excellent year. John Barnes in Preston has a healthy order book for industrial knitted fabrics. Besco Baron in Rochdale improved its range of domestic textiles

. David Whitehead in Malawi had a disappointing year, caused by large volumes of imported second hand clothing. There are now Government restrictions on such imports.

In Zimbabwe, David Whitehead won the Exporter of the Year trophy for the second successive year, recording a 144% increase in

export sales compared to last A new cotton ginnery at Mumbwa in Zambia was commissioned during the year and has ginned

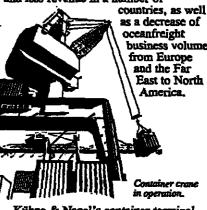
9,000 tons of seed

cotton since the

project started up

FREIGHT

The Kühne & Nagel group of companies again showed a satisfactory performance, although it was affected by the devaluation of the U.S. Dollar against European currencies. This resulted in lower commission income and less revenue in a number of



Kühne & Nagel's container terminal in the port of Rotterdam successfully concluded its first year of operation. In Canada Kühne & Nagel has acquired the ease of a warehouse in Vancouver and a second warehouse is being constructed

in Montreal. In addition to its forwarding activities, out warehousing, port handling, industrial packaging, insurance brokerage and travel business in a

number of countries. Global turnover of Kühne & Nagel, which Lontho owns in direct partnership with Mr Klaus Kühne, exceeds DM 4.9 billion and profits have almost doubled in the last five years.

FINANCE AND **GENERAL TRADE**

Baumann Hinde, the Group's cotton merchanting company, traded well during a period of rapidly declining prices. In February, the company was awarded a consultancy marketing contract by the Zimbabwe Government.
The PJH Group has confirmed its

position as the leading supplier of kitchens and bathrooms in the United Kingdom with the acquisition of Fourways. The Group's insurance division,

F. E. Wright, achieved a modest increase in profitability despite greatly increased costs.

John Holt's confirming operations were boosted by a large pharmaceutical contract with the Nigerian Government during the year.

The Group's property investment portfolio was substantially reduced during the year by the sale of a large Guifstream III — one of the Group operated aircraft.



headquarters, located in a prime open position in Cheapside directly opposite St. Paul's Cathedral, was purchased. Southern Watch & Clock Supplies traded satisfactorily in 1986 and profitability has been maintained. Turnpan, which is the largest supplier in Zambia of mining equipment and

spare parts to the copper mines in

Zambia, performed exceptionally well. Lonrho continue to represent substantial American aircraft manufacturers in a mumber of countries in Africa, including Beechcraft, which is our most successful agency, and Boeing. In addition, the Group owns about 30 hard working aircraft.

The text is taken from the Chief Executive's Statement and Review of Operations contained in the Report and Accounts for the year ended 30 September, 1986 which will be published in late February. Copies will be available from the Secretary, Lonrho Plc, Cheapside House, 138 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6BL

Lonrho Plc, Cheapside House, 138 Cheapside, London, EC2V 6BL

TSB marginally ahead of forecast

The TSB Group, reporting its first results since last September's flotation, earned £205.6m before tax in the year ended November 20 1986. This was slightly better than the £201m forecast in the prospectus, and represented an increase of 21.4 per cent on 1985. per cent on 1985.

Sir John Read, the chairman, received one half. sair som need, the chairman, sair that a great deal of work had been done on the group's strategy. But he declined to give a specific answer to the most pressing question facing the TSB: how it intended to spend the £1.5bn raised by the flotterion.

We plan to develop as a financial services group by a combination of growth of existing ket. This modest level of
businesses and the acquisition of new businesses," he said.

incurred in developing the TSB's Progress will become evident retail network. during the course of the year."

If the TSB did make acquisitions, they could be in the form If the TSB did make acquist-tions, they could be in the form of several small unquoted com-unit trust services earned

the proceeds of the flotation, of which the TSB had so far

received one balf.

Tax amounted to £73.8m,
leaving net profits of £131.8m.
The dividend is the forecast
1.065p.

Banking profits were £134m,
up from £122.4m last year. The
TSR has taken a certificus TSB has taken a cautious approach to increasing its loan portfolio because of the inten-sity of competition in the mar-

Earnings from the group's



Sir John Read, the TSB

£35.1m (£26.5m) last year, credit card operations £11.3m (£6m), finance house services

£9.5m (£7m), and vehicle rental, leasing and distribution £7.3m (£7.4m). Mr Derek Stevens, finance

director, said that the excep-tionally large increase in profit from credit cards was due to recent market conditions and was unlikely to persist. The TSB has invested the bulk of the fictation proceeds in short-term loans and gilt-edged stock. Mr Stevens said the choice was dictated partly by the need to have quick access to the funds if neces-

sary.
There were about 7m customers and about 2.5m shareholders, down from more than am initially. A breakdown of its shareholders will be given in the annual report. More than 30 suspected multiple applicants for TSB shares had. been referred to the Director of Public Prosecutions.

See Lex

M.L. rises 56% in strong first half

M. L. HOLDINGS, the aero-nautics and technology group, which was acquired in August, yesterday unveiled a 56 per cent rise in pre-tax profits to £1.1m rise in pre-tax profits to £1.1m in the first half of the financial year after a strong performance from both its aviation and electrical engineering divisions.

In the six months to Septem-In the six months to september 30, the company increased its turnover by 40 per cent to £31.21m. Earnings per share rose by 26 per cent to 12.39p and the board proposes to pay an interim dividend of 2.6p (2.3p).

dominates both turnover and

year's £393,000 for the full year.

ance was generally in line with budget, the directors said, but they were disappointed with the results of the Australian

London Shop

year ended October 31 1986.

Basic earnings worked through 0.6p higher at 5p and shareholders' interim dividend

is being stepped up from 1.45p to 1.55p net per 25p share.

The directors pointed out that the improvements in pro-

perty revenue and housebuild-ing activities more than covered higher administration expenses (reflecting an increase in pro-fessional staff including the

responsion of the company's property development and refurbishment activities and net interest charges.

The directors said that house.

expenses rose to £763,000 (£537,000) and net interest

charges to £2.79m (£2.3m).
Tax was little changed at £1.34m (£1.31m). After minorities and preference dividend payments, profits attributable

to ordinary holders showed an

improvement of £0.31m at £2.45m.

HOME FARM Products (pork butchers): Interim dividend un-

changed at 1.15p for six months to November 29 1986. Turn-over £13.26m (£14.7m) and pre-

tax profit £257,000 (£699,000). Tax £90,000 (£262,000). Earn-

ings per 10p share 3.6p (8.7p). Group trading remained dis-appointing, but signs that busi-

ness is currently improving

hits £3.8m

The overseas trading perform-

Slight rise

at Courts

Furnishers

this acquisition to develop its potential.

M. L. Holdings is keen to improve the margins of the aviation activities and has thus begun to renegotiate its costplus contracts into fixed price contracts. It has already made some progress with this and, according to Mr Peter Pollock, group chief executive, is confident that it can reach a satisfactory arrangement with the Ministry of Defence. In the electrical engineer-

a cost-cutting and efficiency pro-

M. L. Engineering has won a new resignalling contract from British Rail for Waterloo and has gained its first order from London Transport.

According to Mr Pollock, every area of activity is faring well and the board is confident about the prospects for the full financial year.

comment

Margins have been M.L. Holdings perennial problem. Swapping cost-plus for fixed profits, contributing roughly 70 ing division — which incorprice contracts may not be a still strong and the City expects to has gained overseas conand industrial telemetry — the tracts in India, the Middle East new management team is in Aviation management team can price contracts may not be a still strong and the City expects panages, but it should certainly a rise in profits to £3.2m for the help, providing the new M.L. Aviation management team can price contracts may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the City expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the city expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the city expects panages. The first may not be a still strong and the city expects panages.

place and has embarked upon cut costs efficiently. The upsurge in customer-funded design projects should, in turn, facilitate cost cutting. Ever since its metamorphosis from a motley conglomerate into a niche engineering stock, M.L. Holdings has emerged as some-thing of a City favourite. The shares have risen strongly and rose again yesterday by 15p to

505p. The company is still scouting about for acquisitions, primarily in the defence sector, and is busily integrating the newly acquired Slingsby, which should contribute £400,000 this year. Underlying growth is still strong and the City expects

Gallaher increases market share

Gallaher, the UK subsidiary of American Brands, has increased its share of the domestic cigarette market by Pre-tax profits at Courts over two percentage points in

increase from £2.41m to £2.5m in the six months to the end of Reporting results for the 12 months to December 31 1986, September 1986. The improve-Mr S. G. Cameron, chairman, stated that market share had ment was achieved despite ment was achieved despite lower property profits of £8,000, against £271,000, and a transfer into deferred profit of £181,000, compared with a contribution of £424,000 last time.

Turnover, excluding VAT rose to £46.3m (£41.82m). Earnings per share came out at 6.7p (6.3p) and the interim dividend is unchanged at 1.750.

Sales and profits for the period attained record levels.

Sales and profits for the period attained record levels, the chairman said. With the is unchanged at 1.75p.
Directors said trading conditions in the UK were reasonably exception of the optical and satisfactory and had continued housewear operations, all diviquite well in the second half. They expected profits from property to be higher than last

£3.09bn to £3.4bn of which tion to profits despite substantobacco activities accounted for tial spending on marketing and £2.5bn (£2.27bn). Interest pay-promotions.

able fell to £14m against £21.4m
last time, but there was an exceptional charge of £21.9m, per cent to £10.3m, a rise largely consisting of a provision for the closure of the tion and re-organization. Henry Street tobacco plant in

Nevertheless, pre-tax profit rose 7 per cent to £117.4m. Tax took slightly less at £44.5m As well as the success in domestic tobacco markets, the chairman reported good pro-gress in export sales, while Middle East volume was main-tained despite that market's

the determination of the market sions contributed to the growth in profits.

Group turnover rose from UK, made a sizeable contribu-

pany to respond aggressively in consolidating market share despite major stock clearance

Higher profits were also reported by Gallaher's distribution and office products opera-tions. NSS Newsagents, acquired last summer, tailed with the existing For-buoys business and together comprises one of the largest retail chains in the sector. The figures include a 10-week con-tribution from NSS.

division came out at £11m announced profits reduced from £7.4m to £6.4m. These figures against £14.3m, reflecting significant changes arigina from were adversely affected by exchange rate fluctuations and production problems in the first half of the year.

Concluding, the chairman stated that Gallaher had gained strength in all its key areas and expected the group to continue its record of consistent growth.

Ernest Jones losses increase at mid-term

Ernest Jones, retail jewellers, strategy and the continuation of incurred an increased deficit in the company's specialisation the six months to September 27 policy in the middle and upper 1986. Although turnover incluses the six months to September 27 1986, Although turnover inclusive of VAT advanced from £6.75m to £7.67m, the loss be-A sharp improvement in net much better returns from its housebuilding activities enabled fore tax came out at £789,000 against a loss of £314,000 last the London Shop Property Trust to lift profits from £3.49m to £3.84m pre-tax over the half-

time.
There was a tax credit of £276,000 (£110,000). The loss per 10p share was 5.1p (2p). The directors stated that pro-fit margins had suffered as a result of action taken to rationalise stock holdings following a detailed review of marketing an unchanged 1.4p.

£1m halfway

exercises by certain competi-tors, the directors said. The results also included costs of accelerating the current programme of introducing a new corporate image. Express-ing confidence for the future, the interim dividend was set at

BTS profit well down THERE WAS a substantial not been fully exploited.

reduction in first-half pre-tax profits at BTS Group, the USMquoted vehicle parts manufac-turer, and the directors said it was unlikely the year's figures would improve on the previous £594,000. They are, however, holding

The directors said that house-building profits during the current year were expected to be more evenly divided between the two half years, as was experienced in 1985-86.

Net property revenue for the first half improved from £5.64m to £6.32m and house-building profits from £494,000 to £822,000.

Administration errenses rose to £783,000 they are, however, holding the interim dividend at 1.3p net per share, from earnings of 1.3p (3.1p).

Profit for the six months ended September 30 1986 fell to £106,000 (£228,000) on a turnowar of £4.12m (£4.13m)

The collapse in oil prices and subsequent closure of the tyre waste recycling plant in Wolverhampton resulted in a significant increase in tyre casing disposal costs, particu-larly since September. Although steps were taken to resolve the problem there would be some impact in th short term. Some major changes were ended September 30 1986 fell to f106,000 (£228,000) on a turnover of £4.12m (£4.13m).

They blamed the fall mainly on the build up of the seasonally biased battery business and to the introduction of new facilities. Benefits of those had introduced in order to provide a platform for the group's growth. Management structure had been reorganised, the final phase of the central distribution programme completed, and a modern type curing plant to the introduction of new installed to ensure the efficient facilities. Benefits of those had introduced in order to provide

Finlan falls 26% midway Finlan Group, builder and were 1.24p (1.83p). The interim

developer, produced interim pre-tax profits of £174,594, 25.6 per as last year. cent lower than last year's figure of £234.628.

Turnover fell from £4.85m to Park was complete, with let-

£3.5m for the six months to tings proceeding satisfactorily. September 30. After tax of The group's major develop£56,589 (£54,738) and a monorlity credit of £2.53m (debit was scheduled for completion
£2.5m), earnings per 10p share in November, 1987

Union Bank profit up 20%

Courtaulds, yesterday confirmed that it purchased 1.56m shares in Courtnulds' bid target. Fothergill and Harvey, on Wednesday at 300p. Together with the 0.8 per cent which Courtaulds already held in Fothergill, these purchases take the stake held by Courtaulds and its associates to 13 per cent.

R. M. Douglas leaps 66% to

Robert M. Douglas, civil engineering contractor, produced a 66.5 per cent improvement in its interim pre-tax profits from £603,000 to £1m despite continuing profits from 2803,000 to 2110 despite continuing losses in the specialist contracting division where some operations are being wound down. The chairman, Mr John Douglas, said the division's

other operations were improv-ing steadily. The figures showed a significant increase over last year and gave tangible evidence of the group's improving performance.
Turnover improved slightly

from £67.99m to £70.34m for the six months to September 30 Directors declared an interim dividend of 1.2p and anticipated a year-end total of not less than last year's 2.25p.

The construction division had

The construction division had been particularly successful in obtaining contracts, including the Birmingham International Convention Centre
Operating profit for the group stood at £836,000, double last year's £406,000, after losses from the discontinuing operations of £765,000 (£775,000). Earnings per share were 3.40 Earnings per share were 3.4p (0.9p) after tax took £504,000 (£497,000) and minority interests £19,000 (£34,000).

Harvey & Thompson surges to £604,000

In the half year ended December 27 1986 Harvey & Thompson, the pawnbroking and debt collecting group, lifted its turnover from £1.25m to £2.05m and its pre-tax profit from £295,000 to £604,000.

The interim dividend is raised to 2.5p (1.75p) and it was hoped a further increase would be possible in the second half, said Mr R. A. Galliers-Pratt, chairman. The previous

Final was 4.25p.

Pawobroking branches now totalled 20 and it was hoped to open at least two more before the end of June, the chairman said. Lending continued to grow and the first two weeks of this increases.

The debt collection side was trading well. Collections were increasing each month. Earnings for the half year came to 10.49p (5.32p) after tax £211,000 (£113,000).

Lonrho hits a record £165m and lifts payout

Lourbo, the international trading and mining group, increased its profits to a record £165.1m pre-tax in 1985-86, an improvement of 4.3 per cent over the previous year's £158.3m.

Earnings worked through at 25.5p (23.3p) and a final dividend of 7p raises the total from an adjusted 10.91p to 11.91p net per 25p share.

The directors said yester-day that the group's UK businesses showed strong profits with continued growth for printing, publishing, vehicle imports, textiles and hotels. They pointed out that some

Varying rates of exchange affected real earnings of many agricultural and mining companies in African countries but taken as a whole, the

directors as excellent. They said the group planned further expansion in northern Europe and the US with emphasis on oil and gas production and trading.

The current year had started well but it was too early to make a forecast. Turnever for the year to September 30 1986 improved from £2.59bn to £2.65bn, although the associates' share declined from £583m to

Pre-tax results included an associate's share of £34.5m, little changed from the previous year's £34.7m.

Tax accounted for £71.7m (£75.6m) and minorities £16.9m (£15.1m).

for the current year a first interim dividend of 1p (0.91p) has been declared together with a further scrip issue on a one-for-ten basis.

There was a swing from extraordinary credits of £30.9m to charges of £12.4m. The directors pointed out, however, that at year-end cash balances exceeded £220m

comment

If a 4 per cent growth in pre-tax profits justifies Lonrino's description of 1986 as a first-rate year, shareholders must tremble at the thought of a second-rate one. That said, Lourha did do well against heavy odds: although the group's customary full-page advertisement is long on description and short on numbers, the adverse effects of the financial, if not physical, earthquake damage to the Princess hotels clearly took a Princess hotels clearly took a heavy toll. Having used up the first-rate tag on the 1986 results. Lourho is in danger of finding itself lost for words at the end of the current year, for a recovery in the hotel and casino operations will allow the full benefit of strong gold and platinum, prices to shine through in addition to the organic addition to the erganic growth which appears likely in the rest of the group's activities. At least £190m looks likely for a prospective p/e of 8 with the shares at 255p. That looks undemand-ing for a high-yielding stock —7.2 per cent prospectively— buoyed by recurring specula-

tion about its break-up value. Neepsend . £13,000 in profit midway

Neepsend, the Sheffield-based engineer, has reported a £13,000 interm pre-tax profit after molybdenum's 1986 price collapse caused lesses of £355,900 last time. Directors said the decreas

turnover of £8.65m (£9.97m) for the six months to Septem-ber 30 1986 reflected the metal's continued low price and the sale of Sheffleld Machine Knife. Neepsend's UK companies

showed a £324,000 profit against 1985's £59,000 loss, and its Canadian companies, now wholly owned, produced profits 25 per cent lower at £45,000 (£50,000).

An exceptional debit of £103,000 reflected the cost of transferring Slack Sellars to factors measured at Nagarana

factory premises at Neepsend. The improved factory layout should achieve considerable savings on local rates, said directors, and the company expects to recover the cos within two years.

The extraordinary profit of £70,000 arose from the final sale of surplus plant.

The company had found business very flat in the business very flat in the engineering area and was making strenuous efforts to find new business, particularly in overseas markets. It was too early to anticipate the final figure for the year.

Interest fell from £356,600 to £253,000. Earnings per share improved to 0.1p (2.6p losses).

There is again no interior

There is again no interim dividend. A nominal final dividend of 0.1p was paid for the year ending March 31 1986, when losses of £159,000 (£353,000 profits) were reported

M & G on target with 53% profit rise to £15.5m

tax profits up 58 per cent to

an adjusted total for the year of 5.25p, 40 per cent up on

M&G's final profit figure compared with its own estimate of £15.5m, given in November at the time of the offer for 40 per cent of the group's profits were carned in the UK.

results were regarded by the

Sales of authorised unit trusts tax profits up so per file for the file for per cent to 13.55p on atter-tax accounts increased 16 per cent to profits up 39 per cent at £10.1m to \$61,000. Unit trust funds for the 12 months ending under management grew from September 30. M&G's board fi.59bn to £2.6bn, boosting have recommended a final dividend of 3.25p per share, making Life assurance and penision. activities also had a successful year, the group said, with distri-butable profit contributing £3.02m (£2.2m) to the total pre-

tax figure. New life and pension business showed a 20 per cent increase in initial commissions to £8.9m, and a 27 per cent increase in at the time of the oner for showed a 20 per cent increase sale of 37.4 per cent of the in initial commissions to £8.9m, company's equity. The 28m and a 27 per cent increase in total premium income to £128m. Mr David Hopkinson, A&G's retained to sell most of its stake in the group.

Kleinwort Benson now holds progress that has been planned."

M&G Group, Britain's biggest "better than was envisaged at up at 279p. The quietty bullish own earnings forecast with present the interim stage," the group up at 279p. The quietty bullish said. Tower Hill headquarters could be explained by three key de-termining factors. First, growth in marketing costs and commissions was contained to only 20 per cent, asginst 48 per cent in 1984-85. Administration costs in 1884-85. Administration costs totalled £6.2m, up only 13 per cent: M&G puts this down to a policy of developing existing products, rather than adding new ones. Second, M&G's optimism about the UK equity market—where it puts 75 per cent of its funde—translates cent of its funds translates into optimism about the unit trust industry's continuing appeal to investors (last year, its inflow of funds briefly overtook the building societies' net receipts). Third, M&G's 27 per cent growth in life and pension in the group.

Kleinworf Benson now holds just over 4 per cent, with the remainder spread among some 17,000 investors who acquired shares as a result of the sale.

M&G's operating profit from unit trust management and related activities rose 59 per cent to £10.04m, an out-turn a cheap stock, with a historic cent growth in life and pension premiums looks only average for the life industry; but, significantly, it was achieved with no reliance on the endowment mortgage boom that inflated the life industry's new business figures. Perceived over-exposure to a stock market slump remiums the shadow over any fund management group.

Domino advances to £3.6m

with Second half profit risincome at £499,000 accounted ing from £1.44m to £2.2m, for 14 per cent of the pre-tax Domino Printing Sciences profit. The royalties were turned in £3.61m for the year ended November 2 1986, an bute significantly in future. advance of 36 per cent over the Macrojet the company's provided up 270 bounced up 270

The group makes continuous ink jet printers, and supplies associated inks. Last year was the first full one of licenced the first full one of licenced gress. The German company, the electronics sector but the manufacture of machines by the however, did not sustain the growth record seems to justify US trading partner and royalty growth of last year.

an The current year had seen a good start, the directors latter part of the year.

Earnings per 5p for the year came to 1729p (12.17p) and the dividend is lifted from Ip to 2.3p net, the final being 1.35p. The company came to the market in May 1985.

The group method with sales company to continue to cont by the strong growth in sales and trading profits, particularly in the second half.

The subsidiary in Holland continued to make good pro-

Assoc. Fisheries rises by 20%

THE COLD storage and distri- and the total payment is being tained a substantial surplus on bution division was a leading raised to 4p (3.25p) with a protine disposal of certain US contributor to the 20 per cent posed final dividend of 3.5p investments was little changed increase in profits at Associated Fisheries in the year to the end of September 1986. The directors added that the result also of September 1985. The directions added that the result also by the food processing and £2,000.

The interest charge rose from principal activities which also food division. The fishing £807,000 to £802,000.

Include food processing and partnership vessels benefited Tax was £90,000 (£1.5m), engineering replacing the distrom higher fish prices and minorities took £5,000 (£4,000) reflected the expansion of its principal activities which also

(3p).
Directors added that there at £1.57m (£1.58m) and last time there was a share of rewere significant improvements lated companies' profits of

engineering replacing the distant water trading which was ended diring the year.

Turnover rose by 13.9 per Fuels.

Turnover rose by 13.9 per Gross profit came out at pre-tax profits of £4.12m, against £3.43m. Earnings per share improved from 10.83p to 17.63p Investment income, which conminding the year.

Turnover rose by 13.9 per Fuels.

Gross profit came out at £16.94m (£14.3m) with operating subsidiary, Aberdeen Jig & Tool was affected by contraction in demand from the North Sea out industry.

Klearfold suffers from insufficient capacity

(\$19.6m).

FAILURE OF the new production facility at Louisa, Virginia, to be operational on time cost Klearfold some \$1.5m in the extra facility at Louisa. Sales and in excess of \$1m in Unfortunately, the overprofits in the second half of worked Warrington, Pennsylvania, factory had to satisfy all profits in the second half of 1986.

Therefore, the pre-tax profit for the full year came to only \$15,000 (£9,750) compared with \$1.87m. on a turnover of \$18m with more down time and a high

percentage of scrap.

But the Louisa facility was The directors are paying a But the Louisa facility was final dividend of 3-1 cents, now fully operational and the making 4-7 cents gross, from advanced new plant working earnings of 0.1 cents (14.1 well, the directors said. Moderncents).

Klearfold is a US plastic distory was substantially complay packaging manufacturer which gained a London listing a year ago. The directors were meeting the continued demand.

Tranwood up to £0.2m

As well as pursuing opportunities for diversification, Mr improve profitability and increase its share of the market. Sid the board had paid particular attention to establishing strong administrative and control procedures throughout the group, and while costs had necessarily been incurred, he was confident the group was properly positioned to meet future challenges.

**ELECTRONIC MACHINE Company (optical systems, tracking radar and electronic devices maker): Its shares which were suspended at \$5p in mid-

Tax took a higher £94,000 costs had been incurred by the £33,000, and there was an extraordinary debit of £247,000 ing to examine a number of £4,000, being the cost involved other possible purchases.

Tranwood Group, which made an unsuccessful bid for Aitken Hume last year, lifted pre-tax profits by 22 per cent to £219,000 for the 11 months ended December 31 1986, against £180,000 for the year ended January 31 1986.

As well as pursuing opporimprove profitability and increase its share of the market.

future challenges.

Turnover for the year improved from £5.92m to £5.14m.

The pre-tax result was after nonneed that discussions which an exceptional debit of £25,000, could have led to a major acquible an exceptional debit of £25,000, could have led to a major acquible an exceptional debit of £25,000, could have led to a major acquible and the second from the sec being an ex gratia payment to sition had been terminated— Mr M. A. C. Buckley, the former and immediately dropped 20p.

BOARD MEETINGS

TODAY
Interime: Ariel Industries, Bristol
Channel Ship Repairer, Brenzegove
Industries, Clogau Gold Mines, Andre
De Brett, J. and J. Dyson, Ewart New
Nordern, Globe Investment Trust,
Hellits, Haynes Publishing, Highgans
and Job, Nesco investments, Nordic
Investment Trust, Scottish English and
Grapean Textiles, William Sommerville, Waterhams, Joseph Webb, Wholesele Fittings. Finals: A. and P. Appledore, Heavi-ree Brewery, Omnitech, Plastic Con-FUTURE DATES interime
Beco Holdings
Impels Pletinum
Finals
Finals
Phoenix Property and Finence
Scottish Eastern Invest. Trust
Ward Holdings

Argyle Trust receptive to

bid proposals ARGYLE TRUST, which provides a range of financial services including life insurance, lifted taxable profits by 3.3 per cent to £708,000 in the year to end-December 1986. The dividend is doubled to 2n. dend is doubled to 2p.

The directors reported that The directors reported that the company's business expanded rapidly during the period. Secured consumer loans outstanding at the year-end increased from £12.7m to £24.6m and the revenue from this growth would be reflected in the 1987 accounts.

Consequently, the directors

Consequently, the directors expressed confidence and stated that the outcome for the current year "will be most satisfactory." Income totalled £4.03m against £3.63m last time. There was a tax credit of £5,000 compared with a charge of £201,000

pared with a charge of £201,000 in the previous years. Extraordinary items accounted for £64,000 (£715,000). Stated earnings per share increased to 3.34p (2.11p).

Argyle, which had received numerous, and so far abortive, approaches from various third parties interested in acquiring a stake, or in purchasing the entire equity capital, stated that such an involvement could, certain circumstances, materilly enhance growth prospects. All such future propositions would be examined in detail, the directors said. tors said. Argyle is again to request its shareholders to consent to the company buying in its own shares in the market.

computer group, reported precomputer group, reported pre-tax profits for the six months to October 31, 1986 up from £655,000 to £803,000 on turnover of £13.95m against £11.01m. After the end of the period the company was taken over by Sketchley in an agreed bid. Earnings per 10p share came out at 7.36p (5.14p) and the in-terim payment was raised from

Insurances announced it was interested in 11.83m shares

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Equipu rises Equipu, office equipment and

terim payment was raised from 1.6p to 2p. Directors said that last year's problems were over and all businesses were performing well

HILL SAMUEL GROUP: FAI (12.8 per cent).

HILL SAMUEL, advisors to HILL SAMUEL, advisors to Contaulds, yesterday confirmed that it purchased 1.56m shares in Courtaulds' bid target, Fothergill and Harvey, on Wednesday at 300p. Together with the 0.8 per cent which

Financial Times Friday January 30 1987 Grand Asset Magnagement Life Starting Management Life Manag | Carl & Familia Inc. | 122.1 | 122.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 | 13.2 3.6m | Page 19th | 19 The second of th | Section | Sect Action Life Instructor Co Life

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**Threats on Jan 17. Next, deather Fee 1:

**Threats on Jan 7. Next, deather Fee 2.

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1 Worn by mum and bouncing baby (6)
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12 "In bed with broken leg" he grunts (6)
15 One way to hold a stick (4)
16 Dealt with the wrapper on the concise edition (7)
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15 One way to hold a stick (4)
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11 In the concise edition (7)
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22 In the doctor takes drunk round front of hospital (6)
23 It pictures people before God arrived (6)
24 Not allowed a newspaper (1)

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24 Mowed a ploughed field (6)

25 Showing haughty disregard 27 for Charles I supporter (8) before making the stew (6) Become engaged to the mine leader she upset (4) 28 Evergreen European flower found around Rocky Lane (8) | Legal & General (Unit Tst., Magra), Ltd.
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36 Girl caught between two men +20 24 +31 24 +31 24 +32 03 +02 03 +03 13 +03 03 +03 12 +03 12 +03 12 +03 12 +03 03 +03 02 +03 02 causes pain (8)
31 Engineers test diversion around Somerset town (6) DOWN 1 Academy remains open on Scottist: Equitable Fund Mgrs. Ltd 25 St Andrews St, Edinburch (SS)-556 9(0) Into Institute Units (Into Instit July 4 (8)

2 Ban moral type, which is extraordinary (8)

3 Note saying "coming up to bed?" (6)

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THIS WEEK'S CALL by Mr Ignaz Klechle, the West ing 1987—money, he said, which German Farm Minister, for would compensate for the fall with the addition of more Mediterranean products would compensate for the fall with the admission to the Common or frequency of the farm incomes between 1982 and 1986. And this week Mr Makes the job of operating a Kiechle, who had previously been hinting along similar support increasingly difficult.

The view of the Commission of the commission to the Common policy without national support increasingly difficult.

coming months.

While partly interpreted as a ploy to keep his post following last weekend's federal elections in Germany, Mr Riechle's appeal for "more room to manoeuvre, nationally," will strike a sympathetic chord in some, but not all, member states and add to an important debate currently. debate currently going on behind the scenes in Brussels. behind the scenes in Brussels.

The fact is that while the CAP retains a mystique as the only genuine common policy administered by the EEC—common support prices, market management and a relatively free movement of farm products across national borders—there have always been a string of examples of extra subsidies provided directly to farmers by member

monetary compensatory Far from throwing their amounts (export subsidies for hands up in horror as they strong inspiring countries)—is the West German scheme for back Mr Frans Andriessen, the financing no to 5 per cent of farmers' VAT payments. As seen from Brussels, the worry is that over the past few months the "renationalisation" trend would appear to be

The Farm Council in December endorsed a provision for this year alone is likely to extra "voluntary" payments to be made from national exchequers to dairy farments chequers to dairy farmers on forced to give up milk produc-tion. Late last month Mr Jacques by h ter, announced a financial pack planned for the next marketing 20 per cent of the popula age of FFr 1.8bn (£190m) for year will significantly hit farm dependent on agriculture?"

BY RICHARD MOONEY

of a comprehensive report* on the industry published yesterday

by London broker Shearson Lehman Brothers.

Shearson's "best estimate" puts the 1987 price average at 52 cents a lb, down from 52.2 cents in 1986. Its "high" and

low" estimates range between

1988 it projects a sharper de-cline with estimates ranging be-

tween 54 cents and 44 cents a lb and the "best estimate" at 46

cents.
"In the absence of further

substantial smelter cutbacks the market seems destined to

remain in oversupply for the foreseeable future," the report

Non-socialist world produc-tion is forecast to rise by 600,000 tones this year and by a

further 100,000 tonnes in 1988.

And with consumption continu-

Brazilian

farmers plan

price protest

BRAZILIAN farmers, including



Mr Jacques Chirac . . . granted aid to French farmers.

one of the best known and lines, suggested publicly that most blatant—it was agreed by national resources could be the Council of Ministers follow-used for "structural" purposes ing the important agri-monetary deal in 1984 which ended the aids to the worst affected farm-

EEC Commissioner, and his colleagues accept that conditions have changed and are studying ways in which these developments can best be turned to the Community's advantage.

The EEC's worsening budget crisis—estimated overspending for this year alone is likely to vent all UK and French cereals

and dairy cuts agreed by Ministers in December and the restrictive prices regime planned for the next marketing

'Bleak' outlook for aluminium

THE OUTLOOK for the world more than sufficient to outmore than offset by cuts in the aluminium market this year is "bleak, to say the least," and other region, and the non-for next year "poorer still". Socialist world total fell by between 45 and 50 per cam of total primary consumption in the non-socialist world.

mated 12.2m tonnes. But the

NON-SOCIALIST WORLD

SUPPLY AND DEMAND FOR PRIMARY ALUMINIUM

12.20 12.26

North American decline was en-tirely due to smelter cutbacks

and strike actions in the US.
Shearson points out. Canadian
output continued to climb
steadily. In Asia the decline

in Japanese primary aluminium output "continued apace," the

report says, and production slipped further to less than 21 per cent of the level in 1981, when the country was the third

ITC states in moves to counter debt claims

By Raymond Hughes, Law

ALL 22 member states of the incil are making their first legal moves to counter attempts to have them held liable to pay the ITC's multi-million pound debts. The Department of Trade, seems to be that there is nothing wrong with member states supplying the cash provided responsibility for the formulaacting for the UK Government, has issued six High Court tion of policy remains in Brus-sels. Hence the current precalled direct actions by bank creditors of the ITC. occupation with drawing up a "framework" agreement which occupation with drawing up a "framework" agreement which would set out what are and what are not acceptable aid schemes for member states. and New Zealand Banking what are not acceptance and schemes for member states. The idea of joint financing by Brussels and national capitals is also being considered. Group, Banque Indo-Suez, Ham-bros and TSB disclose no cause of action against the UK because the member states are not liable What will be resisted will be

> contended, the English court has no jurisdiction to hear the claims.
>
> The department had earlier started similar proceedings in respect of claims by J. H. Rayner (Mincing Lane) and Berisford Metals Corporation, two subsidiaries of S. & W. Parisford Berisford, the commodities group.

for the ITC's debts; also, it is contended, the English court

more fundamental attempts to "repatriate" the CAP—such as

the national quota system envisaged in a recent document published by the spokesmen tor

Agriculture in the British Labour Party.

arguments against regionalisa-tion of farm policy was given last November at a Midland

Bank Farm Management lecture

by Mr Peter Pooley, Deputy Director General for Agricul-ture at the European Commis-

in one country and not in another," he said, "you can no longer have free movement of goods. If we and the French accept just the basic tier of support for cereals, for instance,

but the Germans (who can afford

what happens to Greece, with weak economy and more than 20 per cent of the population

total primary consumption in the non-socialist world, "so re-

latively minor changes in their levels of demand have a marked impact on the total," it points

levels are expected to fall fur-ther in the coming two years,

a trend that Shearson expects to

substitution of primary metal with recycled supplies.

US could come under extra

further dollar weakness is in

change, however, short-term

On the London Metal Ex-

Aluminium prices outside the

sure if, as Shearson believes,

Lawyers for other member states and the EEC, which is also being sued, said yesterday that they had issued summonses in the Rayner case, which had not yet been served on Rayner. They would not say what orders were being sought but it is reasonable to infer that they will ask the court to strike out Rayner's claims against them on the ground that, as independent sovereign states, they have immunity from English legal

process.

Rayner was the first ITC flooding into Germany, and bang goes your Common Mar-ket. If we lose hold of the principle of common financing against the member states. The timescale involved in serving legal proceedings out of the English jurisdiction on a foreign actions have not yet reached the stage at which the non-UK governmens would be in a position to move to strike them

Newmont plans gold output

NEWMONT MINING Corpora-tion says Newmont Gold Com-pany's 1987 production is plamed to increase by more than 20-per cent over the 1986 level to 577,000 ounces. Throughput at both the com-pany's mills is being increased, leach tonnage will nearly double

and the company is changing to a seven-day, three-shift mining schedule from its previous five-days-week mining schedule.

During 1986, Newmont gold's production and sales more than doubled fro mthe 1985 level and gold reserves climbed 40 per cent despite the record amount

of production.

Newmont Mining says Newmont Gold's \$5.8m 1986 exploration programme results I nthe increase in its proven and probable reserves to 12.3m ounces from 8.7m.

supply tightness caused by in-creased activity in the options market could result in "several squeezes . . . during the first half of the present year," the report suggests. "Nevertheless, no sustained increase is in prosfrom 8.7m.

In Australia it opened the 60 per cent owned New Celebration gold mine and expanded production at its 70 per cent owned Telfer gold mine during 10988

LME to meet on . clearing system

THE LONDON Metal Exchange (LME) will update its members on moves to change to a clear-ing house system of trading at a meeting on February 10, reports Reuter.

The exchange has not yet set a firm date for a switch to

trading futures on a clearing house basis. Currently it trades

a principals contract.
Clearing of the LME will be handled by the International Commodities Clearing House (ICCH) and the LME chief executive, Mr Michael Brown, has told members that as soon as possible effort the introduce. as possible after the introduc-tion of a clearing system mem-ber firms will begin electronic input of trading data via terminals.

LONDON **MARKETS**

BUYERS continued to give the London Metal Exch. the London Metal Exchange zinc market a wide berth yesterday although European smelters resisted the temptation to follow the \$50 list price cut announced on Wednesday by Metallgesellschaft of West Germany. The cash price closed £8.75 down at £472.25 a tonne—a nine-month low—while the three months low—while the three months position lost £7.25 to £468 a position first 27.25 to 2505 a tenne. Dealers destribed the tone at the close as "steady," however, partly reflecting starling's easiness against the dollar. The uncertain tone which has characterised the parties this wark wark coffee market this week was still in evidence yesterday when the March poistion lost all but £1 of Wednesday's £26 rise. Dealers attributed the decine to fresh producer selling and a lack of fundamental news. Roasters were thought to be well stocked,

IME prices supplied by Amalgamated Metal Traders.

	Unofficia close (p.n £ per		High/Lov
		+2,0 +1.0	784/782 795/790
• eartk	closing three more ment 784 4-5. Turno	· m.	Cash 783-4 5-2 (783.5 Final Kert O tonnes.

COPPE	.rs		
Grade A	Unoffic'i elose	+ <u>a</u>	High/Low
Cash 5 months	871,5-2.5 893-4	_2.75 _2.75	872/872 896/891
Official cic (878-9); thr 0.5); setteme Closs: 893-4.	ee monti int 872.5	NS 884	h 871,5-2.5 -4.5 (900- Final Kerb
Standard Cash 3 months	648-52 872-5	-6,5 -60	=

	Unofficia close (p. £ per		High/Lov
esh months	295-5-5,5 297-8	+0.75 +2.75	298,5/296J 500/297
291.5-2);); setti ;lose: 2	: three inc ement 29 96-7. Tur	inthui 297- 7 (292). nover: 7,1	esh 292.5-7.5 (293.75 Final Kerl 500 tonnes per pound
uov.	~ ,		

	& per tonne		COCO	A
Cash months	2330-40 (-2.5 2375-80 (-5,0	2320/2520 2380/2588	Followin futures rel	ďφ
(2330-40); 90); seden	closing (sm): Ca three months 23 Rent 2320 (2340). 5-80. Turnover: 9	77-8 (2378- Final Karb	producers only (ight noted, rep	the en
ZINC			GOCOA	ľ
				100

	_	
High grade	Unofficial + cr close (p.m.) - & per tonne	High/Low
Cash 3 months	472-2.5 8.75 467-8,5 7,25	473/470,5 474,5/468
(482.5-3); 0.5); sette Closs: 467	closing (sm): Car three months 46 ment 471 (483). I 1-8. Tunrover: 9,75 Western: 40,00-44	-70 (480- Fixal Kerb O topnes.

GOLD

Gold fell just 3% an ownce from Wednesday's close in the London buildon market yesterday to finish at \$4094,4094. The metal opened at \$4107,411 and traded between a high of \$411-4112 and a low of \$4084-4094. Once again trading was influenced by movements in the dollar and fears of central bank intervention to support the LS.

	unit encouraged lightly salling during the afternoon,	No
	GOLD BULLION (fine ounce) Jan. 29	•
	Ciose 34083, 4091, (29654, 2661, Opening 34103, 411 (22664, 267) M'n'g fbr., 3411.0 (22664, 267) Artin'n fbr 8409,70 (2268, 983)	S 7
Ì	GOLD AND PLATINUM COINS	ton
	Am Eagle \$429.427 (827416-2775a) Mapieleaf \$41916-4233a (8278-2753a)	-

SILVER

Silver was fixed 6.15p an ounce lower for spot delivery in the London builder market yesterday at 364.0p. US cent equivalent of the fixing levels were: Spot 560.7c. down 12.3c: three-month 569.15c. down 12.15c: six-seents 877.4c., down 12.7c; and 12-month 564.25c, down 12.75c. The metal opened at 362% 364% (5939-561c) and closed at 363% (569-561c).

ILVER per toy az	Sullion Fixing Price	+-	LM.E. p.m. Unoffic'i	+ or
nonths . nonths . nonths .	364,00p 373,95p 363,30p 401,20p	-6,15 -5,98 -8,35 -7,20	364p 374p —	-0.25
METu	mover: 5	(27)	lots of 1	0,000

SOYABEAN MEAL

throughout the day with consumer buying underlying the market in quiet conditions, reports Mulipace,

OIL Sales: 221 (133) lots of 20 ton

US MARKETS

CRUDE OIL fatures featured

good commercial buying in the spot contract (February) as the trade rolled positions into forward contracts, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. This was reflected in the narrowing of the February/ April switch and was sufficient to raily the market everall in the face of local selling. The precious metals were al thinly traded with wester at major uptrend lines were held, prompting shortcovering. The coffee market finished lower and wase unanected by the news of the resignation of the IBC president, Mr Paulo Graciano. Good trade support in sugar futures between 7.80c and 7.70c. hasis March, was sufficient to held the market in a narrow range for much of the day but calling in the of the day, but selling in the back months late in the session indicated the possibility of weaker prices to come. Continued Brazilian price-fix seling in cocca futures was sufficient to ever-come speculative shortcome speculative short-covering against the dollar, and late long-liquidation furand late long-liquidation fur-ther weakened prices. Grains were generally quiet, with wheat steady as commercial hedges were placed in Chicago, possibly against a purchase of wheat by Poland. Maize and soyabean meal were featureless, while good demand and strengthening cash premiums in the soya-

ness continued, while pork bellies also fell on lacklustre

NEW YORK

beans and oil prompted steadiness in the futures mar-

kets as commercial buying emerged. Cattle futures con-tinued to slide as the tech-nical reaction to recent steadi-

Close High Low 89.30 — 61.20 61.25 60.46 61.70 61.75 60.95

High Low 54.95 53.70 54.25 53.30 53.90 53.20 53.77 52.96 53.50 54.15 53.10

High Low 18,72 18,55 18,58 18,43 18,41 18,26 18,18 18,06 17,98 17,98 17,95 17,90 18,00 17,90

A strong close in New York prompted a steady opening in London which could not be maintained, reports Drexel Burnham Lambert. Trade selling emerged as comission house buying tried to push levels through recent throughout the day and slowly pushed levels up to £41 lower from the opening inghe. Light price-fixing was easily absorbed and the market closed on the lower has easily absorbed and the market closed on the lower has easily absorbed and the market closed on

COFFEE

66p64,75p \$194y +9 \$146,5 416p ktlo-5 451p ktl

INDICES

Jan 29 Han 28 Mith ago Year ago

1603.7 1607.7 - 1848,3

Dow Jan. Jan. Mith Year Jones 38 27 ago ago

Spot 116.12 116.21 - 131.88 Fut 116.79 117.37 - 131.44

(Base: December 31 1931 = 100)

MAIN PRICE CHANGES

Jan. 29 + or Month 1987 --- 200

REUTERS

DOW JONES

e lows t	out still w	itthin	the rec	ent i
OFFEE	Yesterday close	+ 61	Busine	
	1578-1582 1598-1589			
ty iy	1610-1611 - 1640-1646 - 1665-1670 -	-16.0 -10.0 -10.0	1645-10 1665-10 1690-10	510 535 566
n	1690-1686 1700-1729 23 (2,769)	-10,0	1750-1	740
(CO indices)	January (118.22)	: (US 28; C	Cênts Omp d	par i//v

Following futures relibetors tra gains on to producers only (ight noted, rep	iled £17 de de profit the closing and con second-hi orts Gill	uring the taking g call. sumers and busi and Duff	afternoon pared the With both withdrawn ness was ts.
COCOA	Yesterda cicse	y'e + or	Business done
CUCUA	D 200 00		done

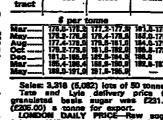
COCOA	cicee	+ <u>or</u>	Busineer done
	€ per tonne		qone -
May Jul y Sept Dog March	1325-1326 1363-1364 1383-1366 1412-1413 1440-1441 1470-1472 1488-1493	+6.0 +8.0 +7.0 +4.0 +7.0	1363-1319 > 394-1346 7394-1379 1421-1499 1456-1458 1458-1468 1500-1488
tonnes. ICCO inc tonne). D	329 (2,960) fleator price elly price fo ,520,23): fiv	me (Si or Jen	uary 29:

for Jenuary 30: 1,585.88 (1,570.73).

POTATOES The market opened £1.00 down following an easier Dutch quote, but buying support was again evident at £154.44 besis April. Values recovered in thin, quiet trade to close slightly up on the day, reports Coley and Harner.

Sales: 246 (688) lots of 40 tonnes.

SUGAR advance hesitated follows that Mexico had sold of old crop low quality w C. Czarnikow

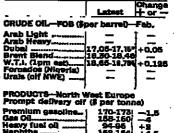


Seles: 3,318 (5,082) tots of 50 tonnes.
Tatte and Lyle deflway price for
granulated besis sugar was £231.80
(£205.00) a tonne for export.
LOMDON DALLY PRICE—Raw sogar
\$194.00 (£128.00), up \$9.00 (up £8.50)
a tone for February-March deflway.
White sugar \$211.00, down \$6.00.
Intermetional Sugar Agreement—(US
cents per pound fob and showed
Caribbean ports.) Prices for January
28: Deily price 7.03 (7.48): 15-day
average 8.60 (8.44). FREIGHT FUTURES

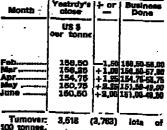
Glose | High/Low | Prev. Dry Cargo

963,965 788,789 660,666 773 788,790 795,830 670,700 780 866,5 864/662 789/781 666/663 773/770 790/789 — — 780

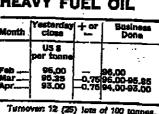
MEAT COMMISSION - Average fatsmck prices at repesentative markets, GB—Cattle 59,550 per kg hv (-1.85), GB—Sheep 166,560 per kg est dow (-20,71). GB—Pigs 73,70p per kg hv



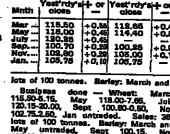
GAS OIL FUTURES



HEAVY FUEL OIL



GRAINS



Business done — Wheet: March 115.50-5.15. May 118.00-7.65. July 120.15-20.00. Sept 100.80-0.50. Nov 102.75-2.50. Jan untraded. Sales: 380 lots of 100 tonnes. Barley: March and May untraded. Sept 100.15. New 103.00-2.75. Jan untraded. Sales: 14 lots of 100 tonnes. LONDON GRAINS—Wheat US Derk Northern Spring No 1, 15 per cent Fab 103.26, March 103.00, April/May 89.25, UK No 2 Soft Red Winter: Feb 105.50, French 117-12 per cent: Jan 142.00, English feed, fob: Feb 120.00, March 120.50, April/June 122.50 paid East Coast with buyers over, Feb/March 122.00 buyer. Malzer US No 3 Yellow/French, transhipment East Coast first half Feb 143.75, Barley: English feed, ob: Feb 143.75, Barley: English feed, ob: Feb 15.00 buyer Scottieh, 118.50-116.76 English, March 118.75-116.50 buyer/seller Scottiek, 117.80 seller English.

HGCE — Locational ex-farm apot prices (including co-responsibility levy of £3.373 a tonne). Feed barray: \$ East 112.00. \$ West 114.00. N West 111.00. The UK monetary coefficient for the coefficient section of the coefficient of the coefficient \$ feed o

fell to 7.54m tonnes in 1986 from the previous year's 7,99m, an official at the Sugar and Alcohol Institute statistics department said yesterday, reports Reuter from Rio de Janeiro.

down, at 9.96bn litres from

a major protest rally in Brasilis on February 12 to press for highre prices for their products and lower interest rates, farmers' leaders said, reports from Sao Paulo. The decision was taken at a meeting in Sao Paulo on Wed-

nesday of the farming lobby umbrella group Frente Ampla da Agropecuaria, which groups 70 organisations and says it represents 90 per cent of

BY CHRIS SHERWELL IN SYDNEY

currently bouyant industry from the Government's agricul-

The projections, made by the Bureau of Agricultural Econo-

Conference in Canberra, fore-shadow a 20 per cent decline in prices in real terms over

tural think-tank,

cause of oversupply.

many coffee growers, will stage

He said the Reagan Administration is refusing to negotiate new quotas or back legislation allowing the US to enforce quotas unless exporters agree introduce quotas as soon as not to restrict exports outside the ICO.

"At this point, the US will not participate in any quota an agreement that technically allocation negotiations of the expired in September, 1986.

US hardens its position on coffee export quotas

THE US has hardened its position against reintroduction of International Coffee Organisation (ICO) export quotas, the assistant trade representative, Mr Jon Rosenbaum, said in New York, reports Reuter.

He said the Reagan Administration is refusing to negotiate new quotas or back legislation allowing the US to enforce quotas unless exporters agree to make the promise requotas unless exporters agree introduce quotas as soon as

ing on a downward trend Shearson predicts surpluses of 450,000 tonnes for this year and 800,000 tonnes for 1988. Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was creased usage in most areas was Last year lower production in North America and Asia was creased usage in Man 1981, pect." Annual Review of the World Aluminium Industry 1987, from Shearson Lehman Brothers, Peninsular House, 36 Monument Street, London EC3R 8LJ.

Australian growers reject wool gloom

wools and has 70 per cent of Continuing strong demand has pushed wool prices to high mics at its Annual Outlook levels despite a 22 per cent in-

crease in production over the past four years, making wood one of the few bright spots in the next four years, largely be- a bleak Australian agricultural picture. Mr David Asimus, chairman of the Australian Wool Corporais expected to average a high tion and a grower himself, 590 Australian cents per kg promptly rejected the analysis this season, and quite possibly as "unaccetable and wrong", more. Behind the demand is The challenges were great he the significant depreciation of admitted, but the industry the Australian dollar since early

the trade in them.

According to another well-According to the BAE, howknown grower, Mr Hugh Beggs, ever, low cotton and synthetic Australia must now increase prices will keep the wool price Australia must now increase its share of the wool market for down in the medium-term, and the industry to remain viable. He strongly criticised the Government for its "ineffective" continued increases in sheep numbers are likely. More con-Government for its "ineffective" troversially, the BAE is also management of the economy. projecting the currency to The controversy is important strengthen.

AUSTRALIAN WOOL growers because wool is Australia's laryesterday reacted sharply to gloomy new projections for the country produces 40 per cent currently bouyant industry of world output of clothing-type go on rising and export prices at around A\$130 per tonne, and face a serious financial crunch a lower level projected for next go on rising and export prices farmers are expected to continue to fall, the Agricul-tural Outlook conference was

told yesterday. Experts from the Australian Wheat Board and the US Department of Agriculture agreed that there was no immediate prospect of a strengthening in

This was because the 1986-87 world wheat crop was the largest on record, and world stocks, at 175m tonnes, are now equivalent to two years' world trade and one-third of annual consumption.

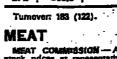
Despite the trend the Australian Wheat Board said it marketed a record 16m tonnes of wheat in the year to last September, the only exporter to increase market share. But it put the country's export tonnage for 1986-87 at about 15m tonnes. With the Government's guaranteed mini-mum price down some A\$20

increase.

as farmers lose the cushion provided by the dollar's depre-ciation, which softened the impact of the fall in world According to the Bureau of Agricultural Economics, aver-Agricultural Economics, average returns to wheat farmers in 1987 will be some 25 per cent below those of 1985. It says many already cannot meet increased wage and other costs, despite the current good season, and must now start liverage of season.

If the currency firms as well returns could decline further

ing off capital or go out of One force behind the weakness of the world market is a major fall in import demand. chiefly because the Soviet Union has boosted production and reduced imports, but also because of self-sufficiency poli-cies in countries like China and



Turnover: 12 (25) lots of 100 tonnes.

RUBBER

PHYSICALS—Cleaing prices (buyers):
Spot 66.00p (same), March 64.00p
(same); April 64.00p (same). Kuels
Lumpur feb prices (Malaysian cents a
kito): RSS No 1 — (228) and SMR —
[205],
FUTURES—Index 665, March 680-680,
April 682-692, April/June 685-685, July/
September 690-706. Sales: Nil.

138.0 138.8 138.0 138.5 139.0 139.8 139.0 139.6 138.5 139.5 139.6 139.8 SOYABEAN OIL 60,000 lb, cents/lb SPOT PRICES—Chicago loose lard 15.00 (same) cents per pound. Handy and Harman silver bullion 560.5 (558.0) cents per tray ounce.

rates

Brazilian sugar output falls

BRAZILIAN SUGAR output

Alcohol production was also

Dollar little changed

FOREIGN EXCHANGES

a rise of 0.9 per cent had little impact.
The dollar closed unchanged at DM 1.7870 and SFr 1.5020, while falling to FFr 5.9625 from FFr 5.9630, and rising to Y151.65 from Y151.65.
On Bank of England figures the dollar's index rose to 163.1 from 102.7

1927.
STERLING—Trading range against the dollar in 1968-87 is 1,5785 to 1,3786. December average

against the dollar in 1965-87 is 1.5555 to 1.3796. December average 1.4867. Exchange rate index closed unchanged at 68.8, compared with 72.1 six months aga. Sterling was on the sidelines, recovering from early weakness against Continental currencies, to Sterly little changed on the day.

finish little changed on the day.

Previou Close

0.749546 1.15468 1.55188 1.45189 42.6256 7.79983 2.05679 2.31882 2.31882 1.75049 7.49587 1.72913 1.51.309 0.777821

-25.8 -3.9 -10.8 +10.9 -3.3 +51.1 +25.3 +25.7 +15.6 -115.8 +57.4

16.0150 47.1992 8.62947 2.27621 2.56829 N/A 194.06 8.86321 162.625 N/A 1.91402 167.366 N/A

£ IN NEW YORK

STERLING INDEX

PRI ----PRI -----

CURRENCY RATES

29 يمطى

SeerBog
U.S. Dotter
U.S. Dotter
S. Concollen \$ 12.00
Austrian Sch. 4
Belgian Franc. 8*2
Danish Knose 7
Deutsche Mark 4
Neth. Galliter 9*2
Izalian Lica 12
Lapanese Yen 3.0
Marway Krose 8
Spenish Perein 72
Swedish Krose 8
Seersh Perein 25
Linkhar Lica 12
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L

OTHER CURRENCIES

*C\$/SDR rate for Jan. 28; 1.71346

CURRENCY MOVEMENTS

England |mdex 68.8 103.1 77.6 140.4 101.2 94.5 149.6 173.5 136.7 72.8 48.8 209.7

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M. What was

with the talk

to a further period of unchanged clearing bank base rates. The market continued to keep a watchful eye on sterling, but this provided little incentive to trade. The final money supply figures for December, were little different from the provisional figures, with MO rising 1.4 per cent and M3 0.2 per cent, and had no impact. Rumours about

MONEY MARKETS

provisional figures, with MO rising 1.4 per cent and M3 0.2 per cent, and had no impact Rumours about

UK clearing bank base leading rate 11 per cent since October 15

a public opinion poll, showing the Conservative and Labour Parties roughly level, swept the City in the late afternoon, but came too late to have any effect on rates.

Three month interbank finished unchanged at 11%-11 per cent.

The Bank of England initially forecast a money market shortage of £300m, but revised this to £400m at noon, and provided total help on the day of £276m.

Before lunch the authorities bought £141m bills outright, by way of £29m bank bills in band 2 at 10½ per cent; £11m bank bills in band 3 at 10% per cent; and £7m bank bills in band 4 at 10½ per cent.

In was quoted at 13.50-3.70 per cent, compared with 3.50-3.70 per cen

AFTER a persons and choppy day
the dollar finished virtually at \$1.5370-1.5380, and also
unchanged A report from Tokyo
that part of the intervention to support the dollar against the yen, by
the US Federal Reserve on Wednesday, was for its own account, lent
NIGERIAN NAIRA—The naira that part of the intervention to support the dollar against the yea, by the US Federal Reserve on Wednesday, was for its own account, lent credibility to Japanese claims that there is an agreement between washington and Tokyo to put a floor trail bank intervention limited the under the dollar.

Washington and Tokyo to put a floor under the dollar.

The rumour about an imminent Group of Five meeting to discuss the dollar was denied, but not forgotten by the market.

These factors provided support for the US currency in very nervous trading, ahead of today's US trade figures. Mr Clayton Yuetter, US Trade Representative, has warned he expects no improvement in the very large deficit. The November shorfall was a record \$19.22ba, and market forecasts for December have ranged between \$15bn and \$20ba.

US durable goods orders have been very volatile, but were expected to fall in December, after rising 5.5 per cent in November. But a rise of 0.9 per cent had little impact. under the dollar.

The rumour about an imminent by the market.

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US durable goods orders have been very volatile, but were expected to fall in December, after rising 5.5 per cent in November. But a rise of 0.9 per cent had little impact.

row range against the dollar yesterday. The rise of 0.9 per cent in December US durable goods orders was better than expected, but had little impact. Dealers were reported to be reluctant to

DM 1.7823 from DM 1.7754.

JAPANESE YEN—Trading range against the deliar in 1886-87 is 282.76 to 151.38. December average 162.19. Exchange rate index 269.7 against 217.5 six menths age.

The yen eased slightly against the dollar in quiet Tokyo trading, ahead of tomorrow's US trade figures. A report that the US Federal Reserve had not only bought about \$100m on behalf of the Bank of Japan, in New York on Wednesday, but also some \$50m on its own account, pushed the dollar up to close at Y152.00 from Y151.20 on Wednesday, and from Y151.50 overnight in New York. It was also reported that the Bank of England purchased about \$100m for the Bank of Japan, in London on Wednesday, but dealers detected no intervention by the Japanese central bank in Tokyo yesterday.

UNIT RATES EMS EUROPEAN CURRENCY UNIT RATES

trade heavily ahead of today's US trade figures, because of the sharp swings seen in the market this week. There was also little reaction to the record West German trade surplus of DM 11.6ba in December, compared with DM 10.2ba in Necember At the Evant.

10.2bn in November. At the Frankfart fixing the Bundesbank did not intervene when the dollar rose to DM 1.7823 from DM 1.774.

JAPANESE YEN—Trading range

Currency amounts apainst. Eco. January 29 42,6826 7,79983 2,05879 6,36743 2,31882 0,777821, 1467,59 +0.53 +0.53 +0.67 +0.67 +0.03 +0.23 -0.03 +1.22 -1.08 % charge adjusted for divergence +0.52 -0.66 0.00 -0.54 -0.04 +1.21 -1.06 Eps central ristes 42,4582 7,85212 2,05853 6,90403 2,31943 0,768411 1483,58 Divergence fient % ± 1.5344 ± 1.6404 ± 1.0981 ± 1.3674 ± 1.5012 ± 1.6684 ± 4,0752

nges are Ustraent c	for Ecu, thereforeforeforeted by Fig.	re positive d ancial Times.	nange denot	S a WE	ak corre	pcy.
DUND	SPOT-FO	RWARD	AGAINS	T TH	E PO	UND
	Day's				4 1	Tierte

Day's spread	Close.	One month	74 P.	Tieree months	% . Pa.
1,5355-1,5415	1.5370-1.5380			1.85-1.80c pm	4,75
2.05%-2.0735			3.03	1.85-1.70 pm	3,44
				47 ₂ 40 ₀ pm	5.48
56.71-57.14				44-35 pm	2,77
10.372-10.433	10,424-10,434	in the de	0.29	24-14 (24)	0,65
1.0340-1.0415	1.0385-1.0395	0.16-0.27 p ds	-2.48	0.55-0.84c des	-2.68
2.732-2.750	274, 275	13-Tunion	6.01	4%-47 ₂ pet	6.73
21211-21336	212.15-213.00	112-270c dis			-7.58
194.45-196.57	196.20-196.50	20-25 c dk	-1.38		-2.10
19514-19634	19593-19601		0.26		0.51
10.643-10.683-	10.67-10.68		-4.57	124-131 ds	-4.80
			172	47-33 pm	1.80
					0.96
		13-11- v nm			6.85
		94-80- 00	5.65		5.50
	2302-2325				725
	5764 1585-1545 2056-2075 3,005-2105 56,71-57,14 10,570-10,434 1,0540-1,0415 2,759-2,759 212,11-213,36 194,45-1965 19511-1965 19511-1965 10,649-10,689	\$1.535\cdot 1.535\cdot 1.53	Spring Case Dec money	Spring Case Dec modes p.a.	Spring Case Use months p.2 months

DOLLAR SPOT-FORWARD AGAINST THE DOLLAR

M. 29	spread	URISE		22	recaths -	p.a.
	1.5353-1.5435	1.5370-1.5380	0.59-0.56c pm		1.85-1.80c pm	4.75
ndf	1,4785-1,4880	1,4805-1,4815	0,98-0,90c pm	7.60	290-275 pm	7.61
da	1.3380-1.3462	1,3416-1,3420	0.15-0.18c dis		0.42-0.47 ffs	-1,32
erlands .	2.0030-2.0220	20160-20170	0.11-0.08c pm	9.57	0.44-0.39 per	0.83
Lm	36.80-37.15	37.00-37.10	7-9c dis	-2.60		195
mark	6.7312-6.7812	6.78-6.78%	1.80-2.70 pm	4.00	6.05-6.95 pm	3.85
ermeny .	1,7750-1,7930	1,7865-1,7875	0.29-0.28pt pm	1.92	0.92-0.87 pm	2,01
ــــــ احوب	13852-140	1394-1394	125-225c ds	-1517	350-500c dis	-32.28
	126.85-127.80	127.50-127.60	60-70 c dis	-6.23		-6.44
	1266-1290	12743-12754	47a-57a Hre ufs	-4.37	13-14 ¹ 2 @s	-4.33
	6902-6.954	6.94-6.943	4.30-5.00 are dis	-8.06	14.90-15.60ds	-8.81
œ	5.924-5.98	5.96-5.961	1.10-1.35c de	-2.48	3.95-4.55 dis	-2.86
det	6413-6454	6.442-6,45	225-2.75 ore dis	-4.66	645-725 ds	-4.32
4	151.45-152.25	151.97152.00	0.24-0.23y pro			: 207
	12.504-12.61.	12.59-12.60	1.60-1.10g-c pm	. 1.29	3.25-L75: pm	0.80
zerland	1.4950-1.5075	1.5015-1.5025	0.33-0.90c pm	. 252	1.00-0.95 pm	2,60
(and trela	od are quoted in L	IS correctly. Forest	erd pressitures and d	scounts a	pply to the US do	tar and no

EURO-CURRENCY INTEREST RATES

30L 27	term	autice	Month	Months	Nontis	Year
Sterling	114-114	117-717	114-114	11.114	107-1011	104-104
U.S. Dollar	662	64-64	64-64	61 ₈ 61 ₄	64-64	64.64.
Cars. Dollar	71-71	71-74	74.772	75-75	75-7-5	74-76
D. Guilder	54.5%	54-54	54-54	54-54	34-54	52.5
Ser. Franc	14-20	2-24	36-32	312-352	32-35	312-313
Deutschmark	42-43	42.42	4-47-2	44.43	44.44	41 Al
Fr. France	84-82	84.9	9]1-0°	815-94	84-9	87-9
Italian Lire	9-12	92-11	104-102	104-104	104-105	10°-10°2
B. Fr. (Fig.)	874 81 ₂	84-84	77,8%	713-715	72.74	72.74
B, Fr. (Con.)	812.91	9-92	82 , 72,	8-82	74-84	} 7 2 -8
Yer	64-62	47-412	48.4%	476-472	42,42	43,-44
D, Krone	10 - 11 -	105-114	105-114	103-103	103-103	103-103
Adan \$ (\$logs) .	51 ₂ -51 ₄	N/A_	34-34	34-34	34-34	35-33
I amo desare Sir	- Autoliana Tu	n	ner cent th	nee wart 65.	NZ ner cent	lour wars 71a

EXCHANGE CROSS RATES

Jan. 29	£	\$ 1,3150-1,3190	EXCH		CROS				•					1
Argentina Australia Brazii	2.0235-2.0315 2.3250-2.3290 25.03-25.18	1.5110-1.5120 1.527-16.35	Jan. 29	£	5	DM	· YEN	F Fr.	S Fr.	H FL	Lira	C S	B Fr.	
Finland Greece Houg Kong	6,8795-6,9015 199,65-202,95 11,9285-11,9590	4.4960-4.4960 129.90-132.05 7.7600-7.7650	. £	1 0.650	1.538 1.	2.748 1.787	233.5 152.0	9.168 5.963	2.310 1.502	3.100 2.017	1960. 1275.	2.061 1.340	56.95 37.05	l
Kerwalt		0.27700-0.27730	DM YEN	0,364 4,283	0.560 6.585	1 11.77	84.99 1000.	3,337 39,26	0.84) 9.893	1,128 13,28	713.5 8395.	0,750 8,827	20.73 243.9	
Lautesboorg Malaysia M. Zeajand	56.90-57.00 3.8760-3.8960 2.8360-2.8435	37.00-37.10 2.5250-2.5300 1.8435-1.8470	F Fr. S Fr.	1,091 0,433	1.677 0.666	2.997 1.189	25A.7 100.1	10. 3.969	2.520 1.	3.382 1.342	2138. 848.6	2.248 0.892	62.12 24.65	١
Santi Ar Sintapore S. AL (Cm)	5,7705-5,7760 3,2610-3,2765 3,1585-3,1705	3.7495-3.7505 2.1275-2.1325 2.0515-2.0595	K FL Lina	0.325 0.510	0.496 0.784	0.886 1.402	75.92 119.1	2.957 4.677	0.745 1.178	1 1581	632.3 1000.	0.665 1.051	18.37 29.05	1
S. Af. (Fn) (alven U.A.E	6.5513-6.8425 54.00-54.25 5.6520-5.6570	4.2555-4.4445 35.00-35.10 3.6725-3.6735	C \$ B Ft.	0.485 1.756	0.746 2.700	1.333 4.824	1133 4100	4,448 16.10	1.121 4.056	1.504 5.443	951_1 3442	1. 3.619	27.63 100.	
" Selling rate.			Yes per 1	,000: Fr	ench Fr	per 10:	Lira per	1,000: (Belglan i	Fr per 1	DO.			Į į

liquidity.
The sverage mid-market rate

Yen per 1,000: French Fr per 10: Lina per 1,000: Beiglan Fr per 100.

MONEY MARKETS	FT LONDON INTERBANK FIXING
TITE A A I	C11.00 a.m., Jan. 29) 3 months U.S. doffers 6 months U.S. doffers
UK rates steady	bid 6 կ Offer 6 կ bid 6 կ Offer 6 դ
INTEREST RATES were steady on the London money market, as dealers became increasingly resigned Late assistance of around £80m	The fixing rates are the arithmetic means, rounded to the nearest one-sixteenth, of the bid a offered vates for SLOn quoted by the nearbest to five reference banks at 11.00 a.m. each working of The banks are National Westmisster Bank, Bank of Totyo, Deutsche Bank, Bunque Nationale Paris and Morgan Guaranty Trust. MONEY RATES
to a further period of unchanged was also provided. clearing bank hase rates. The market continued to keep a watchful take-up of Treasury hills drained eye on sterling, but this provided 2432m, with a rise in the note	NEW YORK (Lunchtinse) Our morth Teq appril 5.44 For jest 6.
little incentive to trade. The final circulation absorbing 255m. These money supply figures for Decem-factors outweighed Exchequer ber, were little different from the transactions adding £170m to provisional figures, with MO rising liquidity	Prise rate 72 Three month 5.61 Five year 6. Broker loan rate 74 St month 5.65 Seven year 6. Fed. Insits 57 Dow year 5.78 10 year 7. Fed. lands at intervention 64 Two year 5.24 20 year 7.

3.90.4.10 84.64 34.35 54.35 4.281.25 114.124 718.84 134.14 2.50-3.60 84-84 3-14 5-25-54 4.21875 113-124 8.75 134-14 4,00-4,20 89-892 54,-34 54,-54 4,34375 114-114 74-74 134-14 4.10-4.25 62-84 --

LONDON MONEY RATES 7 days natice Taree Nonths Que Year Month 114-11 1011-1011 1011-103 1011-1011 1011-103 1011-1011 1011-101 11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1-11-1-11-11-1-11-11-1-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-11-1 103-104 1011-103 104 11 12-10% រកមិ-ឈើ ī 11-107 77. 77. 701 Discount Market Deposits
Company Deposits
Finance House Deposits
Finance House Deposits
Finance House Deposits
Finance House Deposits
Fine France Bills (Boy)
Dollar Clo
SDR Linked Deposits
ECU Linked Deposits

band 3 at 10% per cent; and £1m bank shead of the half point cut in bank bills in band 4 at 10% per the West German discount rate on January 22, but quickly rebuilt line afternoon the Bank of England purchased another £55m bills Borrowings the following day, land purchased another £55m bills Borrowing through the rediscount and purchased another £55m bills believed the court of the shear of t

FINANCIAL FUTURES

Gilts lose ground

LONG TERM gilt futures finished alightly weaker after a quiet day on the London International Financial Futures Exchange. Volume was only slightly above 17,000, compared with over 22,000 on Wednesday. March long gilts opened lower at 114,22, and fell to the day's low of 114-21 in carly. Trading when starting's

LFFE LONG GILT FUTURIES OFFICIES

Mar. 8.46 6.46 4.49 3.00 2.34 0.40 0.12 0.03

PHILADELPHIA SE ES OPTIC £12,500 (cents per £1)

LONDON

Camp-Lies Pres.
far. sere Sigs.
8,46 9.07 0.00
6,46 7.28 0.00
4,47 5.55 0.05
300 4.21 0.18
1.34 3.07 0.52
0.40 2.11 1.58
0.12 1.28 3.30
0.03 0.58 5.70
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Feb. Mar. Agr. Jame Feb. Mar. Agr. Jame Feb. Mar. Agr. Jame Feb. Mar. Agr. Jame Feb. James James

Close High Low Pres.
114-23 115-11 114-21 114-27
114-28 — 115-07
115-07 — 115-11
114-27 — 114-31
ted volume 17,056 (22,566)
us day's open int. 18,028 (16,481)

Clase High 98-62 — Volume 0 (0)

Close High Low 89.22 89.20 89.22 89.27 89.20 89.25 89.

Close High Low Pres. 18255 19500 18256 18330 18555 18630 volume 735 (850)

Close High 93.87 93.89 93.91 93.94 93.17 93.80 93.57 93.50 93.52 93.34 93.07 93.09 92.84 92.84 93.84 92.84

Glose High Low Pres. March 100-04 100-12 100-01 99-21

Latest High Low Prev 1,5295 1,5320 1,5285 1,5300 1,5125A 1,5170 1,5090 1,5135 1,4950A 1,5010 1,4940 1,4965

CURRENCY FUTURES

POUND-S (FOREIGN EXCHANGE) Spot 1-reth. 3-testh. 6-reth. 12-reth. 1,5375 1,5318 1,5193 1,5034 1,4750

LIFFE-STERLING 525,000 5 per £

Close (fligh Low 1.5300 1.5330 1.5280 1.5130 — — 1.4980 — —

MM-STERLING So per E

U.S. TREASURY BUNDS 8% \$100,000 32ads at 100%

Prev. 89-25 89-49 89-87 89-80 89-80

566 0.15 0.36 0.63 1.29 2.15 3.19 4.36 6.02

115-06, to a peak of 115-11, belped by sterling's recovery on the foreign exchanges. The final money supply the London International Financial Putures Exchange. Volume was only slightly above 17,000, compared with over 22,000 on Wednesday. March long glits opened lower at 114-22, and fell to the day's low of 114-21 in early trading when sterling's exchange rate index declined to a low of 68.5. In the absence of other news traders tended to react to movements in the pound, but reports of Japanese buying in the cash market pushed the contract higher. This encouraged short covering, taking March glits briefly through a chart resistance point at

LIFFE US TREASURY BOND FUTURES OPTIONS

0.19 0.75 2.16 4.73 8.40

0.07 0.25 0.76 1.84 3.73 6.51 10.12

Puts 0.00 0.00 0.01 0.17 1.03 3.40 7.31

9.31 7.42 5.63 4.32 3.15 2.08 1.29 6.58

Strike Price 1.35 1.40 1.45 1.50 1.50 1.60

Calls-Mar. 15.70 13.90 8.90 4.60 1.80 0.70 13.90 8.90 4.85 2.20

Feb. 15,70 1 13,90 1 8,90 4,00 1,10 0,35 — day's open

11m points of 180%

prospects for an early cut in UK

opened firm at 100-06, following overnight strength in Chicago.

encouraged by slightly smaller than expected US borrowing needs estimated for the second quarter. The US Treasury's \$29br. February refunding package was as expected, but the contract closed below the day's high of 160-12 on Liffe, at 160-04, com-pared with 99-21 previously, after an unexpected rise of 0 9 per cent in December US durable goods Puts—Lass 4ar. Jone 4ar. Jone 90 0.11 90 0.22 11 0.45 7 1.12 7 1.59 4.09 5.36 Strike Price 16250 16500 16750 17030 17750 17750 18000 Estinate

F1.195 F1.200 F1.205 F1.210 F1.215 F1.200 F1.210 F1.210 F1.215 F1.225 2.50 251751448272253 4.10 2.40 1.40 2.70A 5.10 9.20 1239255 1239255 123925 217 276 73 10 3.30 5.30 77 27 51 50 7.90 3.90 2.70 1.80 1.20 121 142 1 1 1 1 1 20 1015 27 37 12 30 54 10 22 4,90 SFI C SFI C SFI C SFI P SFI P SFI P 2 180 180EZ

Calis-Lax
(**e) Mar
(**e) Mar
(**e) 13.72
(**e) 13.36
(**e) 13.69
(**e) 13.69 450 690 910 12.70 Feb 20.25 17.56 15.09 12.66 10.31 8.09 4.36 Feb 0.00 0.01 0.21 0.25 0.54 1.04 1.81 0, Pass Jul 87 Apr B7 ABN C
ABN P
ABGOR C
ABGOR C
ALGOR C
AL FI-500 FI-505 FI-505 FI-100 FI FLEQUSO LI 707 PO F1.152.70 4.500 4.250 7.550 3.550 2.500 2.500 1.500 1.500 1.400 7.50 8.50 FL67.80 1.90 4.50 10.56A 1.80 4.78 5.10 2.808 2.808 2.808 2.808 2.808 2.808 4.10 4.10 4.10 FI St 0.60 1.00 2.30 4.90 8.60 Jone Feb. 13.90 0.25 13.90 0.30 9.00 0.30 5.40 0.40 3.00 2.70 1.55 7.00 3.85 6.60 1020 2.00 2.00 2.00 21.40 F1.234 F1.39.40 FL.260 4.50 3.50 3.508 2.90 3.70 3.504 4.80 10.50 25 FL3240 FL36 PL75.00 FL43-40 FI-214

20 70

_				471H September	2 01 100.9						PCYAL DUTCH C F1210 503 820 66 930 17 1030 F1214
	PetsL Sar.		Jaco	Strike	Call	i—List e Sepil	Dec.		ets—Last ine Sept	Dec	ROYAL DUTCH P FI 200 345 140 48 4.10 "
	_	_	0.20	93.00	0.87 0.9	7 —	-	0.00 0.	D1 -		UNILEVER C F1520 541 9 16 18 5 26 F1500 UNILEVER P F1500 450 1250 2 29 4 29
٠.	.=	A	0.20 0.45	93.25	0.62 0.7	0.75			05 0'0.		TOTAL VOLUME IN CONTRACTS: For 29/1/87 38,9%
	0.10 1.30 1.10 3.20	0.15 0.65 2.05	1.65	93,50 93,75	0.39 0.5 0.19 0.3	0.55 0.39 0.25			05 01 12 0.2	: =	An Ask B - But C - Coll P - Put
	ũ	2.05	3,30	94.00	0.05 0.1	0.25	_	CJB D.	22 0.3	i –	
1	3.20	4.50	5.80 9.20	94.25 94.50	0.00 0.0	B 0.15			37 0,45 57 0.51		BASE LENDING RATES
71	1350	p100	7.24		gron nati				57 0.63	_	
				Estimated	votane, Cale	60 Pees		_			lama a da
_	HIC										ASK Bank 11 Cishank NA 11 Mos Credit Corp. Lid. 11
•	نباتاء	450					SE YEN				Adam & Company 11 Critical NA 11 Med Credit Corp. Ltd. 11 Albert Arab St. Ltd. 11 Critical Savings 12.65 Nag St. of Kowaig 11
ŭ	S. TRI	ASURY	BONOS (C811 8%		112.500	S per YZ				Affici Durbur & Co
\$	280,000	32nds a	1 100%			Mar.	Latest 0.6585		Low 2854.0	Pres.	Albert Arab Bank 11 Cyclestate Bank 11 Nat Westminster 11
_		Lates		Low	Prev.	Jane	0.662		0,6505	0.6658	American Exp. St. 11 Comm. Blv. N. East 11 Horthern Bank Ltd. 11
	br.	200-14				Sept.			0	0.6694	Autro Bank II Consolidated Cred II Norwich Gen. Trust II
	200) 601.	99- <u>1</u> (7 99-10 0 96-14		DEUTSC	HE MAR	K (DAM)			Henry Austraction 11 Co-connection Bank "11 PK Finance Intl (UK) 1116
	ec.	97-2				8W725,	00 S per	Dat .			ANZ Banking Group 11 Cypns Popular 8k 11 Provincial Trest Ltd 12
N	a.	%-2	B 96-2	8 %-23	96-20		Lates	High	Low	Pres.	Associates Corp Corp 11 Dental Lawrie 11 R. Raphael & Sops 11
	ante.	96-01 95-01			95-25 94-31	Jan	0.5622		0.5622	0.5634	Authority & Co. Let 111/2 E. T. Trust
	映 CC	94-1				Mar.	0.5657 0.5629	0.5630 0.5658	0.5656 0.5629	0.5663 0.5634	Barron de Balban
	.	·					U-3041	0.3636	4,3027	0.5663	Sant Happalies
	594 	-			92-07	THREE	MONTH E	UNODE: 1	AS CHAIN		Back Levoni (UK) 11 Financial & Gen. Sec. 11 Standard Chartered 11
3	ept.	_			72-01		rts ef 19		VI	•	Barth Credit & Comm
_							Latest	High	Low	Pres	Bank of Oppos 11 First Rad. Sec. Ltd 1112 UDT Mortgage Ess 11225
			BILLS (I			Mar.	93.87	93.89	93.65	93.B5	Bank of Indiand
2		15 of 16				Jene	93.97	93,99	93.95	93.95	Bank of India 11 Robert Fraser & Purs 12 United Microsia Bank 11 Bank of Scotland 11 Grandway Sank 11 Westers British Corp 11
٠.		<u> 246</u> 24.6		1 20m		Sept. Dec.	93.92 93.77	93.93 93.78	93.90 93.77	93.90 93.76	Banque Beige Lid 11
	ter. ant	94.7		8 94.75		Na.	93.56	93.58	93.56	93.55	Berclary Rook 11 HFC Trust & Seviews 11 Yorkshire Sank 11
	est.	917			94,74	June	93.32		93.32	93.55 93.31	Bendinsark Tsi Ltd 11 • Harshro Sark 11 • Members of the Accepta
	ec.	94.6			94.65	Sept. Dec.	93.07 92.84		93.06 92.80	93.06 92.81	Boseficial Trust Ltd
										7201	Berliner Bank AG 11 9 HIII Samuel 11 deposits 6.69%. 1-mouth 7.03%
=	wiee I	RANC (MAN.			STANDA \$500 tie		QRS 500 I	NGEX		Bert Str of Mid Fact 17 C House & Co 11 Top Tier - 62-500+ at 3 month
		100 S pts						I III L			Brown Chiefer II Hamphone & Shrundy 11 100/cer 20,03%. At call with
-		Lates	L High	Low	Prev.	Mar.	277.40		Low 276.75	Pres. 277.80	CL Bank Nederland 11 Lioyds Bank 11 ± Call deposits (1,000 and per
	jer.	0.666	B 0,670	9 0.6661	0.6710	June	279.10		278.50	279.50	Canada Permanent
3	STÊ.	0.670	3 0,674	7 0.6703		Sept.	580.50	261.75	280.30	280.75	Capper Ltd 11 Merghral & Sons Ltd 11 & Demand deposit 6-699
S	ept,	0.675	4 0.67E	5 D.6754	0.6789	Dec.	292.00	282,90	261.40	282.30	Ceder Holdings
_											1

WORLD VALUE OF THE DOLLAR BANK OF AMERICA GLOBAL TRADING ECONOMICS DEPT., LONDON

VALUE OF

The table below gives the rates of exchange for the U.S. dollar against various currencies as of Wednesday, January 28, 1987. The exchange rates listed are middle rates between buying and selling rates as quoted between banks, unless otherwise indicated. All currencies are quoted in foreign currency units per one U.S. dollar except in certain specified areas. All rates quoted are indicative. They are not based on, and are not intended to be used as a basis for, particular transactions. Bank of America NT & SA does not undertake to trade in all listed foreign currencies, and neither Bank of America NT & SA nor the Financial Time ility for errors.

CURRENCY

VALUE OF

Bank of America Global Trading, London New York, Tokyo, San Francisco, Los Angeles, Toronto. 24-hours a day trading capability. Enquiries: 01-634 4360/5, Dealing 01-236 9861, VALUE OF COUNTRY

ECU=\$US1.15832 SUS1.15832 SDR1=\$US1.28054 As of January 29, at 11.00 a.m. 63. 64 64

CURRENCY

COUNTRY

		DOLLAR		- CONCERCT	DGLLAR	COUNTRY	CORREGGT	DOLLAR
Afghanistan	Afginani (o)	50.60	Gibratus	Pound*	1,545	Papua New Guinea	. Klma	0.9416
	Lek	6.5372	Greece	Drachma	130.80		(Guarani (e)	240,00
ARCTI	Diner	4.63	Greenland		6,732	Paraguay	(p)	550.00
Andorra{	French Franc	5.939 126.80	Grandaloupe	E. Carlibbeau \$ Freec	2.70 5.939	[(Guarrani (d) (Inti (n) (n) (5)	75.00
Angola	Spiense resear Kwanza	29.918	Guara	. U.S. S	1.00	Pens	(ind (f)	14.26 20.28
	E. Caribbean S	2.70		(Quetzal (n)	1 100	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	ໄໝ່ (ກ (5)	17.83
Argentina	Austral	1.317	Guatemala	' (Quetzal (b. D	2.67	Philippines	Peso	20.43
	Floria	1.80	Guines Bissau	Pesa	176,479	Pitcaira islands	N.Z. Deller	1.856
Australia	Dollar Schilling	1.5175 12.49	Guines Republic	Tranc	340.00 300.00	Poland	Zioty (e) Escuto	197.50 138.75
	Portuguese Escudo	138.75	Corera	. Dollar (4)	10.00	Puerto Rico	U.S. S	1.00
	Dollar	1.00	Halti	Gourde	5.00	Catar	. Rival	3.641
	Digar	0.3769	Honduras Republic	4	200	Reunion Isle de la	French Franc	5.939
Balearic Islands	Spanish Pesetz	126,80		'lLempira (d)	2.10	Romania	(Leu (o) (Leu (c)	4.25
	Take	30.80	Hong Kong	Dollar	7.7615	Regards	Franc	10.46 80.2082
Barbados i	DONAL Erans (e) (es)	2.0113	Hungary		44.293	St. Christopher	E. Caribbean S	2.70
Belghan	Franc (() (er)	37.45	toetand	, Krona	39.17	St. Helens	Pount*	1.545
Belize	Dollar	200	India	, Rupee Rupiah	12.95 1632.00] \$1, Lucia	E. Caribbean \$	2.70
Benin	C.F.A. Franc	296.95	((126 <u></u>	. Riai (o)	72,0788	St. Pierre	French Franc E. Caribbean S.	5.939 2.70
	Dollar Novikaria	1.00 12.95	1004	- Company	0.3109	Samos (Western)		2.203
Shutan [Peso (o)	1912000.00	Irish Republic		1.49	Samoz (Arti)	US \$	2.00
dans	Peso (f)	1923000.00	lysel	New Shekel (3) Lira	1265.00	1 San Marino	italian Lita	1265.00
Boiseage	Pula .	3,7036	Jamaica		3.51	São Tomé & Principe DR	Dobra Riyal	35.3366 3.751
	Cruzado (o)	16-218	75050	Yen	250.50	Sandi Arabia Seggal	C.F.A. Franc	296.95
	Dollar Lev	2.129 0.901	Jordan	Dinar	0.395	Seychelles	Rupte	5.6496
	C.F.A. Franc	296.95	Karopuchea	Riel	na ,	Slens Leone	Leone	35.00
	Kyart	6.6445	Kenya	Shiffing (2) Australian Dollar	15.7684 1.5175	Singapore	Collar Collar	2.129 1.9822
Burunidi	Franc.	95.8183	Korea (North)	Word	0.94	Someil Republic	Shiffine (d)	122.30
	C.F.A. Franc	296.95	Korea (South)	Won	857.20	South Africa	fRand (D	4,1667
Casary Islands	Dollar Spanish Peseta	1.338 126.80	Kuwait	Dinar	0.2778		(c)	2.0317
COMPAN 1940 100	Spanish Pesera Escudo	12025U 89,2698	Laos P'les D Rep Labanon	Kip Popnd	35.00 . 87.25	Spain	Peseja	126.80
Cayman Islands	Dollar	0.835	Lesothe	Maloti	20317	North Africa	Somish Peseta	126.80
Central Airtea Rep	C.F.A. Franc	296.95	l Uberia	Dollar	1.00	Sri Lanka	Rupte	28.593
	C.F.A. Franc Peso (o)	296.95 203.46	Libya	Diner Swiss Franc	0.3004	Sudan Republic	Pound (o)	2.45
Chine	Reuniaki Yusu	3.722	Checkapoold	Luxembourg Franc	1.49 36.83	Sheet debroye *******	Pound (k) Pound (f)	2.93 4.00
Colombia	Peso (o)	220.00	Maces	Pataca	8.0681	Stringm ,	Guilder	1.785
Comores	C.F.A. Franc	296.95	Madagascar Dem. Rep	Franc	669.266	Swazibad	Lilangeni	2.0317
Congo People's Rep. of . (Costa Rica		296.95 59.95	Madeira	Portuguese Escudo Kwarcha	138.75	Sweden	Krona Franc	6.415 1.49
Cote d'Ivoire	C.F.A. Franc	296.95	Malawi	Ringolt	1.8539 2.533	Syria	Pound (a)	3.925
Capa [Peso	0.7963	Maldire Islands	Ruffyna	7.00	Taiwan	Dollar (p)	35.06
	Pound*	2.0563	Mail Republic	C.F.A. France	2%.95		Shiller	51.841
	Koruna (o)	5.75	Maire	Lira" Fraec	2.8694 5.939	Theilagd	Baht	25.87
	Krone	6.732	Manrianie	Ougulya .	74,80	Togo Republic	C.F.A. Franc	296.95
	Franc E. Carlisbean S	177.00 2.70	Mauritius	Rupee	12.513	Tonga islands	Pareoga ∫Dollar	1.5175 2.409
0-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1-1	Paro .	3.05	Mexico	Peso (d)	974.00	Trinklad & Tobago	(Dollar (h)	3.60 0.795
Dominican Republic {	Peso (d)	3,03	Miguelon	LPeso (e) French Franc	971.50 5.939	Tunista	Dinar	
Ecostor { }	Socre (d) Socre (f)	146.40	Monaco	French Franc	5,939	Turkey	Lina US S	751.50 1.00
	Pound (a)	146.50 0.70	Mongolia	Tugrik (c)	3.3555	Yuralu	Australian Dollar	1.5175
Egypt	Pound (a) Pound (b)	1.36	Morocco	E. Caribbean S Dirham	2.70 8.36	- Uganda	Shilling (I)	1388.41
El Salvedor	Colon (b) Colon (d)	250	Mozambioue	Metical	38.915	United Arab Emirates	Dirham	3.673
Equatorial Guines	Colon (d)	5.00 296,95	Namabia ,,,,	S. A. Rand	2.0317	United Kingdom	Pound Sterling* Peso (m)	1.545 185.00
Ethiopia	Arac (n)	2.0647	Majura 15/28/05	Australies Dollar	1.5175	USSR	Rouble	0.6442
Energy Jelande E	Penish Krone	6,732	Nepal	Rupee Guilder (er)	21.40 2.003	Varuetti	Vatu	110.89
	Sends Mode	1.545	Netherlands	Colider (CT)	1.80	Vations	Line	1265.00
Fig [Dallar	7.726	New Zestand	Dollar-	1.856	to	Bolivar (e)	14.50
Finispd &	Markica	4,475		Cordobs	900.00	Venezuela	(Bollvar (n) (1) Bollvar (d)	7.50 23,74
France French C'ty la Africa C	Franc	5.939 296.95	Niceragea	Cordoba (o) Cordoba (d)	70.00 1500.00	Vietnam	Deeg (a)	90.00
French Gulana F	Trans.	5.939	Niger Republic	CEA CEN	296.95	Virgio Islands (British)	US \$	1.00
French Pacific Islands (F.P. Franc	107.982	sold originally	(Naira (d)	17002	Virgin Islands (US)	US S	3.00
Gabon C	F.A. Franc	296.95	Nigeria	(O) Erick)	2,5954	Yemen DDB	Ria	33.50
Gamble [alasi .	7.58	Norway	Krone	6.913	Yernon PDR	Dina r Dihar	0.343 440.26
Germany (East)	istmark (o)	1,775		Riad	0.385	Zaire Republic	Zakre	72,172
Germany (West)	Peuische Mark (er)	1,755 153,00	Pakistan	Rupėe	17.258	Zambia	Kwacha	14,7929
Chara {0	erar Arti (a)	90.00	Радала	Balboa	1.00	Zimbahwe	Doller	1,4281
1.0		,,,,,,		1				ľ

n.s. Not available. (nd) Market rate *U.S. dollars per National Currency with. (a) Freemarket central bank. (b) Official rate. (c) Floating Rate. (c) Commercial rate. (d) Freemarket. (e) Commercial rate. (d) Freemarket. (e) Commercial rate. (e) Preferential rates. (h) Non essential imports. (l) Floating touries rate. (l) Public Transaction Rate. (l) Agricultural products. (l) Priority Rate. (n) Essential imports. (p) Exports. (l) Venezuela: For debts incurred prior to February 1983. (2) Kenya, 21 Jan. 87: Shilling devaked by 0.25% against SDR. (3) Israel, 13 Jan. 87: New Shekel devaked by approx. 10.2%. (4) Guyana, 18 Jan. 87: Dollar devaked by approx. 50% (5) Ferry, 21 Jan. 87: Interest information please contact, your local branch of the Bank of America.

Financial Times Friday January 30 1987 BRITISH FILINGS Price + or Yeld E Cellines and Common Off 40c Demon Off 40c Demon Off 40c Demon Off 40c Demon Off 50c Demon ELECTRICALS 游达通程型的处方通过的,是所谓是通过的通讯的语言是是可以不知题的名誉。在1980年的自己的主义的对于是一个,是一个,他们是一个,是一个,是一个,是一个,是一个,是 一个,是一个,是一个,我们是一个,我们是是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是一个,我们是 777- BM Geres SLZ

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15- Inside S 16.00 10.00 \$2.00 = 72.5 = 100 = 800 = 90.5 = 90. Undated 9.75 9.75 7.37 9.80 10.00 9.90 (27.1), (33.9), (267.9), (36.8), (310.7), (274.1), (310.7), (274.1), (32.0), (32.0), (32.0),

Option Option Opinion poll rumours weaken equities and Government Opinion poll rumours weaken equities and Government

Jan 12 Jan 22 Jan 22 Pch 2 Jan 26 Feb 5 Feb 6 Feb 16 Feb 9 Feb 19 Feb 20 Mar 2 New time dealings may take place on 9.00 am two business days earlier.

The UK securities markets stum-while Reyals dropped 17 to 898p bled yesterday as share prices fell and Sun Alliance relinquished 20 back on increased profit-taking, and Government bonds proved unable to 708p. Commercial Union sof-tened 6½ at 295½p, but London sustain early firmness. While there United proved resilient and were no new factors in the market-closed 8 dearer at 548p. place, both sectors proved particu-larly vulnerable to a spate of bear-Midland fall

The session opened with wide-spread rumours that Midland Bank was about to announce the longpredicted rights issue. But the major part of a double digit fall in major Equity indices came after midday, when two major selling programmes were opened, one involving share prices across the full range of equities. The final straw came at the close, when both shares and bonds turned off afresh on strong rumours that today's (Friday) UK press would carry an opinion poll bearish to the Thatcher Government.

The stock market closed flat, with

the FT-SE 100 index down 140 at 1798.1, and the FT ordinary index

RAT Industries and Unilever managed to hold up against the trend, and Imperial Chemical Industries turned down only in the closing minutes. Elsewhere, however, the picture was drab. Oil stock, despite Wall Street's strength, weakened and falls in the

pharmaceuticals were featured by Wellcome, which tumbled after Dr Arnab Banerji of Nomura Securities marked the shares a "sell"

The strength of Wall Street

stocks in the London market. Among the recently-favoured issues, both Saatchi & Saatchi and

(TSB) shaded easier after repor-ting profits at the higher end of market expectations, and Lonrho, the newspaper and international

The opening of the London market brought some demand from bonds. But this soon faded and prices were already shading lower when the market turned

However, there was little selling of Gilts, and losses were restricted

Lloyds broker, Sedgwick, still reflecting the defection of four senior reinsurance brokers to Willis Faber, fell 15 more for a two-day decline of 19 at 317p.

Among Chemicals, Kwode found support at 143p, up 9 and Supra gained 10 to 108p in sympathy. Reabrook jumped 17 to 138p on news that Yule Catto had increased its stake to 13 per cent. Horace Cory continued to attract

EQUITY GROUPS

at 372p. down 121/2. Elsewhere, Composites retreated sharply after-hours on fund-raising fears. General Accident fell 23 to 874p and GRE declined 21 to 834p.

Revived rumours that Midland was about to announce a sizeable rights issue depresed the clearing banks. Midland, steady for most of the session, reacted late to finish 10 down on balance at 599p. Nat-West dropped 13 to 5740 and Lloyds upset by a broker's view that the shares should be avoided until Lloyds' intentions regarding Standard and Chartered are more clearly defined. Barclays held up well, closing only a few pence lower at 535p. TSB's first set of results since its flotation last year were deemed satisfactory, but the general uneasy tone in the sector prompted a fall of 2¼ at 30p. Buying ahead of next Wedneday's results helped Union Discount rise 25 to 753p, while Morgan Grenfell edged forward a couple of pence to 415p on a combination of recovery and bid hopes. Among Hire Purch-ases, First National Finance Corporation advanced 6 to 212p

support Hopes of a bullish annual meeting yesterday were wide of the mark and Bass after racing up to 811p reacted to close 2 down on balance at 791p. Guinness drew a good two-way business—total volume amounted to 6.4m shares— Jaguar gave ground.
On the domestic side, interest to 286p. Greene King found from several major comments from sev up 10 to 206p. Allied-Lyens became unsettled late, losing 6 to

the newspaper and international trader, also eased after reporting trading progress.

Gold shares, still unsure of the next turn in the fortunes of the US dollar, slipped lower in thin trading.

Leading Building issues usually retained early gains despite the late deterioration of the general tone. Redland rose 3½ more to 456½p and BPB Industries gained 6 to 571p. Marley replied strongly to a broker's recommendation and Leading Building issues usually put on 5 to 142p, while Jehn Laing advanced 10 to 448p on talk of a broker's circular. Meyer Inter-national jumped 13 to 312p following a resurgence of bid rumours, while Gleeson, still reflecting the opinion poll would show the two main parties running neck and neck—an unfavourable prospect from the Government's point of point of the continuation of the continuati chairman's confident statement. Lawrence 6 to 114p. Press com-ment sparked strong demand for Raine Industries, finally 3½ higher at 81½p.

Among Chemicals, Evode found

bonds at the end of the session

	Lan.	Jan.	Jan.	Jan.	.bas.	Year	199	₩87	Since Co	nejtetlen	
	29	28	27	24	23	390	High	Low	High	Low	
Government Secs	85.35	85.31	85.37	85.49	85.63	81.23	94.51 08486)	80.39 (20/7/86)	127.4 (9/1/35)	49.18 (3/1/75)	
Fixed Interest	91.43	91.47	91.35	91.75	91.61	87.18	97.68 (7/7/86)	86.55 (23/1/86)	105.4 (28/11/47)	50.53 (20/75)	
Ordinary ♥	1,427.0	1,440.4	1,441.6	1,411.2	1,425.9	1,156.4	1,441.6	1,094.3	1,441.6	49,4 (26/6/40)	
Gold Mines	322.6	331.1	322.9	318.5	322.7	342.2	357.B (22/986)	185.7 0 <i>8/7/</i> 86)	734.7 (15/2/83)	43.5 (26/10/71	
Ord. Div. Yield	3.99	3.96	3.96	4.03	4.00	4.46		S.E. AC	TIVITY		
Earnings Yld.%(full)	9.36	9.29	9.30	9,47	9.37	10.85	los	fices	Jan. 28	Jan. 27	
P/E Ratio (net) (*)	13.10	13.20	13.18	12.94	13.08	11.47	Cilt Edged	Bargains	126.3	142.2	
SEAQ Bargains (5 pm)	37,029	39,468	35,800	37,845	43,119	_	Equity Bard	ـــــــ كالع	316.6 2999.1	304.6 2535.8	
Equity Turning (Em)	_	1,483.77	1,254.59	1,188.27	1,386.26	535.52	Equity Valu 5-Day Aver		27771	مجد	
Equity Bargains	_	48,859	47,014	46,906	53,620	23,765	Gilt Edged	Bargaios	1422	146.7	
Shares Traded (mi)	<u> </u>	575.1	525.7	490.4	566,3	256.8	Equity Bard Equity Valo	72 105	311.0 2769.6	306.8 2648.5	
	10 a.m. 1436.8		a.m. 10.6	Noon 1442.9		p.m. 441.7	2 p.m		p.m. 140.8	4 p.m 1433.	

Leading retailers featured Next which rose 9 to 254p in response to a Messel "buy" circular. Rumours of a pending favourable circular induced support for Weolwerth which touched 725p before closing 9 higher on balance at 718p. Awaii-ing the result of the shareholders ballot on the proposed controver-stal executive share option scheme, Burton reacted from an

initial firm level of 273p to close the session 5 lower on balance at 266p. Elsewhere, Ernest Jones (Jewellers) relinquished 4 at 106p on news of the increased interim 300p following comment on the first-half figures. Lee Cosper, meanwhile, jumped 13 more to 306p on further consideration of company to Compagnie de Naviga-tion Mixte SA. Freemans added 7 at 401p as did Empire Stores at 195p. while French Connection appreci ated 10 to 180p and Wickes added

the same amount to 218p.

Apart from British Telecom which rose 4 to 224p, after 225p, on hopes of an early end to the strike, Electrical leaders drifted lower. There EMI gave up 12 at 558p, GEC shed 4½ at 202½p and Plessey cheapened a couple of pence at 210p. Elsewhere, Domino Printing Sciences celebrated news of the bumper annual profits with a leap of 27 at 367p. Dealings in Electronic Machine were resumed sharply below the suspended level of 850 the company had aborted discussions regarding a major acquisition and the eventual close was 65p. Magnetic Materials lost 7 at 92p and TOS Circuits declined 11 at 140p.

Despite a relatively quiet trading session, Engineers finished increased traded option activity the day with a number of good features. Reterk moved up 10 to on balance at 205p.

pany announced an approach Rank Org. below best which it believes may result in bid
Rank Organisation's prelimin which it believes may result in one proposals. ML Holdings responded to good interim figures with a rise of 15 to 505p, while TI continued to make progress with a further gain of ? at 578p. Williams the Holdings came to life and recorded an improvement of 11 at 244m Profit-taking after the pre-

Basis 100 Govt. Secs 15/10/26, Fixed Int. 1928, Ordinary 1/7/35, Gold Mines 12/9/55, SE Activity 1974, *NH=12.62.

LONDON REPORT AND LATEST SHARE INDEX: TEL. 01-246 8026

mountain for a sizable acquisition, possibly in the US; a "buy recommendation from brokers James Capel was cited as another factor for the sharp rise in the share price. Ranks Hevis McDeugall touched 304p following the chairman's eucouraging statement at the annual meeting before easing back to close just 2 dearer on balance at 302p. Elsewhere, Cadbury Schweppes eased 3 to 223p following the chairman's chairman's rebuff to General Cinemas, the US soft drinks bottling and cinema group which recently revealed an 8.3 per cent stake in the company in reply to the good annual results, but McDeugall to 238p in reply to the good annual results, reply to the good annual results, but Home Farm Products shed 10

interim figures. Geest autraced support and rose 11 to 202p.

The Hotel majors made moderate progress before easing back late in the day. Grand Metropolitan touched 467p before closing a penny dearer at 465p. Trusthouse

BRITISH FUNDS (2). AMERICANS (6). CANADIANS (1). GELECTRICALS (6). BUILDINGS (13). CHEMICALS (6). Including (7). FOODS (10). HOTELS (1). INDUSTRIALS (43). INSURANCE (3). LEISURE (8). MOTORS (6). NEWSPAPERS (5).

to 100p after revealing poor interim figures. Geest attracted

esult in bid Rank Organisation's preliminary Holdings results were well received and the recorded an improvement of 11 at 649p. Profit-taking after the preliminary figures left Camford 3
cheaper at 102p. Among the leaders, GEN, a couple of pence higher at 286p, resisted the easier trend.

Associated British Foeds gained 9 to 328p on talk that the company would soon use some of its cash mountain for a sizable acquisition, possibly in the US; a "buy" recommendation from brokers

NEW HIGHS (223)

LONDON TRADED OPTIONS

PUTS

Apr. Jly. Oct. Apr. July Oct.

Affect Lyons 280 62 67 — 2 3 — 7 40 — 330 23 360 10 17 26 32 37 40 —

ary involved in the direct selling of fitted kitchens. Fisens met with selling and gave up 14 to 599p, while Lilleshall encountered further profit-taking after recent movement and moved ahead to 688p before falling back to close 13

better on balance at 679p. Falls of around 7 in BOC, 416p, BTR, 281p, and Hansen, 1371/ap, mainly reflected late dullness.

and Printing stocks took a tumble, including United Newspaper which failed to regain composure after an early bout of profit-taking

after an early bout of profit-taking and ended 18 down at 488p.
Associated, on the other hand, gained 8 further to 521p and EMAP "A" came to life at 173p, up 12. Recent good performer Ault and Wiborg reacted ? to 98p and DEG dropped 13 to 338p. John Waddington gave up 5 at 215p but Cardinal Print page 4 more to 208p. Aidcom International were another firm feature at 60p, for a gain of 8. TMD Advertising improved 7 to 130p on acquisition turned back 17 to 795p, WCRS lost 15 at 620p and Addison Con-sultancy slipped 3 to 139p. Klear-fald moved 2 lower to 71p on the

Among leading Properties, Brit-ish Land held steady at 190p helped by a broker's recom-mendation. Land Securities set-tled 4 cheaper at 342p and MEPC finished 3 off at 344p. Hammersen A eased 5 to 445p and Slough Estates cheapened 2½ to 181½p. Klsewhere, Landon and Edinburgh continued to attract buyers in the wake of a broker's tip and rose 10 water of a broker's up and rose to afresh to 600p, while Local London gained 19 to 493p for a similar reason. Speculative buying boosted Rivlin 10 to 133p, but probuying The following is based on trading volume for Alpha securities dealt through the SEAQ system fit-taking clipped 15 from Marier Estates at 638p. Lenden Shep Preperty Trust settled a penny lower at ASDA-MFI

176p following the interim results.
Courtailds dipped late with other blue chips and finally showed a small net loss at 378p; earlier the shares had extended their advance to reach a high point of 384p. Preliminary profits up to best expectations stimulated support for Allied Textile, up 10 at 345p, and Bulmer and Lumb, now further profit-taking after recent 345p, and Balmer and Lama, now firmness on property development controlled by the group, rose 8 to potential and reacted 5 to 238p. 158p. Revived property hopes Calarall, on the other hand, were touched off buying of Early's of noteworthy for a gain of 12 at 242p. Among the leaders, Pilkington before closing 8 higher on the day staged a strong initial recovery at 173p, while Leads were another than the stage of the stage good spot at 248p, for a rise of 10p.

A higher dividend payment plus increased annual revenue breathed some life into recently

however, eased to 363p following fresh adverse comment. Investment Trusts had a quieter session but Jersey General gained 9 to 377p and Lancashire and London improved 5 to 180p. Scottish

Oils drift

The Oil majors made a rather drab showing A slightly firmer showing by crude prices did little to stimulate buying interest and Wall Street's fresh advance also went by the board. British Pet-releum gave up 11 more to 772p, a two-day loss of 21, but Shell were two-day loss of 2.0%. Britoil slipped:
3 to 187p and Lasme softened 2 to
171½p. Against the trend, Ultramar
firmed 6 to 188p on revived
takeover hopes. Elsewhere, profittaking left Aran Energy 2 cheaper
4.57p and clipped 8 from Greet

at 43p and clipped 8 from Great Western Resources at 100p. Annual profits at the top end of recently downgraded estimates failed to arouse much enthusiasm for Lourho. A confident statement on current trading did lift the shares initially but later the price came back to 254p to show a net options were transacted in Selections of 4. Other Overseas Traders

TV, Guinness and Amstrad.

adopted an irregular trend with Harrisons and Crosfield retreating 9 to 502p but Toxer Kemsley

It was a disappointing session for gold shares, which gave ground across the full range although selling was extremely

Despite firm denials that any emergency meeting of the G-5 finance ministers is planned. investors remained nervous over

The FT Gold Mines index fell 8.5 to 322.6, backed up by sharp falls in Bracken, Leslie, Vasi Reefs and

But traders commented that there was no significant selling by either Cape, US or Continental

Traded Options

and Hansen, 137½p, mainly reflected late dullness.

Perry figured prominently among Motor Distributors, meeting revived speculative demand and gaining 12 to 470p; the movement soon aroused talk of bid possibilities. Elsewhere, Abbey Panels picked up 10 further to 355p in response to 270p but BTS shed 2 to 77p following extremely disappointing in gextremely disappointing in the february and Thempson rose 20 further to 355p in response to 20%. Elsewhere, TSB recorded 2508 calls and 481 puts following the results, while 1,715 call positions were taken out in Boots.

Traditional Options

- First dealings
 Jan 19 Feb 2 Feb 16
 Last dealings

- Apr 23 May 7 May 28 May 5 May 18 June 8

Unit Trust Service Stocks to attract call option business included Hampton Trust, Avesce, Acatos & Hutcheson, inganese Bronze, Benchmark Phoenix Properties, Selec TV, Squirrel Horn, FJC Lilley, Blacks Leisure, Adantic Resources, Lenden Securities, Times Ver Glynwed, Evode, Amstrad, Paviou, Benjamin Priest, Wellcome, Pentland Industries, Jerome Riley Leisure, Walter Lawrence, Hyman Ladies Pride, Folkes NV, J. Israel, Britoil, NMW Computers, Theme Heldings and Conroy Petroleum. Puts were arranged in Wellcome, Avesco and International, while

TRADING VOLUME IN MAJOR STOCKS

Assuc. Brit. Foods ... Feb. May. Aug. Feb. May. Aug. RISES AND FALLS YESTERDAY

T	otais							798		838		1,15	3
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FT-ACTUARIES INDICES

These Indices are the joint compilation of the Financial Times,

& SUB-SECTIONS					Thursday January 29 1987							, Jan 27	,3an 26	(abbuar)
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3	Electricals (12)			1910			89	410	16.27	0.00		2 1931.17		
Ś	Electronics (38).	***************************************		1723.			34	2.39	15.90		1745.0	4 1756.17	1668.71	1436.34
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29 31	Leisure (31) Packaging & Pap						3	3.03	28.20	0.38	556.3			1933.07
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34 35	Stores (37) Textiles (17)						34 30	311	18.52	125		875.83 8 633.12		
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Financial Times Friday January 30 1987 37 **COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES AMEX COMPOSITE CLOSING PRICES** THI. I 100 High I 100 2 36 461 239 461 239 461 239 341 47: 145 11: 153 14: 145 11: 155 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 130 157 25 157 157 25 254 Poplar 1.8 Po 22 2 3 5 7 7 2 2 5 6 7 6 7 6 7 2 5 6 7 2 5 6 7 5 EAC CleanCo Estago 2 EchoBag Estator Fathing Estator Fathing Gathyo Gathyo Gathyo Gathyo Garanner Gardon Ga STORY OF THE STATE 21 21 23 23 27 15 121₂ 193₈ 301₄ 401₄ 35₈ 93₈ 25₈ 71₂ 5025 8 690 7 6 1133 4 52 18 VF C; Valer of Valer of Valey/s Vargonii. Vargonii. Vargo Vendo Vendo Vendo Vestim Vace pi Va (Hods 477 258 104 26 761 15 37 5/ 20% 55% 8% 12% 15% 15% 15% 214 49 1314 1422 7214 5012 26 3112 250 13% 14% 73 77 56% 25 25 23% 114 113 204 22% 65% 174 70 21 WCNA pr WathSL _24 WUnion White pl Whit 不是我就是不是是我的,我也是是一种有效的的是不是我的的,我们就是这种的。一种,我们也是这种的一个,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的, 一个是我就是我的,我们是我们的,我们就是我们的的,我们就是我们的,我们就是这种的一个,我们就是我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们也是我们的,我们们就是我们的, 743,186642964429647.18532218611764465518383864183845655624576115 1028 5 128 5 Apple Control of the Compiles .05 Concord C Gelgás 20 Gelgás 20 Gelgás 20 Gelgás 20 Gentra Gentra Gentra 30 Gentra 32 Geodmik Gentra 32 Hapas 32 Hapas 40 Hapas 32 Hapas 33 Hapas 16 H 26 1873 2834 774 8872 2174 1175 1175 1175 1284 128 Fiangro P. Rayton .44 Payonr 2.60 Paytich Rayton 1.60 Paytich Rayton 1.60 Paytich P. Rayton 1.60 Paytich 1.60 .5 21 11. 24 15 21 43 11 22 11 80 12 7.8 8.6 12 12 12 14 17 14 1.7 14 1.9 20 -18 +14 +24 + - + + + - - + + + - - + -917 56 12 85 16 22 11 19 20 11 3 46 27 23 28 7 9 7.5 12 X, X Y Xerox 95.45 9.5 XITRA .84 2.4 Yorkin a Zapata Zayre a .32 1.2 18 Zenibb 8 .56 Zenib 8 .56 Zenib 8 .56 Zenib 8 .132 Zenib 8 .56 Zenib 8 .132 7214 5814 18 7 4578 1874 2878 1874 1874 1874 1874 48% 513% 1312 24% 1778 1384 1384 1384 672 58 2184 518 2478 1112 2578 81 1572 81 1578 81 1578 557 184 254 117 242 9 17 41 55 1.0 30 1.2 17 2.3 13 16 2.5 14 1 2.1 19 0 1.7 13 7 94 7 94 7 95 170 1.8 12 2.3 14 2 254 2 257 + 1 126 - 1 127 + 4 1 128 - 1 128 Sales figures are unofficial. Yearly highs and lowe reflect the previous 52 weeks plus the current week, but not the latest tracing day. Where a split or stock dividend amounting to 25 per cent or more has been paid, the year's high-low range and cividend are shown for the new stock only. Unless otherwise noted, rates of dividends are amount disbursaments based on the latest declaration. SL Ind 1 SPSTec 96 SSMC n Sebtne 0.4 Sebtne 1.4se Slocks of Sebtne 1.4se Slock of Sebtne 1.4se Slock of Sebtne 1.4se Slock of Sebtne 1.4se Substant 2.4 Substant 2.5 Substant 2.4 Substant 2.5 Substant 57111000002225557556826826827555225 171 2554 4072 - 25 530 2171 284 512 1918 434 6014

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THE NETHERLANDS

FINANCIAL TIMES WORLD STOCK MARKETS

WALL STREET

Prices fail to maintain modest gains

SEE-SAWING through the session, Wall Street stock prices failed to hang on to modest gains yesterday as the heavy volume showed no signs of abating, writes Roderick Oram in New York.

A firmer dollar helped bond prices post minor rises although trading was quiet as credit markets awaited today's release of December's trade deficit.

The Dow Jones industrial average closed down 3.38 points at 2,160.01. At its best during the day it was up 16 points and at its worst, shortly before the close, down 18 points. Among the blue chips, American Express was up \$\% to \$69\%, IBM dropped \$1\% to \$128\%, United Technologies added \$% to \$49%, and General Motors gained \$2% to \$74% after pension fund managers expressed guarded support for the group's policies.

Profit taking and less buying from institutions and foreigners took their toll and trading related to stock index futures pushed prices up and down at dif-ferent points during the day. The broader market indices were mixed with the Standard & Poor's 500 off 1.16 points at 274.24 and the New York Stock Ex-

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change composite index down 0.54 of a point at 150.18 while the American Stock Exchange composite index edged up 0.31 of a point at 299.80.

The NYSE volume expanded to 206.8m from 195.8m with declining issues outpacing declining by a ratio of eight to se-

The Dow Jones transportation index dropped 15.99 points to 877.54, undermined by airline stocks which turned down after Texas Air announced a broad programme of discounted fares which could spark a fares war. Among the index's constituents, AMR fell \$1% to \$58, Delta Air Lines was off \$2% to \$56%, NWA lost \$3% to \$63%, UAL dropped \$1% and Trans World Airlines fell \$% to \$24% despite reporting a fourth quarter profit of \$85m, thanks to extraordinary gains, against a loss a year earlier. On the American Stock Exchange, Texas Air dropped \$1% to \$44% on heavy volume.

Among companies reporting higher profits yesterday, Dow Chemical lost \$% to \$72%. Schering Plough added \$% to \$88%, St. Paul Companies added \$% to \$44%. Marsh & McLennan was one of the most heavily traded NYSE stocks dropping \$4% to \$67 and US Tobacco rose \$% to \$24%.

AT&T fell \$1/2 to \$25%. Heavy write offs resulted in profits per share for the year of 5 cents against \$1.37 a year earlier. Bell Atlantic, a telephone operating company, slipped \$% to \$73% on a margi-

nal increase in profits. Xerox advanced \$1 to \$68%. Fourth quarter per share profits rose to \$1.29 from \$1.06 with a better performance from financial services more than compensating for a downturn in the manufacture of copying machines.

Mead lost \$1/4 to \$69%. It went against the trend of many other forest products company by reporting a fall in fourth quarter profits to 31 cents a share from 42 cents a year earlier.

In the credit markets, bond prices were helped by a firmer dollar and some evidence of Japanese buying overnight. But after opening about % of a point higher on Wall Street, they fell back slightly during the rest of the session.

The price of the benchmark 7.50 per cent Treasury long bond ended up %2 of a point at 100% at which it yielded 7.45 per cent. Short maturity securities showed marginal declines. The discount rate on three-month Treasury bills rose three basis points to 5.48 per cent, by six basis points on six-month bills to 5.46 per cent and by five basis points to 5.50 per cent on year bills.

December's durable goods orders, released yesterday, were a great surprise showing a rise from November of 0.9 per cent, or 6.9 per cent excluding defence orders, with the strength concentrated in primary metals. Economists had been forecasting a fall of between 2.5 per cent and 4 per cent. But the market was little affected by the news because of the narrowness of the advance and the volatility of the statistical series.

The markets reacted favourably to the Treasury's quarterly refunding plans announced late on Wednesday. The total value of securities to be sold, \$29bn, is the same as in last November's auctions.

TOKYO

Bulls push Nikkei near to 20,000

BULLISH sentiment continued unabated in Tokyo yesterday, with the market indicator racing close to the 20,000 level in its sixth consecutive record finish, writes Shigeo Nishiwaki of Jiji Press.

The issues sought by investors, however, changed quickly amid growing wariness of the high price level. Large-capital stocks regained popularity, while financial issues and trading houses were generally sold.

The Nikkei average jumped 131.12 to finish at 19,921.05 on a volume of 1.28bn shares. Yesterday's volume, down slightly from Wednesday's 1.54bn, remained large due to brisk trading by institutional investors and securities house dealers. Gains outpaced losses by 457 to 421, with 133 issues unchanged.

Share prices opened weaker following the plunge on the Frankfurt exchange but the market recovered its bullish mood in the afternoon. Dealers said this reflected concerted dollar-buying on the New York foreign exchange market on Wednesday by Japan and the US and active share buying by securities house dealers. However, most dealers have been selling stock quickly after reaping short-term profits.

94.26

Latest High

100-09 100-16 100-04 100-06

94.65 94.69 94.64 94.65

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\$1m points of 100%

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Latest aveitable figures

US Treasury Bonds (CBT)

Nippon Steel, the main target of such trading, again topped the actives with

Hong Kong and Singapore were closed for the Lunar New Year holiday. Local brokers resist Singapore's ambitions,

399.08m shares. It opened Y3 lower, but finished Y11 higher at Y251 on a surge of

buying in the afternoon. Other large-capital steel and shipbuilding issues also gained on a broad front. Kawasaki Steel added Y10 to Y219 on heavy trading of 39.49m shares while Nippon Kokan leaped Y15 to Y260, Ishikawajima-Harima Heavy Industries Y22 to Y480 and Mitsubishi Heavy Industries Y13 to Y528.

Institutional investors followed dealers and bought large-capital chemicals, pushing up Mitsui Toatsu Chemicals, the second most active issue with 40.62m shares changing hands, by Y16 to Y459, and Sumitomo Chemical by Y10 to Y526.

General contractors and utilities also gained. Ohbayashi Corp. advanced Y60 to Y1,070 and Kajima Corp. Y50 to Y1,570, while Tokyo Electric Power and Tokyo Gas jumped Y280 to Y8,150 and Y80 to Y1,170 respectively.

Financial stocks, on the other hand, tended to decline after Wednesday's conspicuous gain. The Long-Term Credit Bank of Japan dropped Y600 to Y17,000, while Mitsubishi Bank lost Y50 to Y2,640, Sumitomo Bank Y10 to Y3,290 and Mitsubishi Trust & Banking Y30 to Y3,760. However, regional banks firmed, along with securities houses, such as Nomura Securities which was Y30 up at

Y3.620. Wednesday's sharp advance spurred investors to sell trading houses for proiit-taking, and Mitsui & Co closed Y14 down at Y636. Mitsubishi Corp was Y20 cheaper at Y1,170 and Marubeni Y11 off

Blue chips were mixed. Matsushita Electric Industrial fell Y30 to Y1,820 and Hitachi Y5 to Y995, but Toyota Motor and Toshiba rose Y40 to Y1,840 and Y10 to Y640 respectively in thin trading.

Bond prices fluctuated at high levels, with the market's mood strengthening after Bank of Japan Governor Mr Sa toshi Sumita's hint on Wednesday at an official discount rate reduction. The vield on the 5.1 per cent government bond due in June 1996 dropped from Wednesday's 4.870 per cent to 4.830 per cent at one stage but rose to 4.860 per cent later before closing at 4.840 per

EUROPE

Recovery as buyers pick up bargains

MOST LEADING European bourses registered partial recoveries yesterday after the sharp losses of the previous session. But the dollar remained the key influence, leaving the short-term out-look uncertain for share price move-

Frankfurt picked up from its record plunge on Wednesday in a technical recovery helped by the slightly firmer tone of the dollar.

Prices rose in active trading as local, and some overseas, investors moved in to make the most of bargains. The Commerzbank index added 36.4 to 1,777.50 after its 98.5 drop on Wednesday.

Few shares managed to make up all their losses, but one that did was retailer Kaufhof, up DM 24 to DM 519 after news that Metro of Switzerland may raise its stake in the company.

Other retailers followed, with Karstadt and Horten both gaining DM 6.50 to DM 460 and DM 228.50 respectively. Confectioner Hüssel rose DM 5 to DM

In chemicals, Hoechst and BASF, which are under investigation by the European Commission for suspected pricefixing, added DM 1 and DM 3.50 to DM 237 and DM 246.50 respectively. Bayer also rose DM 3.50 to DM 259.50.

The car sector mainly moved higher as Daimler recovered DM 10 to DM 995 after its huge losses earlier in the week and BMW rose DM 12 to DM 487. VW,

however, eased 50 pfg to DM 349.50. Electronics group Siemens added DM 13 to DM 670 after a modest decline in group profits.

Bonds were mixed, with long maturities easier on lower foreign demand and short-term issues higher on domestic demand. The Bundesbank sold DM 12.6m worth of paper after buying DM 144.7m

Amsterdam edged higher, also in a technical reaction to Wednesday's losses. Frankfurt's recovery, Wall Street's higher opening and Akzo's results all helped to lift sentiment.

Akzo ended F1 4.30 higher at FI 132.70 after almost unchanged earnings seen by the market as an encouraging start to

by the market as an encouraging start to the corporate results season.
Other internationals saw Philips up 40

cents to FI 43.40 and Unilever advance Fl 4 to Fl 500. But Royal Dutch went against the trend, easing 40 cents to Fi

the dollar's general weakness continued to overhang the market, trimming some

City.

Country

Bank Leu added SFr 100 to SFr 3,575

after announcing higher profits in 1986.
In foods, Nestle gained SFr 25 to SFr 9,125. The group said its sales last year had been hurt by the falling dollar.
Engineering company Georg Fischer's bearer share added SFr 60 to SFr 2,050. Madrid's buoyancy continued, taking the general index up 1.10 to a fifth consecutive record high of 248:45. This was despite a retreat by utility stocks and a 6 percentage point fall for market leader Telefonica to 180 per cent of nominal market value.

Metals were strong and cars firmed amid news that Spanish car sales rose 26.3 per cent on the same period the pre-

Brussels eased slightly in lighter trading as French and US investors left the market. Bekaert, the wire-maker with extensive US interests, tell most sharply by BFr 500 to BFr 9,000, indicating the continued effect of the weak dollar.

Côte d'Or trading remained suspended and the company said after closing it was considering a bid for a stake

Paris finished sharply lower after recovering from a steep early fall as the dollar's weakness continued to dominate market sentiment. The biggest falls were Radiotechnique, FFr 80 down to FFr 1060, Lesieur FFr 90 off at FFr 1,520 and Skis Rossignol, which shed FFr 70 to FFr 1,490.

Dumez added FFr 19 to FFr 2,130 on news of its bid for Montreal-based plumbing and electrical group United West-

burne Industries.

Milan recovered slightly on renewed demand for insurers, banks and major industrials.

The Milan Stock Index edged 0.31 per cent up to 969.

Buitoni fell L201 to L6,440 after announcing its purchase of a 69 per cent stake in olive maker P. Sasso and Sons. Montedison also eased by L39 to 12,851 following disclosure of its joint venture with Biospherics of the US and Eridania Zuccherfici Nazionale.

Stockholm rebounded slightly with investors encouraged by improved inflation figures and an assurance from the central bank that interest rates had found a suitable level. Oslo was higher on the central bank's

move to lower overnight lending rates, the all share index rising 2.77 to 287.92. Norsk Data gained NKr 4 to NKr 229 announcing a 29 per cent increase in pre-tax 1986 profit.

SOUTH AFRICA

THE RETREAT of the bullion price took gold shares lower in Johannesburg but losses were pared by an easing in the fi-nancial rand after its recent highs.

Investors continued to look to other sectors and both industrials and other mining sectors were firmer. The industrial index edged to another high of 1,516, up 2 points from Wednesday's record. Barlow Rand added 25 cents to R20 while SA Breweries was 10 cents ahead at R16.10, Mining financials followed golds low-

LONDON

Nervous talk brings on further fall

rumours about an imminent opinion poll said to be unfavourable to the Government weakened both equity and gilt markets in London.

Declines began early on speculation that Midland Bank was set to announce a long-awaited rights issue, and were compounded later by the opinion poll

The FT-SE 100 index fell 14.0 to 1,798.1, while the FT Ordinary index lost 13.4 to close at 1,427.0.

Gilts opened firmly on international interest, but prices were already easing when rumours of the opinion poll consolidated the losses. In thin trade, however,

falls were restricted to around 1/4. Blue chips BAT Industries, which added 4p to 495p and Unilever, up £% to £23%, moved against the trend. But many recently favoured issues lost ground, Jaguar shedding 2p to 593p and Saatchi and Saatchi down 17p to 795p. Chief price changes, Page 35; Details, Page 34; Share information services,

AUSTRALIA

Page 32-33.

DOMESTIC bearishness and a lack of international interest pushed Sydney share prices lower. The market was unimpressed by news that Australia's inflation rate had risen by 2.9 per cent in the quarter to December.

1

The All Ordinaries index lost 13.6 to 1,514.2, reflecting an easing in industrials and resources. The gold index also shed 10.9 to 855.7.

Turnover was a high 187m shares, swelled by trade of 43m Elders Resources shares, leaving the price steady at A\$1.80. BHP fell 6 cents to A\$9.14 in trade of 21m shares as its January options series expired.

ACI lost 21 cents to A\$3.85 in the wake of news that Westfield Capital Corporation has lifted its stake in the group to 20 per cent from 13.5 per cent.

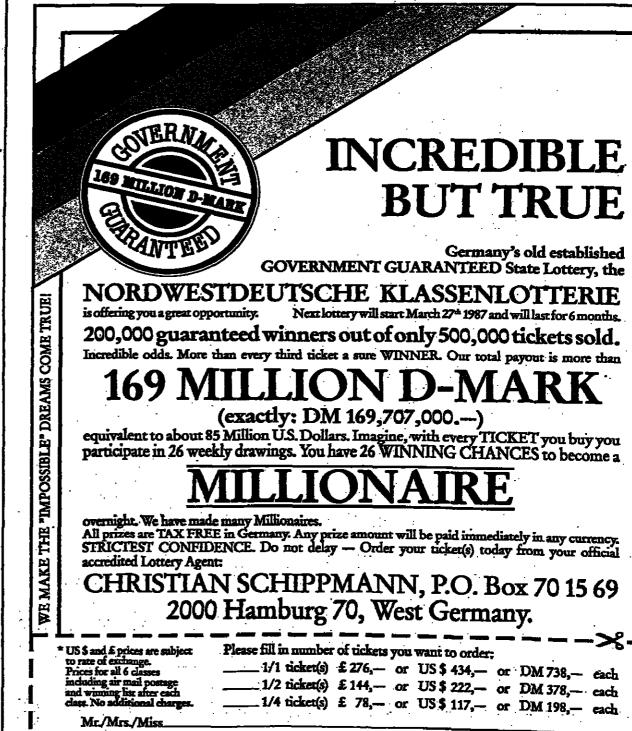
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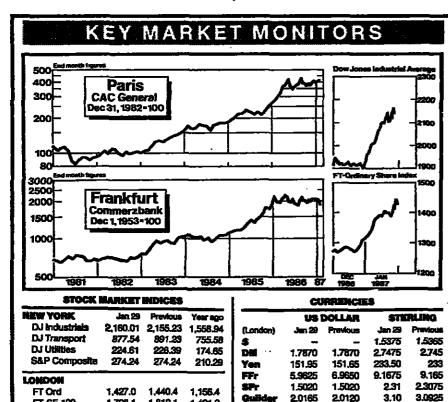
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THE BULLISHNESS which pushed the Composite index to a second consecutive all-time peak of 3,354.3 on Wednesday continued to bolster Toronto stock

Banks continued firm on speculation that the Canadian dollar's strength against the US dollar could lead to a cut in domestic interest rates. Bank of Nova Scotia put on C\$\% to C\$20\%, while Royal Bank of Canada added C\$% to C\$37%.

Bell Canada slipped C\$\% tp C\$39\% after Wednesday's profit figures showed a fourth-quarter fall.





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MS Capital Int's

Silver (spot fixing)

Copper (cash)

Coffee (March)

London

Zürlch:

Peris (fixing)

Luxembourg

New York (April)

Oil (Brent Slend)

WORLD

574.60 570.00

401.60 397.8

364.00p

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\$18.35

Jen 29 \$409.00

\$409.95

\$412.96

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21,598.50

COMMODITIES

GOLD (per ounce)

25R.A

370.15p

2874.75

\$18.35

Prev \$409.875

\$413.25

\$419,95

\$415.50

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